

MSS.

6th 20:B Durham, Baxter.

Papers, 1922-1932.

383 items.

N.C. State Auditor.

Collection primarily contains papers pertaining to pensions for Confederate veterans and their widows. Other topics include N.C. political and financial affairs, and the Tar Heel Club.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accession records.

***lcs**

MSS.

6th 12:D, Ovsz. Box 24, 2nd 54:E

Durham, Robert Lee.

Papers, 1783-1984.

779 items.

Trustee of Trinity College and later president of Martha Washington College in Abingdon, Va.

Collection contains material primarily generated from the publication of Durham's book, The Call of the South (1908). The book is a fictional treatment of miscegenation, and materials reflecting his participation as a lay leader in the controversy over the unification movement within the Methodist Church in 1938. There are numerous church circulars included as well as correspondence. Early Methodist

NcD 14 APR 97 36735174 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

6th 12:D, Ovsz. Box 24, 2nd 54:E

Durham, Robert Lee.

Papers, ...

(Card 2)

Church records are also a part of this collection.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accession records.

***lcs**

Durham, W.J. Hugh

Papers, 1859

Orange County, N.C.

Section A

1 item

6-1-71

Durham, W. J. Hugh. Papers. Orange Co., N.C.

The Durham and Snipes families of Orange County lived west of Chapel Hill. Little is known about their history. A member of the group was Dr. Bartlett Leonidas Durham, who gave the land which brought the North Carolina Central Railroad through Durham's Station.

The letter forming this collection is from a young man, W. J. H. Durham, attending Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia in 1859. It is directed to his brother, unnamed at "Riggsbees,"

Durham, W. J. Hugh

2

but sent to Chapel Hill to expedite delivery. In it Hugh [?] Durham refers to the death of Bartlett Leonidas Durham and to the marriage of a sister, S. P. Durham.

The Southern Business Directory names in 1854 Durham and Borland at White Cross, Orange County, and Durham and Angier at Prattsburg, Orange County, trading as merchants. This is probably Dr. Bartlett Durham.

In 1867-1868, Branson's North Carolina Business Directory lists Dr. Hugh Durham at

Durham, W. J. Hugh

3

Durham's. He continued in practice there as late as 1872, but his name does not appear in the 1877 directory. However, Hiram Voss Paul lists Dr. W. J. H. Durham in 1884, and his name appears in 1897 in Branson's Directory.

Durham, Zachary Taylor

Letters. 1869-1876.

Savannah. Georgia

Section A

11 pieces

JUL 30 1941

DURHAM, Zachary Taylor. Letters. 1869-1876.
Savannah. Georgia. Sketch. 11 pieces.

This collection consists of personal correspondence among three young men. It is not clear whether they were old enough to have been Confederate soldiers or not. In any case the letters reflect their difficulties arising from Reconstruction and the unsettled conditions. Z.T. Durham aspired to be a lawyer, and began the study of law in a half-hearted way, but did not pursue it long. His friends with whom he corresponded were more successful and actually did become lawyers. They were Brantly A. Denmark

DURHAM, Zachary Taylor. Sketch.

(2)

and Arthur Howell, both of Savannah.

In 1871 Z. T. Durham was living in Choctaw Co., Alabama, but there is no evidence of what he was doing. In 1872 he was in Texas, to which place he had contemplated removing for some time. He gives some description of the country. A letter from a friend, John Snyder, written at San Francisco in 1874, gives a rather full and interesting description of that city, of California, and of other parts of the west. The last letter shows Arthur Howell on a vacation in Atlanta where he was trying to recover his health.

DURHAM, Zachary Taylor. Sketch. (3)

As a whole the letters serve to reflect somewhat the difficulties which young men faced during Reconstruction. One letter comments on southern feelings about July 4th in those years. Z. T. Durham was a rather visionary young man who did not succeed in achieving his ambitions.

Durham, N.C.

Anonymous Account Book, 1888

Recataloged as part of William Thomas Blackwell
Papers: Bank of Durham, Remittances Book, 1888

Durham, N.C.

Anonymous Collection Book, 1887

Recataloged as part of William Thomas Blackwell
Papers: Bank of Durham, Collection Book,
1887, Jan. 10-March 28

Durham, N.C.

Anonymous Account Book, 1889

Recataloged as part of William Thomas Blackwell
Papers: Ballard, V., & W. S. Halliburton,
Trustees. Ledger for Bank of Durham,
1888-1889

Durham, N.C.

Anonymous Ledger, 1898-1899

Recataloged as part of Malbourne A. Angier
Papers: M. A. Angier Co., Daybook, 1898-1899

Durham

Anonymous Merchant's Bill Book, 1886-1888

Recataloged as:

Rogers, C. J. & W. M., Papers

Durham, N.C.

Anonymous Merchant's Ledger, 1896-1898

Recataloged as part of Malbourne A. Angier
Papers: M. A. Angier Co., Ledger B, 1896-1899

Durham

Merchant's Account Book, 1887-1888

Recataloged as part of:

Rogers, C. J. & W. M., Papers

MSS.

6th 17:A, 6th 20:A:2

**Durham and Southern Railway Company.
Records, [192-]-1974.**

6323 items.

N.C. short line railroad.

**Collection contains selected files of
the Executive Office of the railroad
including correspondence, memoranda,
reports, maps, annual reports, related
printed materials and some other items.**

**Some of the records concern the
shipment of tobacco or the acquisition
of trunk lines to ship it.**

**Unprocessed collection. Cataloged
from accession records.**

***lcs**

NcD

21 APR 98

38991378

NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

6th 17:A, 6th 20:A:2

Durham and Southern Railway Company.

Records, ...

(Card 2)

**1. Durham and Southern Railway
Company. 2. Railroads--North Carolina
--History. 3. North Carolina--
Railroads. 4. Railroads--Records and
correspondence. 5. Business records--
North Carolina.**

NcD

21 APR 98

38991378

NDHYme

Durham and Southern Railway Company.

Records, 1920s-1950s. -- ca. 6300 items. (10.5 linear ft.)

Durham, North Carolina

Shelf location: 3-B

Selected files of the Executive Office of this short line railroad. Includes correspondence, memoranda, reports, maps, and other materials. Some of the records concern the shipment of tobacco or the acquisition of trunk lines to ship it.

Gift, 1986.

Accessioned 12-9-86

Durham and Southern Railway Company.

Annual reports, 1958-1974.--Addition, 23 items.

Shelf Location: 4-E

Annual reports and related printed material. Includes several duplicates.

Accessioned: 10/27/88

Acc. No.: - 0

MSS.

**6th 16:D Durham Arts Council.
Records, 1975-1977.**

450 items.

**Durham (Durham Co.), N.C.
organization.**

**Collection chiefly contains
memoranda, minutes, mailings, and
financial reports of the Durham Arts
Council. Also included are issues of
the Arterio, and handwritten notes.**

**Unprocessed collection. Cataloged
from accession records.**

***lcs**

*Also see listing in Inventory
File*

MSS.

2nd 74:G, OC:I:4

Durham Bicentennial Commission.

Papers, 1974-1976.

504 items.

**Durham (Durham Co.), N.C.
organization.**

Collection contains materials relating to the various activities sponsored by the Commission, the members of the various committees, financial records in the collection and the participants in the Folklife and Summer Arts festivals held in 1976. The lists of potential participants and actual participants name numerous artists, craftpersons, and musicians. Included also are three oversize maps of the N C Bicentennial Folklife Festival grounds. The

NcD 14 APR 97 36735193 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

2nd 74:G, OC:I:4

Durham Bicentennial Commission.

Papers, ...

(Card 2)

**official name of the Commission as
registered with the American Revolution
Bicentennial Administration was The
Durham-County American Revolution
Bicentennial Commission.**

**Unprocessed collection. Cataloged
from accession records.**

***lcs**

MSS.

2nd 93:B, OC:II:8

Durham Chamber of Commerce.

Papers, [ca. 1900-ca.1960].

175 items.

**Durham (Durham Co.), N.C.
organization.**

Collection contains photographic prints of buildings, persons, and events in Durham, taken during the early to mid-twentieth century. There are also two Minute books, one dated 1915-1919 and the other, 1919-1923. The first includes minutes of the Women's Classification of the Chamber, and discussion of offering money to the Board of Health in an attempt to stamp out the influenza epidemic. The second volume includes discussion of gratitude to James B. and

NcD

14 APR 97

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NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

2nd 93:B, OC:II:8

Durham Chamber of Commerce.

Papers, ...

(Card 2)

**Benjamin N. Duke for money given
towards the building of Lincoln
Hospital.**

**Unprocessed collection. Cataloged
from accession records.**

***lcs**

Durham Citizens for One Government.

Records, 1970-1974. -- ca. 700 items. (1 linear ft.)

Durham, North Carolina

Shelf location: 72-D

Citizens organization to support the consolidation of the Durham City and County governments. -- Membership lists, records of meetings, correspondence, speeches, printed matter, documents, and other papers. This material is related to the Durham City County Charter Commission records.

Unknown

Accessioned 3-23-87

Durham City County Charter Commission.

Records, 1971-1974. -- ca. 2200 items. (5 linear ft.)

Durham, North Carolina

Shelf location: 72-D

Group formed to study the consolidation of the Durham City and County governments. -- Correspondence, financial records, reports, statements, memoranda, polls, minutes, maps, and other documents.

Unknown.

Accessioned 3-23-87

MSS.

Small Coll.

Durham Civic Choral Society.

Papers, [1952-ca.1972].

3 items.

Durham (Durham Co.), N.C. choral society.

Collection includes a memorial to Furman G. McLarty who helped to organize the choir, and became its first president. The other two items are the program of the Society's Annual Winter Concert, 1953-1954, and a list of music sung in concert by the society.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accession records.

***lcs**

NcD

14 APR 97

36735197

NDHYme

NUCMC

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

Papers, 1910-1934

Durham, Durham Co., N. C.

19-E & F;	ca. 34,161 items and 66 vols.
SS-103, 104	75 items added,
6-5-46	12-14-50
(See also bound vol. cards)	

Durham Cotton Mfg. Co. 1910 (1915-1934)
Durham, N.C. 34,161 items. 66 v. Durham, N.C.

NOTE: This material is arranged in chronological order by year only. For economy of space, cancelled checks are stored in boxes with invoices and monthly accounts.

Incomplete file of the business records of Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company, founded in 1884 by J.A., J.M., and W.R. Odell, W. H. Branson, and Julian S. Carr. It first produced cloth from which tobacco bags were made, but later turned to gingham, chambray, and

JUN 5 1946
GUIDE

Durham Cotton Mfg. Co.

Card 2

colored cloth. In 1899 the management passed into the hands of William A. Erwin and J. Harper Erwin, with a great increase in capital. (See W. K. Boyd, The Story of Durham, Durham, 1927, p. 121.)

. The earliest of these records go no farther back than 1910. They include: Invoices of goods sold for D.C.Mfg. Co. by the brokerage firm of Joshua L. Bailey & Co. of Philadelphia, from 1912 to 1926 with several minor gaps and a large one for the years 1916-21; monthly

Durham Cotton Mfg. Co.

Card 3

accounts from J. L. Baily and Co., 1915-1934; invoices for goods shipped directly from the factory, 1931-1934; and cancelled checks from 1915-1927. In volume form are: checkstubs, 1913-1932; receipt books, 1932-33; and letterpress copybooks, 1910-1931 (some including copies of invoices instead of correspondence.)

From this material can be obtained facts on fluctuations in prices of raw and manufactured cotton, export trade in cotton cloth (invoices show that this firm shipped goods to Europe, South America, and all parts of the U.S.)

Durham Cotton Mfg. Co.

Card 4

types of cloth mfgd. and trade names, types of machinery used, the firm's operating expenses including freight rates, medical care for workers, ~~XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX~~ salaries of officers and workers, rent of tenements, stockholders (including several members of the Duke family), and amounts of dividends and distribution of excess profits.

The fact that no one type of record (cancelled checks, for instance) is complete for the entire period is unexplained.

The corporation was dissolved in 1940.
This information comes from the 1940 Report of

Durham Cotton Mfg. Co.

5

the Secretary of State of North Carolina.

Chapel

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

F- 977
DS-

Check stubs, 1914-1916

Durham, N.C.

249 pp.

Boards

20 x 35 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment of general operating expenses and stock dividends.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

F-978

Check stubs, 1915

Durham, N.C.

249 pp.

Boards

20 x 35 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment of genl. expenses.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

F-979
D.S.

Check stubs, 1916-1917

Durham, N.C.

249 pp.

Boards

20 x 35 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment of operating expenses.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

F- 980

D.S.

Check stubs, 1917-1918

Durham, N.C.

250 pp.

Boards

19 x 35 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment of general operating expenses.

JUN 21 '48

GUIDE

Chapel

F-981

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

D.S.

Check stubs, 1917-1919

Durham, N.C.

249 pp.

Boards.

21 x 35 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment of genl. expenses including stock dividends, some of them to members of the Duke family.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

F-982

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

D.S.

Check stubs, 1918-1919

Durham, N.C.

249 pp.

Boards.

18 x 35 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment of general operating expenses and stock dividends.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

F-983

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

D.S.

Check stubs, 1919-1921

Durham, N.C.

249 pp.

Boards.

18 x 35 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment of general operating expenses and stock dividends.

GUIDE

JUN 21 '46

Chapel

F-984

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

D.S.

Check stubs, 1919-1921

Durham, N.C.

251 pp.

Boards.

19 x 35 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment of genl. operating expenses and stock dividends.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

M-986

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

D.S.

Check stubs, 1920-1922.

Durham, N.C.

167 pp.

Paper.

15 x 23 cm.

Stubs of payroll checks.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

M-986

Durham Cotton Mfg. Co.

D.S.

Checks stubs, 1920-1925.

Durham, N.C.

92 pp.

Paper.

12 x 23 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment of general operating expenses.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

F- 987

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Co.

Check stubs, 1921-1922

Durham, N.C.

249 pp.

Boards.

18 x 35 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment of genl. operating expenses.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

F-988

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

Check stubs, 1921-1923

D.S.

Durham, N.C.

249 pp.

Boards

20 x 35 cm.

Slabs of checks in payment of general operating expenses and stock dividends.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

F-989

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

Check stubs, 1922-1923

D.S.

Durham, N.C.

249 pp.

Boards.

15 x 35 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment of genl. operating expenses, and stock dividends.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

M-990

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

D.S.

Check stubs, 1922-1925

Durham, N.C.

68 pp.

Paper.

13 x 24 cm.

First half of book blank. Stubs of checks
for payroll.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

F. 991

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

D.S.

Check stubs, 1923-1924

Durham, N.C.

249 pp.

Boards.

18 x 35 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment of general operating expenses.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

F-992

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

Check stubs, 1923-1926

D.S.

Durham, N.C.

249 pp.

Boards

18 x 35 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment of genl. operating expenses and stock dividends.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

F-993

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Co.

V.S.

Check stubs, 1924-1925

Durham, N.C.

249 pp.

Boards.

18 x 35 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment of general operating expenses.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

F-994

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

D.S.

Check stubs, 1925-1926

Durham, N.C.

249 pp.

Boards.

17 x 35 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment of general operating expenses.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

M-995

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

Check stubs, 1925-1928

D.S.

Durham, N.C.

166 pp.

Paper.

12 x 23 cm.

Stubs of checks for payroll and for cotton purchased.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

F-996

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Co.

D.S.

Check stubs, 1926-1927

Durham, N.C.

249 pp.

Boards

20 x 35 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment for mill supplies,
and general expenses.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

F-997

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

D.S.

Check stubs, 1926-1930

Durham, N.C.

249 pp.

Boards

20 x 35 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment of genl. operating expenses and dividends.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

F-998

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

Check stubs, 1927-1928

Durham, N.C.

249 pp.

Boards.

16 x 35 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment of general operating expenses.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

M-999

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

D.S.

Check stubs, 1928.

Durham, N.C.

167 pp.

Paper

12 x 23 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment for cotton and for payrolls.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

M-1000

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

D.S.

Check stubs, 1928-1929

Durham, N.C.

12 x 23 cm.

Paper

168 pp.

Bound check stubs.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

F - 1001

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

Check stubs, 1928-1929

Durham, N.C.

249 pp.

Boards.

17 x 35 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment of genl. operating expenses.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

19-E 1002

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

~~TS-4~~

D.S.

Check Stubs, 1929-1930.

Durham, N.C.

2 items ~~in one manila~~
~~folder~~

Check stubs stapled into bundles. Chiefly
for payroll and purchases of cotton.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

19-E ~~1008~~

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

~~IS-4~~
D.S.

Check stubs, 1929-1930

Durham, N.C.

5 items ~~in one manila~~
~~folder~~

Check stubs stapled into bundles. Chiefly
for payroll and purchases of cotton.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

F- 1004

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

D.S.

Check stubs, 1929-1931

Durham, N.C.

17 x 35 cm.

Boards.

255 pp.

Bound vol. of check stubs representing payments
for operating expenses.

JUN 21 '48

GUIDE

Chapel

F- 1005

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

D.S.

Check stubs, 1931-1932

Durham, N.C.

249 pp.

Boards

17 x 35 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment of general operating expenses.

JUN 21 '48

GUIDE

Chapel

F. 1006

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

D.S.

Check stubs, 1932.

Durham, N.C.

249 pp.

Boards.

16 x 35 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment of general operating expenses.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

F - 1007

Durham Cotton Mfg. Co.

D.S.

Check stubs, 1932-1933

Durham, N.C.

249 pp.

Boards.

17 x 35 cm.

Stubs of checks in payment of general operating expenses.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

L-1008

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

D.S.

Letterpress copybook, 1910

Durham, N.C.

493 pp.

Boards.

27 c 31 cm.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

L-1009

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

Letterpress copybook, 1923-1924

D.S.

Durham, N.C.

app. 1200 pp.

Boards.

26 x 31 cm.

Business letters, many of which are addressed
to J. L. Baily & Co.

JUN 21 '48

GUIDE

Chapel

L-1010

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

D.S.

Letterpress copybook, 1924-1925.

Durham, N.C.

app. 1000 pp.

Boards.

26 x 31 cm.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

L-1011

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

D.S.

Letterpress copybook, 1925-1926

Durham, N.C.

app. 1000 pp.

Boards.

26 x 31 cm.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

L- 1012

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

Letterpress copybook, 1926-1927

D.S.

Durham, N.C.

app. 1000 pp.

Boards.

26 x 31 cm.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

L- 1013

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

D.S.

Letterpress copybook, 1929-1930.

Durham, N.C.

955 pp.

Boards.

26 x 31 cm.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

L-1014

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Co.

D.S.

Letterpress copy (invoices), 1918-1920.

Durham, N.C.

1003 pp.

Boards

27 x 31 cm.

Invoices of goods consigned to Joshua L.
Baily & Co. to be sold for account of D.C.
Mfg. Co.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

L- 1015

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Co.

D.S.

Letterpress copy (invoices), 1920-1922.

Durham, N.C.

app. 1000 pp.

Boards.

26 x 31 cm.

Invoices of goods sold by J. L. Baily & Co.
for D. C. Mfg. Co.

JUN 21 '48

GUIDE

Chapel

L-1016

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

75.

Letterpress copy (invoices), 1922-1923.

Durham, N.C.

app. 1200 pp.

Boards.

27 x 31 cm.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

L-1017
DS.

Letterpress copy (invoices), 1923-1925.

Durham, N.C.

app. 1000 pp.

Boards.

26 x 31 cm.

Invoices for goods sold by J. L. Bailly & Co.
for D. C. Manufacturing Co.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

Durham, Cotton Manufacturing Company

L-1018
D.S.

Letterpress copy (invoices), 1925-1927.

Durham, N.C.

app. 1000 pp.

Boards.

26 x 31 cm.

Invoices of goods sold by J. L. Bailly & Co.
for D. C. Mfg. Co.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Co.

L-1019
DS.

Letterpress copy (invoices), 1927-1928.

Durham, N.C.

app. 1000 pp.

Boards

26 x 31 cm.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

L-1020
D.S.

Letterpress copybook, 1927-1928

Durham, N.C.

995 pp.

Boards.

26 x 31 cm.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

L-1021

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

D.S.

Letterpress's copybook, 1928-1929

Durham, N.C. . . .

983 pp.

Boards

26 x 31 cm.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

Letterpress copybook, 1929-1930

Durham, N.C.

989 pp.

Boards.

26 x 31 cm.

L-1022

D.S.

GUIDE

JUN 21 '46

Chapel

L-1023

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company D.S.

Letterpress copy (invoices), 1930-1931.

Durham, N.C.

798 pp.

Boards.

26 x 31 cm.

Invoices for goods sold by J. L. Bailly & Co.
for D. C. Mfg. Co.

JUN 21 '48

GUIDE

Chapel

19E-F 1024

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

~~D. 93-4~~

Receipt book, March-April, 1932

Durham, N.C.

50 pp.

Paper

17 x 21 cm.

Book "No. 2."

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

19E.F 1025

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

~~TS-4~~

Receipt book, January-May, 1932

Durham, N.C.

50 pp.

Paper

17 x 21 cm.

Book "No. 4."

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

198-F 1026

Durham, Cotton Mfg. Co.

TS-4
D.5

Receipt book, February, 1932.

Durham, N.C.

50 pp.

Paper

17 x 21 cm.

Carbon copies of receipts of money for sale of cotton products, chemicals, gasoline (to employees), and for rent of tenements. Book "No. 1."

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

19E1F 1027

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

~~PS-4~~

Receipt book, May-September, 1932

Durham, N.C.

50 pp.

Paper

17 x 21 cm.

Book "No. 8"

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

19E1F 1028

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

~~TS-4~~

Receipt book, April-June, 1932

Durham, N.C.

50 pp.

Paper

17 x 21 cm.

Book "No. 2."

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

198vF 1029

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

TS-4

Receipt book, June-July, 1932

Durham, N.C.

50 pp.

Paper

17 x 21 cm.

Book "No. 5"

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

19E + F 10-30

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

~~TS-4~~
D.S.

Receipt book, July-September, 1932

Durham, N.C.

50 pp.

Paper.

17 x 21 cm.

Book "No. 6"

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

19E-F 1051

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

PS-4

Receipt book, September-October, 1932

Durham, N.C.

50 pp.

Paper

17 x 21 cm.

Book "No. 7."

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

19E+F 1032

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Co.

~~DT-4~~

Receipt book, October -November, 1932

Durham, N.C.

50 pp.

Paper

17 x 21 cm.

Book "No. 9"

JUN 21 '48

GUIDE

Chapel

19 E1F 1033

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

~~TS-4~~

Receipt book, October-December, 1932

Durham, N.C.

50 pp.

Paper

17 x 21 cm.

Book "No. 10"

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

1987F 1054

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

~~TS-4~~

Receipt book, December, 1932.

Durham, N.C.

50 pp.

Paper.

17 x 21 cm.

Book "No. 11."

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

196vF 1035

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

~~TS 4~~

Receipt book, January, 1933.

Durham, N.C.

50 pp.

Paper.

17 x 21 cm.

Book "No. 12."

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

19E v F 1036

Durham, Cotton Manufacturing Company

~~T-4~~
T-4

Receipt book, January -February, 1933

Durham, N.C.

50 pp.

Paper

17 x 21 cm.

Book "No. 13."

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

19E+F 1037

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

PS-4
D.S.

Receipt book, February-March, 1933

Durham, N.C.

50 pp.

Paper

17 x 21 cm.

Book No. 14.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

19E-F 1038

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

~~79-4~~
0.5.4

Receipt book, March-May, 1933

Durham, N.C.

50 pp.

Paper.

17 x 21 cm.

Book "No.15"

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

19E + F 1039

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

~~TS-4~~
D.S.

Receipt book, May-June, 1933

Durham, N.C.

50 pp.

Paper.

17 x 21 cm.

Book "No. 16."

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

19 E v F 1040

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

~~98-4~~
10,54

Receipt book, June-August, 1933

Durham, N.C.

50 pp.

Paper.

17 x 21 cm.

Book "No. 17."

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

19E+ F 1041

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

~~TS-4~~
D/S

Receipt book, August-September, 1933

Durham, N.C.

50 pp.

Paper

17 x 21 cm.

Book "No. 18."

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

19 E. F 1042

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

TS-4

Receipt book, September-October, 1933

Durham, N.C.

50 pp.

Paper

17 x 21 cm.

Book "No. 19."

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

1981F 1043

Durham Cotton Manufacturing Company

~~TS-4~~
10.5

Receipt Book, October-November, 1933

Durham, N.C.

50 pp.

Paper

17 x 21 cm.

Book "No. 20"



JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

NUCMC

Durham County (N.C.). Treasurer

Papers, 1903-1906

Durham, Durham County, North Carolina

1-C

1 volume

5-11-84

Durham County (N.C.). Treasurer. Papers. Durham, Durham County, N.C.

This volume is the Durham County Treasurer's Accounts with District School Committees, Book 5, 1903-1906. Accounts for both white and black schools are included. Accounts were kept by school districts arranged numerically within each of the county's six townships. There was a separate section for the city schools. Two general accounts for the whole county were the Board of Education Contingency

Fund and the Building Fund. Accounts were kept separately for the fall and spring terms. Apportionments and disbursements were listed. Disbursements were itemized in detail and included salaries, maintenance, equipment, supplies, etc. The names of teachers, staff, and other persons who provided goods and services were listed. The volume is divided as follows: Durham Township; City Schools; Lebanon Township; Mangum Township; Oak Grove Township; Cedar Fork Township; Patterson

Durham County (N.C.) Treasurer 3

Township; Board of Education Contingency Fund;
and Building Fund. The accounts for District
No. 1, Durham Township, were listed as contin-
ued from Book No. 4; so this volume is Book
No. 5.

NUCMC

Durham Hosiery Mills

Papers, 1887-1962

Durham, Durham Co., N. C.

20 - G & 1041-1071,	5,424	items and 28 vols.
6940-6961	3	items and 22 vols.
		added, 2-25-69

1-19-44

(See also bound
vol. cards)

Durham Hosiery Mills (Durham, N.C.)

Records, 1919-1921. -- Addition, 2 items. (.1 lin. ft.)

Durham, Durham Co., North Carolina

Shelf location: 4-E

Typewritten minutes of the House (1920-1921) and Senate (1919-1921) of the Employees Representative Plan, which are bound into two volumes. These bodies appear to have regulated working conditions at Durham Hosiery Mills by establishing mill policies and settling disputes.

Transfer, 1985

Accessioned 1-21-87

Durham Hosiery Mills. . Papers. Durham, N.C.

The Durham Hosiery Mills was incorporated in 1898. It was the result of a merger of the Durham Hosiery Company (organized in 1895) and the Golden Belt Hosiery Company. Its early history is recorded in William Kenneth Boyd, The Story of Durham, City of the New South (Durham, 1927), pp. 123-127. Additional information and statistics appear in the various editions of Davison's Textile Blue Book and Moody's Industrial Manual. In 1969 the company moved to a new plant in Franklin County (Durham Morning Herald, Feb. 13, 1969, Section B, p.1).

Durham Hosiery Mills.

1 A

The paragraphs below describe first the records of the Durham Hosiery Company and then those of its successor, the Durham Hosiery Mills.

Durham Hosiery Company

This collection contains what seems to be the complete papers of the Durham Hosiery Company while George M. Graham served as secretary

Durham Hosiery Mills

1B

and treasurer. Graham's tenure included the organization period of the mill from 1895 to 1898, but none of the prosperous period which followed for hosiery manufacturers after the passage of the Dingley tariff act in 1898. The collection contains only a few items for 1898 and but one piece for 1899. During this period, G. P. Collins

DURHAM H.M. -2-

served as president of the company, although his name appears only on letterheads in this set.

In brief the collection consists of letters, bills and broadsides, and bound volumes. The former are confined largely to the establishment of the factory and the sale of goods. The bound volumes consist of time books, express books, letterbooks, records, inventories, check stubs, accounts of loopers, cash books, ledgers and stock certificates. Contrary to the account in Boyd's Story of Durham, one of these volumes reveals

that the date of the organization of the company

DURHAM H.M. -3-

WAS May 16, 1895.

The papers reveal two important factors in a very clear cut manner: the general establishment of textile mills over the South around the turn of the century and the dependence of these Southern mills on the North for equipment and supplies.

Included in the evidence regarding the widespread establishment of textile mills in the South are many indirect statements. The most outstanding of such evidence is to be found in letters concerning the installation of machinery; quite

DURHAM H.M. -4-

often a representative of a manufacturer of machinery would install knitting machines in several factories in the general vicinity of Durham. Letters in this collection explain such itineraries and thereby yield valuable information regarding the organization of other factories. Such items, too, as a request from L. A. Lloyd of Meridian, Mississippi, Sept. 27, 1895, asking if certain machinery could be used by inexperienced labor and from the Dixie Mills, Lenoir City, Tennessee, for advice regarding the best type of knitting machines also throw light on the estab-

DURHAM H.M. -5-

lishment of textile mills in The South. There are direct references to the Raleigh Cotton Mills, the Eden Park Cotton Mill of Atlanta, The McCall Manufacturing Co. of McCall, S. C., the Eno Cotton Mills of Hillsboro, N.C., the Mayo Mills of Mayodan, N.C., the Clover Cotton Manufacturing Co. of Clover, S.C., and the Kerr Thread Company of Atlanta. An interesting factor apparent on the letterhead of the Mayodan Mills is that the directors were men who had obtained capital from the tobacco business as B. N. Duke, R. H. Ricks, and G. W. Watts.

DURHAM H.M. -6-

By far the greater part of this collection has to do with the purchase of supplies and equipment. Among firms from which supplies and equipment were obtained are the Franklinsville Dye Works of Philadelphia, the Excelsior Needle Company of Torrington, Conn., the Providence Knitting Machine Company of Rhode Island, the Champion Sewing Machine Company of Philadelphia, the Tonken Boiler and Engine Works of Oswego, N. Y. , the Sanford Spinning Company of Fall River, Mass., The Foster Machine Com. of Westfield, Mass., the Philadelphia Textile

DURHAM H.M. -6-

Machinery Company of Philadelphia (also well known for the manufacture of machinery for the manufacture of tobacco), the Union Raveler Co. and the Beattie Machine Works of Cohoes, N. Y., the Keystone Knitting Machine Co. of Philadelphia, , the Eagle Ink Works of Philadelphia, George W. Payne and Col of Pawtucket, R.I., and numerous others.

Another interesting item in the above category is the Durham Dyeing Co. consisting of Max Sarfert, Charles Taylor and Rudolph Kueffner, evidently an offshoot of the "Fast Black Dye Works" of Wilmington, Del., of which

DURHAM -3-

Taylor and Sarfert were the officers.

Other papers of the collection reveal efforts of Graham to secure laborers, especially machinists, dyers, and other skilled laborers from the North. There are also many freight bills and letters from commission merchants regarding the sale of hosiery. There is evidence also that the Durham Hosiery Mill and the Golden Belt Hosiery Company merged under the name of the former in or about December 1896. About that time also the Carolina Hosiery Co., with headquarters in New York City, was

DURHAM -8-

organized, Julian S. Carr being president and A. T. Bloomer, secretary. This commission firm sold the products of Durham Hosiery Mill, Golden Belt Mill, Alden Knitting Mill, and Seamless Hosiery Mill from the outset; early in 1898 they began selling for the following additional mills: Stafford Hugenby Hosiery Co., Riverview Knitting Mills, Hart Mfg. Co., H. Berger and Son, and the Pelham Mills. Bloomer urged Graham to increase his output in July 1897 stating that great benefits were to be derived from the hosiery business because of proposed changes in the tariff bill, after "the large quan-

DURHAM H.M. -9-

titles of imported goods...are cleaned up." Apparently, however, Graham was never able to conquer the problems of the finishing room but he was successful in the knitting and dyeing departments.

The collection also includes a number of letters which show something of the wages earned by expert hosiery mill workers, as well as certain records among the bound volumes.

As a whole the material is repetitious, but

Durham Hosiery Mills

10

it is also valuable as a complete record of the troubles of an inexperienced operator who organized a mill but could not operate it. It reveals an interesting cross section of the industrialization which began to sweep the South after 1865.

22 vols. & 3 items added, 2-25-69:

Durham Hosiery Mills

Twenty-one volumes are the general ledgers,

Durham Hosiery Mills

11

journals, and voucher registers from the following plants: Mill No. 3 at High Point, 1906-1922; Mill No. 4 at Carrboro, 1909-1922; Mill No. 6 at Durham, 1914-1921; and Mill No. 7 at Carrboro, 1913-1922.

A ledger of 1910-1913 lacks identifying markings. A note attached to page 176 indicates that the book belonged to Durham Hosiery, but the particular plant or office is still unclear. The volume records order and shipping informa-

Durham Hosiery Mills

12

tion under the names of customers. The company's nomenclature for the book is not known, and it is listed here as the Orders Received Ledger, 1910-1913.

The volumes are listed individually at the end of this description.

There are two letters of 1919 and 1920, the former concerning the organization of the Personnel Department. A financial statement dates from December 31, 1962.

There are some financial statements of the

Durham Hosiery Mills

13

company from the 1920's and 1930's among the papers of William Alexander Smith, a stockholder (See the Subject File for dates).

Chapel Durham Hosiery Mills

S-1044

~~1534~~

Durham Hosiery Company

Account of Loopers, n.d.

Durham, N.C.

80 pp Paper 16x10cm.

MAY 27 1943

~~Chapel~~ Durham Hosiery Mills

S-1046

~~TS-4~~

Durham Hosiery Company

Account Book, 1896.

Durham, N. C.

26pp

Paper

15x9cm.

MAY 27 1943

Chapel Durham Hosiery Mills

M-1046

Durham Hosiery Company

Check Stubs, 1895-1896.

Durham, N.C.

400 pp. Board 23x11cm.

MAY 27 1943

Chapel Durham Hosiery Mills

M-1047

Durham Hosiery Company

Check Stubs, 1896.

Durham, N. C.

36 pp. Board 23x30cm.

MAY 27 1943

Chapel Durham Hosiery Mills

M-1048

Durham Hosiery Company

Check Stubs, 1896-1897.

Durham, N.C.

400 pp.

Board

22x11cm.

MAY 27 1943

Chapel Durham Hosiery Mills

M-1049

Durham Hosiery Company

Check Stubs, 1897.

Durham, N. C.

200 pp. Board 22x12cm.

MAY 27 1943

Chapel Durham Hosiery Mills

M-1050

Durham Hosiery Company

Check Stubs, 1897.

Durham, N. C.

200 pp. Board 22x12cm.

MAY 27 1943

Chapel Durham Hosiery Mills

S-1051

~~ES-11~~

Durham Hosiery Company

Check Stubs, 1897.

Durham, N.C.

50 pp.

Paper

15x13cm.

MAY 27 1943

Durham, Hosiery Company

Check Stubs, 1898-1899.

Durham, N. C.

100 pp. Board 16x31cm.

MAY 27 1943

Chapel Durham Hosiery Mills

M-1053

Durham Hosiery Company

Check Stub Book, 1898-1899.

Durham, N.C.

13 pp. Paper 16x32cm.

MAY 27 1943

Chapel Durham Hosiery Mills

F- 1054

Durham Hosiery Company

Cash Book, 1895-1896.

Durham, N. C.

140 pp. Board 37x20cm.

MAY 27 1943

Durham Hosiery Mills

F- 1055

Chapel

Durham Hosiery Company

Cash Book, 1897-1898.

Durham, N.C.

105 pp. Board 37x21cm.

MAY 27 1943

Chapel Durham Hosiery Mills

5-1056

~~XS-8~~

Durham Hosiery : Company

Express Book from Indelible Dye Works of
Philadelphia, 1896-1897.

Durham, N.C.

100 pp. Paper 14x20cm.

MAY 27 1943

Chapel Durham Hosiery Mills

1057

SS-14

Durham Hosiery Company

Inventory, 1898.

Durham, N.C.

9 pp. Paper 35x20cm.

MAY 27 1943

Chapel

L-1058

Durham Hosiery Mills

Durham Hosiery Company

Inventory of Supplies etc., n.d.

Durham, N.C.

16 pp. Paper 30x13cm.

MAY 27 1943

~~Chapel~~ Durham Hosiery Mills

F- 1059

Durham Hosiery Company

Ledger, 1897-1898.

Durham, N. C.

398 pp. Calf 41x24 cm.

MAY 27 1943

Durham Hosiery Mills

F-1060

Durham Hosiery Company

Journal, 1895-1897

Durham, North Carolina

403pp.

Boards

41 x 24 cm.

5-27-43

Recataloged, 4-28-67

Chapel Durham Hosiery Mills

L-1061

Durham Hosiery Company

Letter Book, 1895-1896.

Durham, N.C.

503 pp.

Board

30x24cm.

MAY 27 1943

Chapel Durham Hosiery Mills

L-1062

Durham Hosiery Company

Letter Book, 1896-1897.

Durham, N. C.

500 pp. Board 30x24cm.

MAY 27 1943

~~napel~~ Durham Hosiery Mills

L-1063

Durham Hosiery Company

Letter Book, 1897.

Durham, N.C.

501 pp. Board 31x24cm.

MAY 27 1943

Chapel Durham Hosiery Mills

L-1064

Durham Hosiery Company

Letter Book, 1897-1897.

Durham, N.C.

496 pp. Boards 30x24cm.

MAY 27 1943

Maple Durham Hosiery Mills

5-1065

~~73-8~~

Durham Hosiery Company

Record Book, n.d.

Durham, N.C.

14 pp.

Paper

17x10cm.

MAY 27 1943

Chapel Durham Hosiery Mills

S-1066

~~X-8~~

Durham Hosiery Company

Records of Dye House, 1897-1898.

Durham, N.C.

100 pp. Paper 17x10cm.

MAY 27 1943

Durham Hosiery Mills

ff-1067

Chapel

Durham Hosiery Company

Stock Certificates and Records, 1895-1897.

Durham, N.C.

400 pp.

Board

21x34cm.

MAY 27 1943

~~Chapel~~ Durham Hosiery Mills

S-1068

Durham Hosiery Company

Time Book, 1896-1897.

Durham, N.C.

140 pp. Paper 17x10cm.

MAY 27 1943

Chapel Durham Hosiery Mills

S-1069

~~8~~

Durham Hosiery Company

Time Book, 1897-1898.

Durham, N. C.

88 pp.

Board

19x11cm.

MAY 27 1943

Chapel Durham Hostelry Mills

S-1070

X-8

Durham Hostelry Company

Time Book, 1898.

Durham, N.C.

11 pp. Board 17x10cm.

MAY 27 1943

Durham Hosiery Mills

S-1071

Chapel

~~39-8~~

Durham Hosiery Company

Time Book, n.d.

Durham, N.C.

64pp. Paper 15x9cm.

MAY 27 1943

Durham Hosiery Mills

F- 6940

Mill No. 3

General Ledger, No. 1, 1906-1916

High Point, North Carolina

2-25-69

Durham Hosiery Mills

F- 6941

Mill No. 3

General Ledger, No. 2, 1917-1922

High Point, North Carolina

2-25-69

Durham Hosiery Mills

F- 6942

Mill No. 3

Journal, No. 1, 1907-1915

High Point, North Carolina

2-25-69

Durham Hosiery Mills

F- 6943

Mill No. 3

Journal, No. 2, 1915-1920

High Point, North Carolina

2-25-69

Durham Hosiery Mills

ff- 6944

Mill No. 3

Voucher Record, No. 1, 1907-1914

High Point, North Carolina

2-25-69

Durham Hosiery Mills

ff-6945

Mill No. 3

Voucher Record, No. 2, 1914-1919

High Point, North Carolina

2-25-69

Durham Hosiery Mills

ff-6946

Mill No. 3

Voucher Record, No. 3, 1919-1922

High Point, North Carolina

2-25-69

Durham Hosiery Mills

F- 6947

Mill No. 4

General Ledger, No. 1, 1909-1916

Carrboro, N. C.

2-25-69

Durham Hosiery Mills

F- 6948

Mill No. 4

General Ledger, No. 2, 1917-1922

Carrboro, N. C.

2-25-69

Durham Hosiery Mills

F- 6949

Mill No. 4

Journal, No. 1, 1909-1915

Carrboro, N. C.

2-25-69

Durham Hosiery Mills

F- 6950

Mill No. 4

Journal, No. 2, 1915-1918

Carrboro, N. C.

2-25-69

Durham Hosiery Mills

F- 6951

Mill No. 4

Journal, No. 3, 1918-1922

Carrboro, N. C.

2-25-69

Durham Hosiery Mills

ff- 6952

Mill No. 4

Voucher Record, No. 1, 1909-1918

Carrboro, N. C.

2-25-69

Durham Hosiery Mills

ff- 6953

Mill No. 4

Voucher Record, No. 2, 1918-1922

Carrboro, N. C.

2-25-69

Durham Hosiery Mills

F- 6954

Mill No. 6

General Ledger, No. 1, 1914-1921

Durham, N. C.

2-25-69

Durham Hosiery Mills

F- 6955

Mill No. 6

Journal, No. 1, 1914-1921

Durham, North Carolina

2-25-69

Durham Hosiery Mills

ff-6956

Mill No. 6

Voucher Record, No. 1, 1915-1918

Durham, North Carolina

2-25-69

Durham Hosiery Mills

ff-6957

Mill No. 6

Voucher Record, No. 2, 1918-1920

Durham, North Carolina

2-25-69

Durham Hosiery Mills

F- 6958

Mill No. 7

General Ledger, No. 1, 1913-1922

Carrboro, North Carolina

2-25-69

Durham Hosiery Mills

F- 6959

Mill No. 7

Journal, No. 1, 1913-1921

Carrboro, North Carolina

2-25-69

Durham Hosiery Mills

ff- 6960

Mill No. 7

Voucher Record, No. 1, 1913-1922

Carrboro, North Carolina

2-25-69

Durham Hosiery Mills

F- 6961

Orders Received Ledger,* 1910-1913

*A contemporary title supplied for cataloging. The company's title is not apparent.

The Durham Kiwanian

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THIS COLLECTION OR
ADDITIONS TO THIS COLLECTION, PLEASE ASK
A STAFF MEMBER TO CONSULT THE ACCESSION
RECORDS.

Durham Methodist Society

Papers, 1943-1944

Durham, Durham County, North Carolina

Section A

16 items

11-29-77

Durham Methodist Society. Papers. Durham,
Durham Co., N.C.

The Durham Methodist Society was formed as the "City Methodist Society in Durham" on April 7, 1943, to fill a need "for a united program for the promotion of the church and the building of the Kingdom of God" in Durham, where the Methodist Church had experienced a lack of growth during the preceding twenty years. The name of the organization was changed to the

Durham Methodist Society.

2

"Methodist Society of Durham" May 6, 1943, and, finally, to the "Durham Methodist Society" on June 10, 1943. The society engaged in various promotional activities, including vesper services, and in the establishment of new church societies in Durham.

The establishment of the society, the acceptance of its tentative organization (a Board of Managers, an Executive Committee, and four officers), and the election of officers

Durham Methodist Society.

3

(including Charles E. Jordan as president) are discussed in the minutes of April 7, 1943. The minutes of the meetings of the Executive Committee (May 20, June 7, July 13, Oct. 28, Dec. 10 and 16, 1943, and Feb. 17, 24, and 28, 1944) and of the Board of Managers (May 6, June 10, July 22, Sept. 2, Oct. 28, Dec. 14, 1943, and Feb. 17, 1944) discuss the various activities of the society.

MSS.

2nd 50:E, 2nd 68:F, 2nd 34:C, OC:I:15, Small Col

Durham Savoyards (Durham, N.C.).

Papers, [1898?-1989 and n.d.].

4643 items.

**Durham (Durham Co.), N.C. production
company of Gilbert and Sullivan
operettas.**

**Collection includes a few photos that
pre-date the founding of the Savoyards
in 1963. They picture comic operas
said to have been given at the Southern
Conservatory of Music in Durham. Other
items in the collection make up the
archives of this organization and
consist of minutes, correspondence,
programs, financial records, posters,
stage design, photographs,
videocassette s, color slides, and
clippings. A n item called "The**

NcD 14 APR 97 36735195 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

Box 50cE, 12n0048:82-218 34:C, OC:I:15, Small Col
Durham Savoyards (Durham, N.C.).

Papers, ...

(Card 2)

Savoyards, Durham Savoyards Limited,
1989" and another called "Mindful of
the Whys and Wherefores; a Savoyard
Producer's Journal" by James L.
Parmentier are also included.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged
from accession records.

*lcs

I. Parmentier, James L.

NcD 14 APR 97 36735195 NDHYme

MSS.

x

Durham Theatre Guild.

Papers, 1947-1994.

8500 items.

Community theater of Durham, NC.

Account books, tax and insurance records, board meeting minutes, scrapbooks, posters and handbills of the Durham Theatre Guild, 1947-1994.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accession record.

*** tms**

Finding aids: Box list available in repository.

- 1. Community theater--North Carolina.**
- 2. Durham (N.C.)--History.**

NcD

06 NOV 95

33429114

NDHYme

MSS.

**Dutcher, David C.
Papers, 1864-1871.
2 items.**

Shelf
location:

cab 44

**Army chaplain from Cortland, Cortland
County, New York.**

**Diary (1864 July 21-1864 Dec. 12) of
Army chaplain D. C. Dutcher kept while
he was with the 139th New York Infantry
Volunteers Regiment. He was primarily
in various places in Virginia,
including Alexandria, City Point, and
near Richmond. ALS (1871 Feb. 2, 3p.)
to Mrs. Dutcher concerning her efforts
to receive her husband's military
pension.**

NcD

09 APR 87

15507784

NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

**Dutcher, David C.
Papers, 1864-1871. ...**

(Card 2)

**1. United States. Army. New York
Infantry Regiment, 139th (1862-1865)
2. Virginia--History--Civil War, 1861-
1865. 3. United States--History--Civil
War, 1861-1865--Chaplains. 4. Genre:
Diaries.**

NcD

09 APR 87

15507784

NDHYme

Dutilh, Etienne and John Gottfried Wachsmuth

Papers, 1771 (1788-1804) 1923

Philadelphia, Philadelphia Co., Pa.

XVIII- A	4-10-51	31 items
GUIDE	5-25-56	23 items added
	7-20-56	289 items added

3

Dutilh, Etienne and John Gottfried Wachsmuth.
Papers, 1771-1823. Philadelphia, Pa.

Etienne Dutilh and J. G. Wachsmuth were merchants who were engaged in the West Indian and European trade. Wachsmuth was a German immigrant, and he married a Mrs. Dutilh. For brief mention of him see The Pennsylvania Magazine, V, 252. This collection consists of business correspondence, invoices, orders, receipts, and bills of lading. There are also a few papers of Stephen Dutilh, who was also a merchant of Philadelphia.

23 items added 5-25-56. The contents of these are about the same as that of the original

Dutilh, Etienne and John G. Wachsmuth. 2

part of the papers except for two letters relating to the capture of a ship owned by Stephen Dutilh by a French privateer on the way to Havana. The captain of Dutilh's ship was able to retake his ship and bring it into the harbor at Charleston, S. C. Florian Charles Mey of that city wrote to Stephen Dutilh about the capture and retaking of the ship, the activities of French privateers near Havana harbor, the condition of the ship at that time, the arming and convoying of ships from Charleston to protect them from capture, and the chance of

Dutilh, Etienne and John G. Wachsmuth 3

Dutilh's ship completing the voyage to Havana if properly armed and in a convoy. He spoke of the frigate Constitution and the sloop of war Baltimore as two of the ships engaged in this convoy duty.

269 items added 7-20-58. Business papers and some personal letters of members of the firm. Of particular interest in addition to the above description are the following items: many bundles of papers concerned with legal cases in which the firm was plaintiff dating from 1771

Dutilh, Etienne and John G. Wachsmuth 4
to 1793; copies of letters of introduction for various persons; a certified statement in 1779 of the transmittal of money from the sale of goods in the U. S. via the French vice-consul in Philadelphia; an arbitration committee agreed upon by both parties in a business dispute in 1797; a list of prices in Bordeaux in 1788 for sugar, coffee, leather, indigo, cotton, and cocoa; detention in 1793 in Philadelphia preventing departure for any French port but allowing a person to leave for Cadiz and mention that there were even corsairs with the French flag

Dutilh, Etienne and John G. Wachsmuth 5
in the Caribbean area; a request from Paris for the company to handle the sale of goods in the U. S.; directions to purchase U. S. bonds, and directions for getting goods through U. S. customs; list of goods sent in 1794 from Jamaica to Philadelphia and note that the writer has sent his linen and papers in a trunk enclosed in a cask of green coffee in order to foil corsairs; letter by wife of an émigré telling of her voyage and present situation; copy of a letter or dispatch dealing with the rights of neutrals, the French policy in this regard, and

Dutilh, Etienne and John G. Wachsmuth 6
a quotation from an English letter to prove the English wanted peace; plans for consignment business between Havanna and Philadelphia outlined in 1800; difficulty caused by mixing up the cargo in a ship in 1802; an extract from a letter of the Ministre de la Marine in 1803 explaining new laws and regulations governing colonial commerce; statement of ownership and cost of repairs on a brig in 1805; procedure for establishing ownership of goods taken from the schooner Le Mars which was seized as a prize in 1805; and plans for consignment business in

Dutilh, Etienne and John G. Wachsmuth 7
1806 from Hamburg to Philadelphia with note that the British were allowing neutral accounts to continue. Among the undated letters are a list of books in a person's library, a letter apparently by a French émigré, plans for forming a new company, power of attorney given to try to recover from a cargo taken as a prize from the ship Ragusain, and a letter discussing the connections of a man with the firm.

The bills, receipts, letters of exchange, invoices, manifests of ships' cargoes, notes, and accounts date from 1773 to 1821 with a few

Dutilh, Etienne and John G. Wachsmuth 8
disconnected papers later. Of particular note
are: a list of disbursements made for the
schooner Little Will at ports in the Caribbean
and a statement of the insurance paid on part
of the cargo of the Enterprise taken as a prize
on a voyage from Philadelphia to Hamburg in
1800.

MSS.

Dutton, Joseph, 1843-1931.

Diary, 1855-1864.

1 item.

**Officer, 13th Wisconsin Volunteers
Regiment. Missionary to leper colony
in Molokai, an island in the Hawaiian
group. Originally from Janesville,
Rock County, Wisconsin.**

**Diary entries chiefly relate
movements of 13th Wisconsin Volunteers
Regiment, 1861-1864, in Kansas,
Kentucky, Tennessee, and Alabama. Nine
pen and ink drawings describe
regiment's march from Fort Donelson,
Tenn. to Columbia, Tenn. in late Aug.
to early Sept. 1863.**

**SELF
LOCATION:**

Cab. 44

NcD 01 JUN 87 15788923 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

**Dutton, Joseph, 1843-1931.
Diary, 1855-1864. ...**

(Card 2)

**1. United States. Army. Wisconsin
Infantry Regiment, 13th (1861-1865)
2. Kansas--History--Civil War, 1861-
1865. 3. Kentucky--History--Civil War,
1861-1865. 4. Tennessee--History--
Civil War, 1861-1865. 5. Alabama--
History--Civil War, 1861-1865. 6.
Genre: Diaries. I. Place: Wisconsin--
Rock County--Janesville.**

NcD

01 JUN 87

15788923

NDHYme

1072-1077^c

Duvall, Joseph

Papers, 1845-1908

Baltimore, Baltimore Co., Md.

6-21-46

6 vols.

(See also bound
vol. cards)

Chapel

L-1072

Duvall, Joseph

c

Account Book, 1878-1885

[Baltimore, Md.]

29 pp.

Boards

31 x 18 cm.

Apparently the records of a merchant.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

F- 1073

[Duvall, Joseph?]

C

Account Book, 1904-1908

[Baltimore, Md.]

50 pp.

Boards

35 x 20 cm.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

F. 1074

Duvall, Joseph

C

Cash Book, 1870-1873

[Baltimore, Md.]

169 pp.

Calf

40 x 25 cm.

Apparently the records of a merchant.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

L-1075

Duvall, Joseph

L

Day Book, 1871-1873.

Baltimore, Md.

212 pp.

Boards

31 x 15 cm.

Merchant's accounts.

Chapel

F - 1076

C

Duvall, Joseph

Journal, 1870-1885

Baltimore, Md.

503 pp.

Boards

40 x 25 cm.

Records of a merchant.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

Chapel

L-1077

[Duvall, Joseph]

6

Ledger, 1845-1879.

[Baltimore, Md.]

230 pp.

Calf

31 x 20 cm.

Cobbler's account book apparently kept by
some member of the Duvall firm.

JUN 21 '46

GUIDE

127

S-1078

Duwall, W

D

F

~~MS~~

Diary. [1862?]

Melrose, Rockingham County, Virginia

22 p.

Paper.

9 x 13 cm.

Sept. 24, 1935.

OCT 24 1939

[A haphazard diary by a member of the Confederate forces in northern Va., giving troop movements.]

Dwyer, Richard M.

NUCMC

Papers, 1881-1906

Sperryville, Rappahannock County, Virginia,
and North Hampton, Clarke County, Ohio

Section A

66 items

7-31-59

Dwyer, Richard M. Papers, 1881-1906. Sperryville, Rappahannock County, Virginia, and North Hampton, Clarke County, Ohio.

Mostly family letters to Richard M. Dwyer, giving personal news and some remarks about the surroundings of various friends and members of the family. Dwyer seems to have farmed in North Hampton, Ohio, until ca. 1895 when he seems to have returned to Sperryville, Va., to continue farming. Subjects mentioned include the weather, crops, sickness, deaths, gossip, and weddings.

Dye, Henry

Papers, 1861-1958

Plano, Collin County, Texas

— *No longer available* —*
except casebook on
microfilm at Med. Ctr.
Lib.

J. C. Trent Coll., History of Medicine--MS. Div.

4-15-64

14 items & 1 vol.

(See also bound
vol. cards)

**Returned to family by*
Med. Ctr. Lib. in 1981; current
whereabouts unknown
(1/95)

Dye, Henry. Papers, 1861-1958. Plano, Collin
County, Texas

The papers of Dr. Henry Dye contain a few miscellaneous items, but are centered in his record of cases in the C. S. A. general hospitals in the District of Arkansas at Little Rock, Washington, Camden, Lewisville, Princeton, Tulip, and Magnolia.

Dr. Dye was a graduate of the Jefferson Medical College in Philadelphia in 1861. His home is listed in the Jefferson Catalogue as

Dye, Henry

2

Plano, Collin County, Texas, a post-village in the Houston and Texas Central R. R., eighteen miles north of Dallas. From his case book it is evident he returned to Plano after the Civil War. Interest in ~~m~~edicine seems to be indicated by a receipt for a cancer salve made by his grandfather.

Mr. Dye wrote to the Rev. John Beverly on August 31, 1862, from St. John's Hospital at Little Rock. He had recently passed the examination by the medical board and was assigned to this hospital. After mentioning health

Dye, Henry

3

conditions among the Confederate troops, he describes St. John's College, whose five acres of grounds afford a general hospital center for the Confederate Army west of the Mississippi River.

Evidently Dr. Dye was attached to the Spy Company of independent Texas cavalry under Capt. Alfred Johnson during the first year of the war. He refers to their camp at Brownsville, Prairie County, and to their horses in August, 1862. After denouncing the conduct of Union troops towards Arkansas civilians, he describes a fight

Dye, Henry

4

in which his company killed many Union troops and found them to be wearing metal breastplates.

His large book of case records begins with a summary of health conditions among the Texas Confederate troops during the summer of 1862 at Crystal Hill, near the Arkansas River. Dysentery, diarrhea, hospital fever, and intermittent fever are noted.

In Nov. 1862, he transformed the Rock Hotel into a receiving hospital (p. 12); the Dilt's Building was also made into a hospital;

Dye, Henry

5

and in Dec., 1862, General Thomas E. Hindman's army entered Little Rock bringing more hospital patients. The Beebe House and the Hill Hospital were next opened, as well as the Main Street Hospital. Twenty-five hundred sick men were in these hospitals during the winter of 1862-1863, the death rate rising to eight per day (p. 12), "a frightful mortality rate." With the spring of 1863, conditions improved, so that the number of hospitals dropped from nine to three; then all were closed except St. John's. Dr. Dye men-

Dye, Henry

6

tions casualties from the battle of Helena, July, 1863. He also comments in these first pages of his volume of treatments and medicines used. Wounded continued to be placed in St. John's College Hospital until the evacuation of Little Rock by the Confederate Army.

Dr. Dye then served at Washington and Camden, Arkansas, where the hospitals had comparatively light sick lists. Pneumonia, prevalent at the beginning of 1864 (p. 13), is described in some detail. He points out the ruggedness of life in the cavalry in winter

Dye, Henry

7

and mentions "pneumonia weather" at Camp Sumpter. A previous pneumonia epidemic at Camden, Arkansas, in 1857 is also reported (p. 14). Then Dr. Dye notes in detail two pneumonia cases.

On p. 15 he begins a series of notes on cases treated at Camden Hospital during the winter of 1863-1864, including remedies used; and in some instances, Dr. Dye illustrated the wound in question. Conditions noted include chronic diarrhea, bronchitis, typhoid pneumonia, peritonitis, and chronic ulcer among many cases.

On p. 24 Dr Dye details cases in the General Hospital at Princeton, Ark., coming from the battle of Jenkins' Ferry, April 30, 1864. These cases are gunshot wounds, many of which received cold water treatment. Most of the troops are Texans. Dr. Dye digresses on p. 42 to speak of remittant fevers in the vicinity of Princeton. He then continues the gunshot wound discussion. During May, 1864, Dr. Dye operates on a number of Federal troops and gives a summary of these cases.

On p. 46 he resumes the notes on Confederate sick and wounded at Princeton, noting many instances. Case 89 (p. 61) is one of typhoid fever in a young Negro boy.

Until the cases described at Princeton, Arkansas, the journal gives the impression of having been written after the events and cases it records. With the heavy increase in gunshot wounds noted in the summer of 1864, Dr. Dye seems to be recording the cases as they come in, making a later comment on their progress.

On p. 60 he writes of personal happenings. The battle of Jenkins' Ferry also sends patients to the General Hospital at Tulip, Arkansas; these cases are noted beginning with p. 65. Here he finds the greatest mortality among the Arkansas troops and tries to discover the cause. Erysipelas is prevalent. Dr. Dye explains that he took no notes on the surgical cases at Tulip. He writes of the asthemic (?) form of fever, of bilious diarrhea (p. 69), and more gunshot wounds.

On Sept. 1, 1864, Dr. Dye wrote a summary (p. 74) of types of diseases most prevalent and their course of treatment. He discourses on intermittent and remittent fevers, jaundice, and a few other miscellaneous cases. On Sept. 30 and Dec. 31, 1864, he sends in quarterly reports from Princeton and Magnolia, respectively, on the sick and wounded (pp. 82, 86), and he compiles a long general report on climate, diseases troops, diet, water, hospitals, and spurious vaccination. (pp. 86-91). His last report from

Magnolia Hospital is dated March 31, 1865.

The volume concludes for Dr. Dye with notes on his practice at Plano, Texas, 1869-1873. Dr. F. C. Dye, the son of Dr. Henry Dye, also practices medicine. He works at hospitals in Tyler, Texas, and in Kennard, Houston County, in 1903-1904 (pp. 281-285).

Dr. Henry Dye records at the end of his volume (p. 668) a list of remedies from the Civil War period. Most interesting (p. 681) is the remedy, Grandfather Dye's Salve, a cure for cancer.

Dye, Henry

Casebook, 1861-1904

v.p. in Texas and Arkansas

690 pp. Cloth 15 x 10 1/2 inches

4-15-64

Dye, Nathan G.

Papers, 1851 (1862-65) 1899

Monmouth, Iowa

XIII-B

367 items

2 b. vols.

AUG 18 '50

GUIDE

Dye, Nathan G. Papers, 1851 (1862-65) 1899
Monmouth, Iowa. 367 items. Sketch.

Most of the papers in this collection are letters written by Nathan G. Dye while serving in Company I of the 24th Iowa Volunteer Infantry. They and a two-volume diary run from 1862 to 1865, and describe his activities at great length. In Sept., 1862 he was at Camp Strong,

~~AUG 18 '50~~

SEP 18 '50

Dye, Nathan G. Papers

2

Iowa, and in Oct., 1862 was at Helena, Ark., where he stayed until Apr., 1863. Much of that time he was ill with diarrhea. He took part in the siege of Vicksburg and in the successive fighting in Miss. and La. during 1863; in Gen. Banks's Red River Campaign, Jan. - May, 1864; and from Aug.-Dec., 1864 he took part in

~~AUG 18 '50~~

SEP 18 '50

Dye, Nathan G.

Papers.

3

the fighting in Va. against Jubal Early. In Jan., 1865 he was sent to Savannah, Ga., in Mar. to Morehead City, N. C., in Apr. to Goldsboro, N. C., in May to Augusta, Ga., in June to Greensboro, Ga., and in July back to Savannah.

The letters are generally full of details

~~AUG 18 50~~

SEP 18 50

Dye, Nathan G. Papers.

4

regarding the life of the common soldiers, especially about food, disease, rumors, and actual engagements. There is a tax in kind blank for 1865. The materials between 1872 and 1899 are concerned mainly with Dye's efforts to get a pension on the ground that he had not recovered from the diarrhea contracted during the war.

AUG 18 '50

SEP 18 '50

Dye, P. Edwin

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THIS COLLECTION OR
ADDITIONS TO THIS COLLECTION, PLEASE ASK
A STAFF MEMBER TO CONSULT THE ACCESSION
RECORDS.

Dyer, Wm. T.

C

Papers, 1840

Fayette, Howard Co., Mo.

Section A

1 item

10-28-52

GUIDE

Dyer, Wm. T. Papers, 1840. Fayette, Howard Co., Missouri. 1 item.

The item comprising this collection is a letter from Wm. T. Dyer, chairman of the Tippecanoe Club of Howard Co., Mo. to the president and members of the Tippecanoe Club and to the Whig Corresponding Committee of Pike Co., Mo. It was written on Nov. 28, 1840 and recommends a Col. Birch of Missouri for some governmental post in Washington, preferably head of the Land Office.

MSS.

x

Dymond, Sylvia D.

Papers, 1898.

3 items.

Englishwoman and traveler.

Chiefly a memoir (1898, Feb.-Aug.,
101 p.) documenting travel with
Dymond's sisters Isabel and Evelyn and
their mother across France; in the
Italian departments of Liguria,
Tuscany, Umbria, Latium, Emilia,
Lombardy, and Piedmont; and in the
Swiss cantons of Vallais and Vaud.
Illustrated by 86 photographs taken in
Italy and Switzerland mostly by the
Dymonds. Also an undated greeting card
and note about travel in the Alps.

MSS.

x

Dymond, Sylvia D.
Papers, ...

(Card 2)

1. Italy--Description and travel--
Views. 2. Switzerland--Description and
travel--Views. 3. France--Description
and travel. 4. Women photographers--
England. 5. Women travelers--Europe.
6. Genre: Memoirs. 7. Women--England--
social life and customs.

NcD

20 MAY 91

23804992

NDHYme

MSS.

x

E.F. Craven Company.

Records, 1793-1991 (bulk 1907-1950).

28,125 items (37.5 linear ft.).

Access is restricted.

**Road machinery dealership
incorporated in 1926. Bought by Brocar
in 1975. Name changed to EFC
Associates.**

**Correspondence, financial records,
legal papers, and visual material,
chiefly dated 1907-1950, documenting
the development of E.F. Craven Company
from a small family business into EFC
Associates. Most correspondence is to
or from Eli Franklin Craven, Eli Asbury
Craven, and F. Duval Craven concerning
the sale of r oad machinery.**

**Letters betwe en family members
often include advice on spiritual**

NcD 15 OCT 91 24560862 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

x

E.F. Craven Company.

Records, ... (Card 2)
matters. Includes photographs and
silent motion pictures of early road
construction and earthmoving machinery.

Contains a small amount of material
concerning the Society of Friends in
North Carolina; an assortment of
pamphlets and manuals on sales
techniques; and a small collection of
childhood writings by Eli Franklin
Craven and other Craven children.

Inventory in repository.

1. Craven, Eli Franklin, 1875-1964.
2. Craven, Eli Asbury, 1824-1912.
3. Craven, F. Duval (Franklin
Duval), 1906-
4. EFC

MSS.

x

E.F. Craven Company.

Records, ...

(Card 3)

**Associates, Inc. 5. Society of
Friends--North Carolina. 6. Road
machinery. 7. Construction equipment.
8. Road construction equipment
industry--History. 9. Road
construction--North Carolina--History.
10. Selling. 11. Earthmoving
machinery. 12. Road machinery--Trade
and manufacture. 13. Corporations--
North Carolina--History--20th century.
14. Genre: Business records. 15.
Family corporations--North Carolina.
16. Children's writings, American. 17.
Road construction--Equipment and
supplies.**

NcD

15 OCT 91

24560862

NDHYme

MSS.

E.H. Gato Cigar Company (New York,
N.Y.).

Account book, 1889-1901, 1893-1900
(bulk).

1 item (324 p.).

Manufacturer of Havana cigars.

Includes Journal No. 1 (1893, Jan. 3
- 1901, Jan. 1) recording accounts at
the New York Office including many
transactions for shipping and for the
factories at Key West, Fla., and the
warehouses at Havana, Cuba. Also
contains tables of sales statistics,
1889-1900, including New York, Chicago,
Portland, and San Francisco. Managers
were Eduardo H. Gato, Sr., and other
members of the Gato family of Key
West.

SHELF
LOCATION:

F. 5099

NcD

13 JUL 88

18208064

NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

**E.H. Gato Cigar Company (New York,
N.Y.).**

**Account book, 1889-1901, 1893-1900
... (Card 2)**

**1. Cigar industry. 2. Shipment of
goods. 3. Tobacco industry--Cuba.
4. Hispanic Americans in business.
5. New York (City)--Commerce. 6. Key
West (Fla.)--Commerce. 7. Havana
(Cuba)--Commerce. 8. Gato, Eduardo H.**

MSS.

x

E. H. Gato Cigar Company (Key West,
Fla.).

Trial balance book, 1892-1901.

1 v. (36 p.).

**SHELF
LOCATION:**

Manufacturers of Havana cigars.

F-5090

Includes monthly balances of ledger accounts (1893 Jan.-1900 Apr., 1901 Jan.), annual ledger account balances as of December 31 (1892-1900), and tables of gross and net profits for operations at both Key West and New York City (1892-1900). Managers were Eduardo H. Gato, Sr., and other members of the Gato family.

MSS.

x

E. H. Gato Cigar Company (Key West,
Fla.).

Trial balance book, ... (Card 2)

1. Cigar industry. 2. Cuba--
Commerce--United States. 3. Gato,
Eduardo H., Sr. 4. Havana (Cuba)--
Commerce. 5. Hispanic Americans in
business. 6. Key West (Fla.)--
Commerce. 7. New York (N.Y.)--
Commerce. 8. Tobacco industry--Cuba.
9. Tobacco industry--Florida. 10.
United States--Commerce--Cuba.

NcD

28 MAR 89

19464929

NDHYme

MSS.

E.W. and S.P. Bolles. (Firm)

Records, 1821-1823; (bulk 1821-1822).

3 items.

Commission merchants, probably in New
London, Connecticut.

SHELF

LOCATION: CAB 80 Ledger, 1821-1823, contains accounts
(81 p.), mostly 1821-1822, primarily
recording business with other
merchants. Trading activity included
New York City, New Haven, Conn. and
Charleston, S.C., and involved a
variety of goods, especially leather,
food, candles, gigs, and indigo. Also
a business letter from Charleston
(1822) about selling gigs and leather
and an account for the store.

NcD

25 OCT 88

18664323

NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

E.W. and S.P. Bolles. (Firm)

...

(Card 2)

1. Commission merchants--Connecticut
2. Leather industry and trade 3.
- Carriage manufacturers and dealers 4.
- New London (Conn.)--Commerce 5.
- Charleston (S.C.)--Commerce 6. New
- York (City)--Commerce 7. New Haven
- (Conn.)--Commerce

NcD

25 OCT 88

18664323

NDHYme

Eagle Mill

See Green, Duff

Treasure Room
Eagle Tavern

F-1081

C

Register, 1843-1844

Watkinsville, Georgia

66 pp. Boards & Calf 40 x 15 cm.

Poems and records of a school teacher also
included on last pages.

AUG 9 '46

GUIDE

MSS.

2nd 68:L Eames, Mehitable Forbush, b. 1794.

Papers, 1804-1855.

54 items.

Massachusetts resident.

Collection chiefly contains letters to Miss Mehitable Forbush (later Mrs. Lewis Eames), relating in part to the religious ferment of the Second Great Awakening in Mass., especially among its female adherents in the Baptist churches of Westborough and Medway. Eames often provided spiritual guidance for her mostly female correspondents.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accession records.

***lcs**

EARLE, Edward

Papers, 1840

Philadelphia, Pa.

Section A

1 item

2-22-51

GUIDE

Earle, Edward. Papers, 1840. Philadelphia, Pa.
1 item Cab. 2

A.L.S. of Earle seeking to identify Michel
(Marshal) Ney as one Michael Rudolph of Elkton,
Maryland.

Earle, Pliny

Papers, 1806-1897

Northampton, Mass.

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the
History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

59 items

4-8-60

Earle, Pliny. Papers, 1806-1897. Northampton, Mass. 59 items. Sketch.

The papers of Pliny Earle (1809-1892), Quaker physician and alienist, and his father, Pliny Earle (1762-1832), Quaker inventor and scientist concern their professional careers, with very few personal letters. Pliny Earle, Sr., has correspondence centering on his invention of machinery for ~~making~~ cards for carding wool and cotton. He was involved in the early textile mills in Mass., and particularly in Samuel Slater's cotton manufacturing. His correspondent, Samuel Hastings, touches on patent rights,

Earle, Pliny

2

U. S. relations with San Domingo and Great Britain, and Jefferson's Democratic administration. Comment is made on the debate in Congress of the purchase of Florida from France, the appropriation for which was in reality a gratuity to Talleyrand for peace. On May 15, 1809, Nathaniel Miller mentions a law suit involving cards in cotton manufacture and Samuel Slater. Jacob Justin and Joseph Bowne also write about cards.

In 1832 the son of Pliny Earle begins a long correspondence. At this time a Quaker school master, his first letter by Abraham Shearman

Earle, Pliny

3

involves Quaker meetings in New England. Briefly, Pliny Earle, Jr., secured his M. D. in 1837 from Pennsylvania, was superintendent of a number of lunatic asylums, visited Europe in 1837-39, 1849, and 1871, and wrote voluminously on medical subjects. His papers reflect this career. Valentine Mott, George H. Green, and Joseph Sargeant write during his first European tour. While at the Friends' Asylum, Frankford, Pa., Dean Robley Dunglison and Surgeon Alexander H. Stevens correspond. From 1845 to 1853 the papers come while Earle was superintendent at

Earle, Pliny

4

Bloomington Asylum in New York. Well known by this time, alienists and physicians were exchanging reports and visits with him from as far afield as Edinburgh, Scotland, Nova Scotia, Canada, and York, England. Theodoric Romeyn Beck, James M. Barnard, and James Thurman all write on these topics. In 1845 J. W. Edmonds begins the letters from prison administrators who consult Earle. Eliza W. B. Farnham, Matron of the Female Department at Sing Sing Prison, writes in 1846. Gunning Bedford, Martyn Paine, and Willard Parker correspond in 1845. Dorothea

Earle, Pliny

5

Dix sends Charles Trego to Earle in 1849 to get ideas for a Hospital for Insane Poor in Pennsylvania.

In Europe in 1849, Earle receives an invitation from Forbes B. Winslow. H. P. Pest introduces Thomas Gallandet of the Hartford Deaf and Dumb Institution, thus illustrating another type of consultant.

In 1859 Charles Downing, the horticulturist, pomologist, and author, writes a detailed account of various kinds of apples to John Milton Earle, editor of the Worcester Spy, presumably

Earle, Pliny

a relative or a son of Pliny Earle. Dr. Earle worked on the genealogy of the Earle family for many years, the letter of Jerih Colburn of Boston in 1862 exemplifying this. This year also Andrew Jackson Hamilton, Unions leader and governor of Texas writes of the "magnificent" asylum at Austin, Texas. John Woodbridge Dickinson, O. Edouard Seguin, and C. E. Brown-Sequard write of books and patients. In 1867 J. Nerrick, president of Ohio Wesleyan University consults Earle about building at that school. Mrs. Agassiz remarks in 1868 about the health of

Earle, Pliny

7

Louis Agassiz, who is on a trip to the Rockies. William Smith Clark, president of Mass. Agricultural College writes in 1870, including a picture of the school on the reverse of his letter. Correspondents at this time include Carolyn Dall, Harriet Burbank Rogers of the Clarke Institution for Deaf Mutes, Arthur Gilman, the author, S. Salisbury of Worcester Antiquarian Society, Fitz John Porter, Oliver Warren, Samuel G. Howe, Henry B. Peirce, Eudora C. Atkinson, Isaac M. Hays, Seldon H. Talcott, Alice Bennett, F. B. Sanborn, J. Z. Gerhard, John P. Gray,

Earle, Pliny

8

Jamin Strong, S. D. Buckmaster, S. Bishop, and
J. C. B. Davis.

Pliny Earle wrote a brief sketch of his father and mother in 1889. It is particularly good on Patience (Buffum) Earle, giving a poem by her, describing her person and personality, and showing her influence in the Society of Friends. Mrs. Earle gave poetic tribute to her teacher, the eminent Quaker Elisha Thornton. The papers conclude with a letter to Emma Phipson, English novelist, to Miss F. C. Earle, presumably Earle's daughter.

Earle, Pliny

9

A list of the correspondents which identifies
each one is with the papers.

Earle, Ralph E.W.

Papers, 1833

Washington, D.C.

Section A

7 items

11-2-64

Earle, Ralph E.W. Papers, 1833. Washington, D.C.

Six items in this collection are brief notes from Earle's contemporaries, and contain mere trivia. The seventh item is a printed pen sketch of Earle himself.

Ralph E.W. Earle was a son of Ralph Earle, (1751-1801) well-known Revolutionary War-period artist. The elder Earle is known to have done a portrait of George III and was a member of the Royal Academy. A Tory and a rover, Earle spent the war years in England, but returned to Conn-

Earle, Ralph E.W.

2

ecticut in the late 1780's. Most of his paintings done there are of well-known contemporaries. His son, the subject of this sketch, was born of a second marriage. Ralph E.W. Earle was an itinerant portrait artist when he was "discovered" by Rachel Jackson, about 1821, at the "Hermitage." For the next seventeen years, until his death in 1838, Earle remained a member of the Jackson household. He was referred to during these years as "Colonel" Earle. Portraits of this period include a number of Jackson

Earle, Ralph E.W.

3

family members, plus other well known contemporaries. Earle may have had no special influence on President Jackson other than his loyal friendship and qualities of companionability. Earle had married a niece of Mrs. Jackson, and had thus become a member of the clan.

The Ralph Earle papers include: a dinner invitation of Jan. 12, 1833, from a "Mr. Woodbury" (possibly written at the request of Levi Woodbury); an invitation from the French Minister in Washington (n.d.); other dinner invitations;

Earle, Ralph E.W.

4

a note from Virginia Timberlake requesting
Nashville newspapers for Mrs. Peggy Eaton (n.d.)
and a request from Charles Gratiot to attend a
card party. These communications are addressed
to Earle, in care of the "President".

Early, Jubal Anderson

C

Letters. 1846-1889.

Virginia.

Section A

3 pieces
1 added

1 " added JUL 10 1940

4 " "

1 " 4 Sept. 14, 1943

2 " " Aug. 23, 1949

1 item added

13 11-20-51

1 item added 12-5-56

OCT 1936

JUN 15 1938

2 items added

Early, Jubal Anderson

2

Papers, 1846-1889

Virginia

Section A

1 item added 5-15-57
1 item added 6-8-57
2 items " 1-6-60
1 item added, 6-27-68
1 item added, 2-22-73
1 item added, 9-30-78

Early, Jubal Anderson. Letters, 1846-1889.
Virginia. Sketch 18 pieces

The collection contains twelve letters of General Early. One from Havana, Cuba, deals with the Trans-Mississippi campaign, with Maximilian in Mexico, and the early problems of reconstruction. Two deal with more personal matters and with some of the problems confronting the Southern Hist. Society of which he was president. Other subjects are railroad building the appointment of John A. Campbell, Col. of Volunteers, inadequate clothing for soldiers,

Early, Jubal Anderson. Letters. 1846-1889.
Virginia. Sketch. ~~13 pieces~~

and there is a letter to Pres. James K. Polk in which Early offers himself ofr commission in the army.

Two letters added 8-22-49, one of these was written by Early from Canada to Gen. Thomas C. Reynolds in which he makes adverse comments about Lincoln, defends the Confederate flag and tells why he lost respect for the U. S. flag, defends Maximilian and Carlotta as dupes of Napoleon III, and states why France had to abandon her Mexican empire, speaks of several

Early, Jubal Anderson. Letters, 1846-1889. ³
Virginia. Sketch. ~~17 pieces~~

Leading Confederates including Jefferson Davis whom he had seen in Canada, says he never intends to return to the U. S. unless forced by necessity to do so, attacks Andrew Johnson and the Reconstruction policy and states his only hope for the South.

The other letter is concerned largely with Early's criticism of the published biographical sketches of himself.

1 item added. This is a letter of April 30,

Early, J. A.

4

1864 from Gen. A. R. Lawton to Gen. Early informing him of the laws and regulations regarding payment for horses killed in the Confederate service.

Photostat of a will of Jubal A. Early dated Apr. 22, 1867. This will, which revoked a will of 1864, was later cancelled. It was added to the collection on 12-5-56.

1 item added 5-15-57: document estimating the value of corn cut down in Frederick Co., Va., for C. S. A. Army, by order of Gen. Early.

1 item added 6-8-57: letter of May 15, 1857 from Carroll W. McGlue stating why he did not attend the last term of circuit court as a juror.

2 items added 1-6-60: Letters from Early to Edmund Irvine. Early, a member of the Va. Convention, declares on Mar. 3, 1861, that the state will not secede. On Dec. 7, 1868 he discusses legal affairs and U. S. politics.

EARLY, J. A.

6

[An advertisement of the La. Lottery Company, Inc. in 1882 lists Jubal A. Early and P. G. T. Beauregard as Commissioners. This advertisement is in the Broadside Collection in the Rare Book Room.]

1 item added, 6-27-68: A letter from Early to S.O. Donnell concerning the whereabouts of Henry Brown Richardson, an engineer with Early's division during the Civil War and later chief engineer for the state of Louisiana (Sept. 21, 1887).

Early, J. A.

7

1 item added, 2-22-73: A letter to Early of February 8, 1876, which was written by Fitzhugh Lee at Richland, Virginia. In the letter he mentioned a letter written by General Lee to Longstreet and one from Jefferson[?] Davis to James Lyons, from which he quoted. Also, Lee noted an address by General Sharp, which stated that he kept accurate records of Lee's Army, although General Grant had supposedly been ignorant of the size of that army.

Early, Jubal A.

8

1 item added, 9-30-78: Letter from Early to Mrs. H.S. Turner, December 4, 1884. Early mentions trips to New Orleans and refers to General Pierre G.T. Beauregard's "foolish article" on the Battle of Manassas and to his own article on the Battle of Gettysburg and the role of General Richard Stoddert Ewell.

Earnhardt, Peter C.

Papers, 1862-1863

Fond du Lac County[?], Wis.

Section A

1 volume

Recataloged, 4-30-69

Earnhardt, Peter C. Papers. Fond du Lac
County [?], Wisconsin

Peter C. Earnhardt appears to be from Fond du Lac County, Wisconsin. He served in the Union Army in Virginia and West Virginia, but he is not listed in The History of Fond du Lac County, Wisconsin as one of that county's residents who joined the Army. References in his diary, however, indicate that he was originally from that area.

The diary is mainly a daily record of the routine activities of Earnhardt's military

Earnhardt, Peter C.

2

experience. It was begun on June 9, 1862, and proceeds to the end of that year and then reverts to the beginning of the volume to record the first months of 1863. Earnhardt mentions various individuals, many of whom were connected with the Third Regiment of Wisconsin Volunteers, the unit to which Earnhardt was probably attached. Runaway slaves are mentioned on August 19, 1862.

M-5672-5673

Easley, James S. and William W.
Willingham

Letter Books, 1853-1855

Halifax, Halifax Co., Va.

(From the Don Preston Peters Collection)

5-3-58

2 vols.

Easley, James S., and William W. Willingham.
Letter Books, 1853-1855. 2 vols. Sketch

This collection consists of two letterbooks composed mostly of business letters to the business firm of James S. Easley and William W. Willingham from land agents in Ill. and, more particularly, Iowa.

Names mentioned include George Carrington and William T. Smithson.

Subjects mentioned in the letters include westward migration (e.g., Sept. 26, 1855); Robert Mitchell, an American Revolutionary War veteran, whose death is mentioned in a letter

Easley, James S., and William W. Willingham 2
of Sept. 4, 1855; Thomas Hart Benton, Jr. and
Gov. ---- Izard of ---- (Sept. 22, 1855); the
projected removal of Iowa's capital from Iowa
City to Ft. Des Moines (now Des Moines, (Jan.
23 and 27, 1855); and politics and government
in Iowa (e.g., Dec. 6, 1854); the Homestead
Bill (e.g., Aug. 30, 1853 and Apr. 3 & 5, 1854).

The chief subject is land in Ill. and Iowa,
including land sales, prices, taxes, claims,
supply, demand, agents, lawyers, offices, and
patents.

The letters also discuss land warrants and

Easley, James S., and William W. Willingham 3
scrip, including land warrants and scrip issued
by the U. S. Pension Office to American Revolu-
tionary War veterans; receipts; and abstracts
of time sales.

(This collection was originally in the Don
Preston Peters Collection.)

Easley, Pyrant

Papers, 1816-1824

Virginia [?]

Section A

7 items & 1 vol.

9-13-57

GUIDE

Easley, Pyrant. Papers, 1816-1824. Virginia?;
7 items & 1 vol. Sketch

This collection deals with the slaves of Pyrant Easley (d. 1816), their disposition after his death, and their hire. The seven items came from the Slave Sales Papers in this dept.

East, James W.

C

Papers, 1869-1870

Lexington, Rockbridge Co., Va.

Section A

2 items

7-17-57

GUIDE

East, James W. Papers, 1869-1870. Lexington,
Rockbridge Co., Va. 2 items. Sketch

This collection contains two business notes from T. r?; B. Heck to James W. East. They were signed in Lexington, Va.

For more information about James W. East see a letter of Nov. 30, 1859, in the William A. Lackey Papers in this department.

This collection was originally a part of the Don Preston Peters Collection.

East Coast homophile organizations, 1964. 2 vols. (.1
lin. ft.)

Two volumes, one containing the proceedings of the
conference on the theme homosexuality, civil liberties
and social rights, the other about the Mattachine
Society of Washington.

Gift: 12/90

Accessioned: 12/8/93

Acc. No.: 93-316

East India Company. India. Madras Presidency L-948 D S

Extracts from Records, 1755-1775

Madras, India

84 pp.

Paper

$31\frac{3}{4}$ x $20\frac{1}{4}$ cm.

10-1-62

East India Company. India. Madras Presidency.
Extracts from Records, 1755-1775. Madras,
India.

This volume is entitled "Extracts from the East India Company's Records, at Madras, Relative to the Conduct of the Nabob Walau Jau, 1755." It contains extracts of documents and correspondence that concern the political and financial relationship of Mohammed Ali, Nabob of Arcot, with the officials of the Madras Presidency. These documents date from 1755 to 1775, but they are principally from 1755-1770.

East India Company. India. Madras Presidency

The Nabob is closely allied with the East India Company, which sustains his rule over the Carnatic in southern India. He governs this region throughout the second half of the eighteenth century. Not until 1801 does the company assume the administration of the Carnatic and thus combine its military control and civil administration. Because of military assistance from the company, Mohammed Ali becomes indebted to it, and he cedes territory and assigns revenues in order to meet his financial obligations

East India Company. India. Madras Presidency.
to the British. The financial agreements and negotiations between the Nabob and the Madras Presidency are the principal topics of this volume.

The contents of the volume are: Extracts of correspondence and other documents, 1755-1775, pp. 1-33; short calendars of the correspondence and documents, pp. 35-37; and an account of tribute owed to the Nabob by various lesser rulers in the Carnatic, August 16, 1762, pp. 38-44. The rest of the volume is blank.

East India Company. India. Madras Presidency

The date and purpose for the copying of these extracts is not apparent. The text affords no explanation, and the watermarks do not include dates.

The correspondence and documents involve the Nabob and the governors, the Select Committee, and the Board of the Madras Presidency. The two governors who appear prominently are George Pigot, First Baronet and Baron Pigot (1755-1763), and his successor, Sir Robert Palk (1763-1767). A few items of correspondence between

East India Company. India. Madras Presidency
Madras and the company's authorities in England
are also represented.

The financial and political relationship of
the Nabob and Governor Palk is noted in the
sketch of Palk in the Dictionary of National
Biography. A detailed account for the years,
1763-1765, appears in James Mill, The History
of British India (London, 1820), Vol. III, pp.
334-348.

At least part of the documents represented
in this manuscript volume are published. The

East India Company. India. Madras Presidency
extracts from the country correspondence of
1755, for example, are taken from documents
that have been published in the Records of Fort
St. George, Country Correspondence, Military
Department, 1755 (Madras, 1912). Marginal
notations with the extracts identify them easi-
ly with the printed documents.

Mohammed Ali is variously known as
Muhammad Ali, Anaverdy Cawn (in Records of Fort
St. George), and Mohammed Ali Khan, etc.

East Tennessee Land Company

Papers. 1893-94

Harriman, Tennessee

GUIDE

C

5 items

2-14051

Section A

EAST TENNESSE LAND COMPANY PAPERS. 1893-94.

Harriman, Tenn. 5 items

Circulars sent out to stockholders relating
to the reorganization of the company.

C
Easterly, Branner

Papers, 1854-1888

Carbondale, Illionis

Section. A

61 items

DEC 7 '48

GUIDE

Easterly, Branner. Papers, 1854-1888.
Carbondale, Illionis. 61 items. Sketch.

Letter to Branner Easterly of Murphysborough, Illionis from Felix Crawford, who wished to hire him; letters from L. A. Easterly of Montgomery, Ala. to C. B. Easterly (brother), urging him to come to Montgomery; letter from S. Kate Beble of Green~~e~~co., Tenn. to a cousin; and letters from Martha Jane Easterly to her husband Branner Easterly, a volunteer in Company D, 81st Regiment. Martha writes of the problem of running the

Easterly, Branner

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farm with her husband away, about the health of the children, and about the neighbors, repeats rumors regarding the draft, and begs him to come home. In October, 1862, Branner was at Humbolt, Tenn., two months later he was at Lagrange, Tenn, and in April, 1863 she wrote him at Lake Providence, La. By Aug. 19 of that year he was in Vicksburg, where he remained until at least well along in 1864.

Letter from Elbert Easterly to a brother; on Sept. 3, 1869; Mary P. Easterly wrote her

Easterly, Branner

brother-in-law, Branner Easterly, that her husband L. A. had died, leaving her with two small sons, and this starts a correspondence which extends over a period of years. This correspondence reveals hatred on his part for Southerners, but some degree of tolerance is evident in her attitude toward Northerners, although she blames the troubles of the South on the Carpetbaggers. By July, 1871, Branner was in the market for another wife.

On Sept. 23, 1876, Thomas C. Easterly

Easterly, Branner

wrote from Midway, Greene co., Tenn., telling where he had lived since 1861, giving the number of his children, critizing what he termed the corrupt administration of that state, and making references to the coming elections and to hard times. Letter from Tom McBride of Caxtelle, McLennan co., Texas to Brennar Easterly, with whom he served in the 81st Regiment. In this letter are quoted prices of certain items.

Eastern Cooperative Wholesale Inc.

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THIS COLLECTION OR
ADDITIONS TO THIS COLLECTION, PLEASE ASK
A STAFF MEMBER TO CONSULT THE ACCESSION
RECORDS.

Easthope, Sir John, First Bart. (1784-1865)

Papers, 1809-1956

London, England

XVIII-F

499 items

3-6-58

1 transferred to the
Brougham MSS., 4-12-61

Easthope, Sir John. Papers, 1809-1880. London,
England. 498 items. Sketch

First Bart. (1784-1865)

Sir John Easthope was a banker, financier, and railway promoter, a Whig member of Parliament, and the owner of the semi-official daily, The Morning Chronicle. His papers (centering chiefly in the years 1834-1847 during his ownership of the newspaper) are illustrative of the relationship between the press and British politicians. They also give a picture of the interplay of personalities in the inner Whig party circle. Most of the leading political issues of the period are touched upon in the

Easthope, Sir John

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letters. References to the Royal Family, particularly to Queen Victoria, are numerous; they indicate a royal concern about newspaper publicity.

The Morning Chronicle history is also reflected by the Easthope papers. John Black, the paper's most successful editor, employed Dickens as a reporter and Thackeray as an art critic. Black was a clear-headed, reforming, Scottish journalist, who used all the amateur and not always helpful assistance afforded him by Whig politicians. Brougham, Charles Buller, Joseph

Easthope, Sir John

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Parkes, and Mary Russell Mitford were among the friends and contributors of the paper. An editor of the old school, Black did not always guide the Chronicle with the vigor John Easthope demanded. The Easthope papers indicate a friendship with the Earl of Durham, the most radical of the Whigs. When the Chronicle and Easthope turned more radical in 1839, some indignant Whigs attributed this to the influence of Durham. The paper supported the Melbourne Ministry as a semi-official organ between 1835-1841. By 1840 Easthope and the Chronicle were enthusiastic

Easthope, Sir John

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supporters of Lord Palmerston and his Syrian and French policies. A series of his letters and a number of miscellaneous papers in the Easthope correspondence bear this out. Eventually Easthope broke with Lord John Russell over this support of Palmerston. (Rumor had it that Palmerston wrote articles for the Chronicle during the years of Peel's ministry, 1841-1846.)

John Black was summarily dismissed as editor by Easthope in 1843. Andrew Doyle, the foreign editor of the Chronicle, had married Easthope's daughter and become editor. The

Easthope, Sir John

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letters of Walter Coulson at this time comment on Black and the raising of an annuity for him.

The main body of the Easthope papers end in 1847, when he sold his newspaper, which had been losing money, to supporters of Sir Robert Peel.

The papers are notable for a number of series of letters by leading Whigs and reformers. Easthope was involved with the Duke of Sussex, a Whig, in Masonic affairs. Lord Durham, Richard Cobden, Lord Brougham, Lord Palmerston, the Earls of Shaftesbury and of Clarendon, and

Easthope, Sir John

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Lord John Russell each has a series of letters to Easthope and to Doyle.

A letter by Princess Charlotte, daughter of George IV, and a proclamation by Earl Bathurst, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, open the papers in 1809. Bathurst is addressing Tyrolese patriots revolting against the return of the Tyrol to Bavaria by the Treaty of Vienna or Schönbrunn.

Two William Wilberforce letters (1828 and 1831) concern the Royal Company of Canada of which Easthope was a director. The company was

Easthope, Sir John

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building a community in Canada.

Viscount Althorp, Chancellor of the Exchequer and Whig leader of the House of Commons, writes in 1831 to Easthope as M. P. from Banbury, urging attendance in the House of Commons as the Reform Bill is to be considered. A number of Easthope drafts of letters are contained in the papers, the first being that of June 26, 1831, to the Duke of Sussex, in which the Duke's liberal support and Whig loyalty are mentioned, as are Edward Ellice, Secretary of War and chief Whig whip, and Charles Grant, Lord Glenelg, of

Easthope, Sir John

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the Board of Control. Local Whig politics are noted in the 1832 letters from Banbury.

John Foster, presumably a rich ironmaster of Tewkesbury and an old friend, writes from Stapleton on Feb. 8, 1833, commenting on parliamentary reform, the "appalling" state of Ireland with its evictions by selfish landlords, the need to "cut back" the established church in Ireland, the opinions of Edward Stanley, later 14th Earl of Derby, and the situation of the Church of England. Foster's letters continue till 1841. He comments on the "horrid barbarism"

Easthope, Sir John

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of the populace in 1838 during the Chartist crisis.

John Easthope was for many years interested in the affairs of Spain and Portugal, both economic and political. He had Spanish friends, promoted railroad building, and gave favorable publicity to the liberal, constitutional parties of the two countries in the Chronicle. An undated and unsigned article, presumably for his newspaper, is placed at the end of the papers, and probably deals with Portuguese and Spanish politics about 1837. The details of a subscrip-

Easthope, Sir John

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tion dinner in London in April, 1834, to Juan Alvarez y Mendizabal for his support of the Queen Maria de Gloria of Portugal, are followed by Mendizabal letters. Both Mendizabal and the Duke of Sotomayor write of Spanish coal mines, railways, and investments. The Chevalier de Pirbeiro sent John Easthope his certificate of Knighthood of the Order of Christ, which was conferred by the Portuguese Queen on June 14, 1837, for his services to her country. Spanish interest culminates in 1855 when Queen Isabella appoints Sir John Easthope a Knight Commander of

Easthope, Sir John

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the Royal Order of Charles II. Other Spanish correspondents are S--- Oloyaza and the Count de Lara (1840). Easthope was interested in the Royal North of Spain R. R.

One of the longest and most notable series of letters to Easthope is that by Henry, Lord Brougham, which begins on Oct. 3, 1834, and continues till Sept. 1, 1861. The two men were good friends, though not without differences, as seen by the group of letters in 1843 labeled "The Brougham Affair." During this quarrel Lord Nugent writes to calm the waters. Lord Brougham

Easthope, Sir John

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chose to attack the Chronicle's reporting of a speech by Sir Thomas Wilde. The point then arose as to whether Easthope assumed personal responsibility for all articles published in the Chronicle. The forty-eight Brougham letters are mostly political, many of them dealing with Brougham's publicity in the Chronicle. In 1834 the clamor over the dissolution of "church and state," the support of general education, the Earl of Durham, and Tory politics receive comment. Easthope writes on Oct. 13, 1834, an interesting letter to Brougham on French politics,

Easthope, Sir John

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the dynasty of Louis Philippe, the English Tories, the provisional administration of the Duke of Wellington, and French reaction to the change from Whig to Tory government. In 1839 Brougham comments on the Corn Laws. Some details about the "Brougham hoax" are noted in November. After the quarrel of the two men in 1843, the letters continue with political comment on elections, Sir Robert Peel, George Canning, and Lord Campbell. In Sept. and Oct., 1847, Brougham writes on the crisis in money matters in the city (London). He comments on Oct. 18 on Louis

Easthope, Sir John

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Philippe of France as an Anglophile. The resignation of Palmerston as Foreign Secretary in Dec., 1853, brings lengthy comment. In a letter of Sept. 1, 1854, Brougham writes of "gross injustice" to Dr. Sidney Smith, and advocates an appeal to Lords Palmerston and Aberdeen. He pointedly advises no appeal to William Ewart Gladstone, who is capable of "cruel injustice," and is in the hands of Sir George Otto Trevelyan. The Crimean War (1854-55) is noted, the Anglo-French alliance favored, Leopold of Belgium seen as not so much opposed to Russia as he should

Easthope, Sir John

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be, and dissension and jobbery in London viewed as "disgusting."

The second notable series of letters, correspondence between the Earl of Durham and Easthope, begins in 1834 and concerns mainly Russia and Canada. Durham, a liberal too advanced for the Whig party, was sent to the British Embassy at St. Petersburg in 1835. From there he wrote to Easthope on Jan. 20, 1836, to keep the fires of reform burning by not allowing the new corporations (created by the Municipal Corporations Act of 1835) to go to sleep. He finds British

influence, not Russian, predominant at Constantinople, and refers to the stupidity of Lord Aberdeen, British Ambassador to Turkey. His policies with the Tsar Nicholas I and with the British merchants in Russia are explained. Durham touches on reform, King William IV, the church rates, the ballot, the House of Lords, and Canada. Greek independence and England's influence there are noted. Durham on Jan. 3, 1837, comments on the new Russian tariff giving reduced rates and exemptions to British merchants. He reports that Nicholas I is not in-

Easthope, Sir John

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sane as rumored. In Apr., 1837, he denies a rumor connecting him with Victoria's establishment. In an undated letter (1838) after his return from Russia, Durham refers to "a desperate task, where my greatest obstacles arise from the violent British." This obviously refers to his appointment by Lord Melbourne as Governor in Chief of Canada and head of a special high commission to investigate and report on the disturbances of that divided country. Easthope's letter to Durham in July, 1838, speaks of his hard task, rendered worse by Tories and jealous

Whigs. Included at this point is a copy of a letter by Charles Grant, Lord Glenelg, Colonial Secretary, approving the course Durham is pursuing in regard to the settlement of Canadian problems. Durham's work caused a storm in England, which is reflected in Easthope's letter of Aug. 13. Excerpts of Daniel O'Connell's long eulogy of Durham are quoted. By October, 1838, Durham writes of his return home. He encloses a letter by Sir John Colborne, who now takes over. (No reference is made to the famous Durham Report, the basis for much of the future

Easthope, Sir John

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colonial policy of Great Britain. This report was supposedly written by Charles Buller, Jr., Durham's secretary, some of whose letters are in these papers.) The remaining correspondence from Durham is social. He comments on the Tory circle around Queen Adelaide in Dec., 1839. On July 10, 1840, just before his death, Durham gives a vivid description of the criminal character of the lower part of Green Park.

An interesting description of the House of Commons debate on the dissolution of the Orange Lodges in Ireland and comments on Irish affairs

Easthope, Sir John

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and railway building come from Henry Drummond of Dublin on Mar. 3, 1836.

Daniel O'Connell writes a number of letters to Easthope in 1836, 1837, and 1840, mostly concerning political patronage. Many requests for aid in securing political positions come to Easthope during the Melbourne Ministry of the eighteen thirties.

The series of letters from Lord John Russell begins on Sept. 15, 1836, with a letter to John Black, editor of the Chronicle, on politics. On Aug. 8 he congratulates John Easthope

Easthope, Sir John

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on winning a seat in the House of Commons. His letters are political in character, referring to Lord Brougham, the Tories, the attacks on Queen Adelaide in the Chronicle, Canadian Union and Poulett Thomson, and Palmerston and Turkey, Peel and the Corn Laws, and the "unfortunate" appointment of Sir Charles Bagot to Canada. In Jan. and Aug., 1842, French relations and the Corn Laws receive comment. Lord John Russell wrote on Oct. 19, 1842, of the "defective" Ashburton Treaty, which he believed based on commercial advantages and concessions. Sir

Easthope. Sir John

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Charles Bagot, Lord Sydenham, Lord Durham, and Daniel Webster all are noted in regard to Canadian affairs. On Oct. 26 he reviewed Canadian politicians Nielsen, Baldwin, Lafontaine, Sir A. McNeill, and Moffat. Although his party is no longer in power, Russell's letters reveal keen interest in such national issues as payment of Roman Catholic and Protestant clergy, inconsistency in Tory policies in the governments of Canada and Ireland (1843), and reform of the Corn Law with a fixed rate (1844). The letters stop in 1846, just before Sir John

Easthope, Sir John

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Easthope retired from Parliament.

A series of Palmerston letters begins in Oct., 1836, with discussion of the sources of the Chronicle's Portuguese and Spanish news, particularly Senor Mendizabal. The London Times' relations with him are noted. In 1838 Palmerston asked Easthope to stop attacks on British consuls in Egypt. Palmerston is consulted by Easthope in 1840 as to investment in French railways, particularly the Paris and Rouen R. R. Easthope also wrote to Guizot on this investment. Palmerston writes on Oct. 11, 1840, a

Easthope, Sir John

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letter on Egyptian affairs in which he discusses the restoration of Mehemet Ali and French policy in Egypt. (British relations with France are reflected in many of the papers.) Edward Ellice made a scathing criticism in Oct., 1840, of the Morning Chronicle's policy of abusing France about her Syrian and Egyptian policy. Reference is made to Comte Walewski, French Minister to Britain, Mehemet Ali, Palmerston, and the London Conference (1840). (Evidently Easthope and the Chronicle supported the Palmerston policy in Syria.) When Lord Melbourne's ministry fell

Easthope, Sir John

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in 1841, the Queen conferred a baronetcy on Easthope. The Easthope papers are notable for their consistent support of Lord Palmerston.

A letter of July 14, 1846, by M. Guizot to Easthope discusses the peaceful, friendly relations of France and England (1840-1846), the means of maintaining this accord, and Lord Palmerston's proposed visit to Paris. (This letter was written as Lord Palmerston entered the cabinet of Lord John Russell as Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.) Included here in the Easthope papers is a draft of an article for the

Easthope, Sir John

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newspaper marked "by M. Guizot," dealing with Anglo-French friendship and praising Whig leaders. (It was probably inspired by M. Guizot.)

Lady Palmerston described on Sept. 5, 1846, a trip of the royal yacht, Victoria and Alberta, on which Lord Palmerston was invited by the Queen. On Sept. 29, Palmerston informs Easthope that the Rothschilds are selling out in Paris, and questions the effect of a "fall in funds" on the government of Louis Philippe. Easthope, in a letter in 1846 to Guizot, also mentions

Palmerston's visit to Paris and the strong government elections in France. In 1848 Palmerston comments on the poverty of Ireland, which is too poor to support a tax to pay its priests. He refers to the "Swiss affair" and "the bigot," Montalembert. In 1848 Palmerston gave Andrew Doyle, the editor of the Morning Chronicle, a warm testimonial, as to character, and recommended him to Charles Buller, Jr., for a Poor Law Inspectorate.

John Black, editor of the Morning Chronicle in 1837, wrote to Lord Melbourne that the paper

must receive full documents if it is to report government speeches. He commented on a speech of Lord Morpeth, the 7th Earl of Carlisle. The Melbourne letter to Easthope written on Jan. 2, 1846, (accompanied by a partial copy by Easthope) gave Melbourne's views on repeal of the Corn Laws. Easthope wrote to Melbourne on Jan. 4, 1846, referring to M. Guizot, who is "kindly" inclined to Palmerston, Melbourne's Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

George Edward Anson, secretary to Lord Melbourne, became private secretary to Prince

Albert. He wrote some letters from Windsor Castle. The first of his letters, written on Aug. 8, 1837, set aside the rumor that Baron Stockmar would become the private secretary of Queen Victoria. Anson urged that any news of the Queen be checked with him for validity. The Queen's ladies-in-waiting are mentioned in Sept. 1841. He reviewed the John Topp incident in its connection with Prince Albert in 1845, protesting against press attacks on the Prince Consort and describing his character. An attack on the Court and its head by a disappointed office

Easthope, Sir John

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seeker is noted on Nov. 11, 1845.

The Duke of Essex began a series of letters in Oct., 1837, the contents of which touch lightly on politics of the day. On May 4, 1838, the novelist, Louisa Sheridan, wrote a long letter on memoirs--scandalous and otherwise-- of the Duchess of St. Albans. Charles Grant, Lord Glenelg, complained in 1839 to Easthope as a director of the Southampton R. R. of the service of that line.

A few letters were sent to Easthope by
Edward J. Stanley, Second Baron Stanley

Easthope, Sir John

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of Alderley. He analyzed the role of the Peers in parliamentary government in 1839, emphasizing reform; and he commented on Melbourne's Irish policy. The attack of the Morning Chronicle on Queen Adelaide, after the Dowager Queen had made a visit to the Midlands, is viewed as injudicious on Nov. 21, 1839. His letter of Sept. 5, 1840, referred to "the Beyrout business," to the French reaction to the deposition of Mohemet Ali of Egypt, and to the need to confer with Lord John Russell before newspaper comment.

William Cowper, who wrote on liberal poli-

Easthope, Sir John

32

tics, had an interesting letter of Feb. 5, 1840, on the financial arrangements of Queen Victoria. He related the various charities and expenditures of her Privy Purse of £60,000, some of which were inherited from George IV and William IV. He also referred on Mar. 31, 1842, to a violent "Puseyistical" article of the Times and reviewed the affairs of the Church of England. Many references are made to the state of the Church and religious affairs in the course of the Easthope correspondence.

A number of letters came from Sir Thomas

Wilde, a friend of Easthope, who rose from a serjeant-at-law to Lord Chancellor. (Wilde defended Queen Caroline in the divorce proceedings instituted by George IV.) The early correspondence dealt with an appointment for Wilde and with his campaign to become a member of the House of Commons. Henry Warburton described Lord John Russell and his "repulsive humours" in an account of an interview with him on behalf of Wilde. A speech of Sir Thomas Wilde as reported by the Morning Chronicle is the basis of the quarrel between Lord Brougham and Sir John

Easthope. Sir John

34

Easthope in April, 1843.

Beginning in 1839 with the subject of the reform of the House of Peers, Lord Methuen comments casually on politics. He evidently sent articles and material to the Morning Chronicle for publication. On Apr. 26, 1842, he noted British and German relations(?).

A few letters between Lord Normanby, Easthope, and John Black dealt with appointments to political jobs.

Mary Russell Mitford, the novelist, wrote from near Reading, England, a few social notes.

Easthope, Sir John

35

In Feb., 1843, however, she thanks Easthope for his kindness to her in regard to a subscription.

Dr. Stephen Lushington, Lord Chancellor, commented on Apr. 10, 1840, on Chinese affairs. He wanted to determine the policy of the Ministry in regard to shipping in case hostilities arose with China.

Fox Maule, Under Secretary of State, wrote with annoyance at a paragraph (clipping accompanying the letter) appearing in the Morning Chronicle relating to Edward Oxford, who attempted to assassinate the Queen and the Prince

Easthope, Sir John

36

Consort in 1840.

The series of letters from the Earl of Clarendon to Easthope dealt with politics and foreign affairs. Patronage, the Criminal Justice Bill, the Charitable Trusts Bill, the Chinese War (1841), French journalism, Daniel O'Connell (1841), the British policy on slavery (1842), the Corn Laws and the great distress of the country (1843), Lord Ashburton, Lord Brougham, the Tory bishops of Exeter and London, Spanish railways, and "the sugar question;" all

are reviewed by Clarendon.

The best papers concerning internal conditions in Great Britain are the short series of letters from Richard Cobden to Sir John Easthope and to John Black. They center on industrial and agricultural distress in England. Cobden was working very hard to abolish the Corn Laws through the Anti-Corn Law League. Easthope agreed to publish a series of letters by Somerville in the Morning Chronicle, the cost partially to be paid by the League. Both men were actively anti-Tory, Cobden discussing the dis-

astrous Tory policy "with the masses" and the "knaves of Chartists." On Sept. 15, 1842, Cobden wrote graphically of economic conditions, particularly in the North. There unemployment and idle mills had accompanied three years of strife, conditions very bad for investments and the great "manufactory system." Cobden believed that distress among the middle classes would force great constitutional changes. Reports of riots and bad Chartist leaders are followed by the statement that the aristocracy will have to change. If the Corn Laws stood, revolution

Easthope, Sir John

39

would come. Other letters note details of Cobden's undermining of the Corn Laws. He analyzed the meaning of Free Trade on Dec. 22, 1842. He believed that the Whigs would come to this doctrine. No change short of revolution could be made without the aid of a section of the aristocracy (presumably the Whigs).

Charles Buller, Jr., wrote to Easthope on Sept. 11, 1842, concerning Lord Palmerston and American affairs. This excellent letter reviewed the role of the King of Holland in the negotiations with the United States on the

Canadian boundary, the Featherstonhaugh Report, Palmerston's attitude, the friendly attitude of all British parties to the United States, and Palmerston's attitude toward a "liberal party." Writing on Dec. 22, 1845, to Andrew Doyle as "C. B.," Charles Buller commented on "extinct" Whiggery, mentioning Thackeray, Peel, and Russell. He stated there were no more Whigs; there was a Liberal Party. On Dec. 23, "C. B." commented on the Duke of Wellington's favoring the repeal of the Corn Laws, an attitude which would enable Sir Robert Peel to carry the repeal in

Easthope, Sir John
Parliament.

41

The letters of Lord Fortescue, Lord Lieutenant of Devonshire, are casual, mentioning the "Mathew Testimonial," John Black, Russell and Peel and repeal of the Corn Laws, Lord Melbourne, the Exeter Riots by R. R. laborers (1847), and venison.

Lord Campbell, author of The Lives of the Chancellors, wrote Easthope a number of casual letters, chiefly concerning publicity for his book in the Chronicle and the loss of the Libel Bill (1844).

Easthope evidently owned a series of houses of increasing magnificence. Patric Parks, the sculptor, who did a bust of Easthope; Joseph Papworthy, an architect who worked at "Firgrove," the Easthope estate at Weybridge; and Joseph Parkes, a parliamentary agent for the Whigs, a friend of John Black, and a lawyer concerned in Easthope land transactions; all revealed details of Easthope's private affairs. Parkes wrote in 1844 of an Italian trip, describing Venice and a visit of Prince Metternich. He also commented on French national character and

Easthope. Sir John

43

the unpopularity of Daniel O'Connell with British Liberals. On Mar. 19, 1844, Parkes described the vote of Liberals Easthope, Russell, and Howick with Shaftesbury on labor legislation.

Lord Shaftesbury, the great social reformer, wrote in 1843 of the National Education Bill blasted by a union of Dissenters and Puseyites. On Jan. 10, 1844, he referred to Indian affairs. The opening of the debate on Graham's Factory Bill on Mar. 14, 1844, is discussed in relation to Shaftesbury's amendment to place a ten-hour limit to work of women and young people.

Indian affairs are discussed by Lord Auckland, Governor General of India, 1836-1842, on Mar. 10, 1844, when he wrote of Lord Ellenborough's advance into Gwalior. This military action was based on the Treaty of Boorhampore, discussed in despatches of Richard Wellesley, which Lord Auckland quoted on Mar. 10, 1844.

Macvey Napier, editor of the Edinburgh Review, explained to Andrew Doyle on Aug. 27, 1845, his magazine's policy in keeping out of areas of controversy.

Benjamin Disraeli wrote on Feb. 20, 1846,

* 2 letters of same
date

Spain and Portugal and British policy toward those countries. This was written by L. Arg-
lles, probably in 1837.

Clippings of modern date deal with Easthope's friends, Lords Palmerston and Brougham, and the Anti-Corn Law League.

(Sir John Easthope retired from Parliament in 1847. His newspaper had supported Palmerston's Syrian and French policies. Lord John Russell, making an alliance with the Times, withdrew semi-official support in 1848. Easthope, who had been losing money, sold the

Easthope, Sir John

47

Chronicle to a group of Peelites. The last letters in the papers are those of Andrew Doyle, Easthope's son-in-law.)

Among the correspondents in the letters are Prince Cimitelli of Naples on French affairs, Lord Duboyne, Lord Glenelg, Lord Cottenham, Leon Foucher, Sir George Hayter, the painter, Lord Ripon, Marquis Lavalette, Poulett Thomson (Lord Sydenham), Viscount Althorp, Sir Denis Le Marchant, Sir Edward Codrington, Christopher [?], Buckingham, John Black, George [?], Byng, Lord de Ros, the Earl of Ducie, Lord Sudeley,

Easthope, Sir John

48

Lord Dunmore, Anthony Rothschild, Otway Cave, Sir John Colborne, Marquis Clanricarde on Ireland, Francis Place, the famous "Radical Tailor of Charing Cross," Georges Clemenceau, De Lacy Evans, Lord Fitzwilliam, John Jervis, the Earl of Leicester, Lord Lovelace, Count de Lara, John Ramsay McCulloch, statistician, political scientist, and author, Lord Mounteagle, and Charles [?], Romilly.

1 item transferred to the Brougham MSS. on 4-12-61: Newspaper clipping of a review of a book relating to Lord Brougham.

Eaton, Amos

Papers, 1827-1831

Troy, N. Y.

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the
History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

3 items

4-8-60

Eaton, Amos. Papers, 1827-1831. Troy, N. Y.
3 items. Sketch.

Amos Eaton (1776-1842), eminent botanist, geologist, and principal and professor at Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, made a famous geological survey, 1820-1824, of the several counties through which the Erie Canal ran. Gen. Stephen Van Rensselaer named him the principal at Rensselaer Polytech when he founded it in 1824. In June, 1827, William Tully (1785-1849), eminent American physician, writes that Gen. Van Rensselaer is at home, with the result that Eaton writes to the General about a proposed

Eaton, Amos

2

geological and mineralogical trip. He briefly relates the equipment the Van Rensselaer sons will need if they go. Prof. Eaton refers to G. W. Clinton, who could be George de Witt Clinton, Governor and promoter of the Erie Canal.

The letter of Ebenezer Emmons, physician and geologist, is from Williams College and concerns the second edition of his Manual of Mineralogy and Geology.

Treasure Room

Eaton, Benjamin

MISSING 10/25/88

1083

✓

Letter Book.

1805.

Boston, Massachusetts

42 pp.

Paper.

25 x 21 cm.

AUG 30 1940

Eaton, Benjamin. Letter Book, 1805. Boston, Mass.

Benjamin Eaton married in Boston, Jan. 24, 1805, Arabella Howard, daughter of Capt. Amasa Howard of Bridgewater, Mass. She was born in 1787 and died in 1832. Benjamin died in 1817. The child mentioned in the letter book is Benjamin Howard Eaton, born in Boston in 1806. There were four other children. --Boston Record Commissioners' Reports, Boston Marriages, 1752-1809, p. 486; Mitchell's History of Bridgewater... (Bridgewater, 1897), pp. 153, 205.

Eaton, Henry James

Eaton Genealogy

Concord, Merrimack Co., N. H.

Cab. 69

5-13-66

1 vol.

Eaton, John Henry

C

Papers, 1829-1830

Washington, D. C.

Section A

2 items

9-23-59

Eaton, John Henry. Papers, 1829-1830. Wash-
ington, D. C. 2 items. Sketch.

Two letters of recommendation for appoint-
ment addressed to John Henry Eaton (1790-1856),
U. S. Secretary of War. John Rowan, U. S. Sen-
ator from Ky., writes on Mar. 12, 1829; and H.
G. Lamar, U. S. Representative from Ga., on
Dec. 9, 1829.

Eaton, Walter Prichard

Papers, 1933-1934

Sheffield, Berkshire Co., Mass.

Section A

3 items

10-26-70

Eaton, Walter Prichard. Papers. Sheffield,
Berkshire Co., Mass.

Walter Prichard Eaton (1878-1957) was an author, drama critic, and college professor. A native of Malden, Massachusetts, Eaton at first was a drama critic but later turned to a career of lecturing on dramatic topics and writing books on nature, the theater, and Boy Scouts. He was a professor of playwriting at Yale University from 1933-1947, and later a visiting lecturer at both the University of

Eaton, Walter Prichard

2

Texas and the University of North Carolina.

For more information see Who Was Who in America.

The collection consists of three articles written by Eaton. The one entitled "Wildflower Gardens of Old New England" describes the wildflowers in the rural areas of Middlesex County, Massachusetts, where Eaton lived as a boy. Not only does the author explain the optimum conditions for the growth of flowers, such as gentians and mayflowers, he also reminisces about his experiences with these plants, and laments the demise of many garden

spots when highways are built through the area.

The article on Thoreau discusses the lip service many persons pay to him, and the beauty of nature on a beautiful day in April.

"American Drama vs. Literature" is an unfinished article in which Eaton put forth the theory that since many of the modern plays closely mirror the speech, customs, and feelings of their day, they have a much shorter theatrical life than was formerly the case. To Eaton, it is only through seeing a play on the stage in its day, not by reading it later from a literary point of view, that one can understand

Eaton, Walter Prichard
and appreciate it.

4

Eaton, William

c

Papers, 1831

Washington, D. C.

Section A

1 item

12-29-59

Eaton, William. Papers, 1831. Washington, D.
C. 1 item. Sketch.

A letter of Mar. 21, 1831, from William
Eaton to James Thorne about "the late war,"
presumably the War of 1812.

Eberle, John

Papers, 1826

Philadelphia, Pa.

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the
History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

1 item

4-8-60

Eberle, John. Papers, 1826. Philadelphia, Pa.
1 item. Sketch.

John Eberle (1788-1838), physician, editor, author, and professor at Jefferson Medical College, Medical college of Ohio, and Transylvania University, writes a letter of recommendation to James Buchanan.

Ebert, Valerius

C

Papers, 1861

Frederick, Frederick Co., Md.

Section A

1 item

8-3-59

Ebert, Valerius. Papers, 1861. Frederick,
Frederick Co., Md. 1 item. Sketch.

A business letter of May 23, 1861, by Valerius Ebert to G. P. Morris and N. P. Willis, founders of the Home Journal, notifying them that he was discontinuing his subscription to their journal because of its abolitionist proclivities. Upholding the recent secession of the Southern states, Ebert declares himself to be for the Union "as our fathers made it," not "right or wrong."

Eborn, William Kearney

Papers, 1835-1912

Martin County, N. C.

Cab. 70

1 vol.

3 vols. added, 1-27-67

8-6-58

Eborn, William Kearney. Papers, 1835-1912.
Martin County, North Carolina

William Kearney Eborn was a Methodist clergyman who served churches in Martin County, N.C. (*Local preacher*).

The volume comprising this collection is dated 1835 and contains notes concerning legal procedures and issues. An index is provided.

The three volumes added, 1-27-67, contain sermons, sermon notes, and Biblical

Eborn, William Kearney

2

quotations with commentaries by Eborn.

Clippings pertaining to religious subjects have been attached to several pages. An account of Charles Sumner's funeral (pp. 30-31) and an anecdote in which Abraham Lincoln was persuaded to pardon a young soldier (p. 70) are included in Vol. III.

The first two volumes are undated, but precede the last volume which is dated 1894. A prescription for the treatment of diphtheria, written on the inside cover of Vol. III, is dated May 24, 1912.

MSS.

6th 23:D Eckert, Thomas Thompson, 1825-1910.

Papers, 1861-1862.

245 items.

U.S. Brigadier General.

Collection consists mostly of military telegraph messages with some written correspondence. They are addressed mainly to Eckert and relate to general operational matters of telegraph offices, such as the establishment of new offices and telegraph lines, the hiring of operators, and the requisition of supplies.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accession records.

***lcs**

MSS.

x

Eddy, Pelig.

**Letter : Providence (R.I.), to Thomas Eddy, Washington (N.C.), 1807 April 19.
1 item (3 p.).**

Written by Thomas Eddy's father, Pelig Eddy, with a note added by his sister, Mary Eddy. Contains news about their family and mutual acquaintances in Providence, Rhode Island and expresses concern for Eddy's health. Apparently, Eddy was on business in North Carolina.

1. Fathers and sons. 2. Brothers and sisters. 3. Providence (R.I.)--Social life and customs. 4. Eddy, Thomas, fl. 1807. 5. Eddy family. 6. New Englanders--North Carolina.

Eddy, Thomas

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THIS COLLECTION OR
ADDITIONS TO THIS COLLECTION, PLEASE ASK
A STAFF MEMBER TO CONSULT THE ACCESSION
RECORDS.

Eden, George, First Earl of Auckland

Papers, 1847

London, England

XVIII-E

2 items

8-20-64

Eden, George, First Earl of Auckland.
Papers, 1847. London, England.

George Eden, Second Baron Auckland and First Earl of Auckland (1784-1849), was a British statesman and a governor general of India.

From 1846 to 1849 he was first lord of the admiralty. On April 8, 1847, Lord Palmerston, Foreign Secretary, wrote to Auckland and suggested that his idea of offering the Pacific naval command to Sir Charles Napier was undesirable. Napier was commander of the Channel fleet, and Palmerston considered his

Eden, George, First Earl of Auckland

2

presence there as an asset to foreign policy because of the respect in which he was held by foreign powers, notably France and Russia.

The last page of an undated letter from Lady Palmerston is apparently addressed to either the Earl of Auckland or to his son and successor, the Third Baron Auckland.

Eden, William, First Baron Auckland .

C

Papers, 1772 -1804

London, England

online as: Auckland,
William Eden, Baron

XVIII-E

7 items

1 item added, 5-1-63

1 item added, 8-20-64

2-4-58

1 item added, 11-12-65

7 items added, 8-30-67

2 items added, 11-10-67

3 items added, 6-19-68

Eden, William, First Baron Auckland

2

Papers, 1772-1804

London, England

18-E

3 items added, 2-12-75

2-4-58

Eden, William, First Baron Auckland. Papers,
1772-1804. London, England

William Eden's letters are those of his as British Ambassador Extraordinary at the Hague to the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, William Wyndham Grenville, in 1793, a year when the political situation was extremely critical in Holland and Belgium. He writes of returning to England, a retirement which he achieved only after the military successes of the Duke of York and the Prince de Coburg in 1793.

The first letter from Antwerp, Austrian Netherlands, reveals a conference of Eden with

Eden, William

2

the Duke of York, British military commander, the Prince de Coburg, Austrian commander, Prince Metternich and his assistant, the Comte de Starhemberg, and William V of Orange. (The European powers are gathering to move against aggressive Revolutionary France.) The Apr. 8, 1793, letter by Eden describes the desertion of the French General Dumouriez to the First Coalition against France. It records the resulting dispersion of the French Army. The French National Assembly offers a reward for the head of Dumouriez. The Prince de Coburg

Eden, William

3

begins to move the Austrian forces.

On Apr. 9, 1793, Eden cites the Duke of York (~~later King William IV of England~~) for zealous and efficient activity. Prussian forces are on the Rhine River; the Dutch agree to send in troops; the Allies thus prepare to take over Belgium and the Rhine Provinces.

From the Hague on Apr. 26 Eden writes that the Court at Vienna is making overtures for an alliance with Great Britain. He speaks of the "rapacious measures" of Prussia and Russia, moves which may weaken the "Co-operation" against

Eden, William

4

France. Austria wants George III of England to influence these two powers, so united relative to Poland (i.e., The Second Partition, 1793).

References are made to the "mere nullity" of Prussian military operations on the Rhine. Among the European generals mentioned are: Knobeldorff, de Wurmser, de Mack, Ouderberger, Duke Frederick of Brunswick, Prince Frederick of Orange, Dampierre, et al.

On Apr. 26 Eden writes of Austrian war preparations. Coburg, an "honorable plain man,"

Eden, William

5

has the beloved Austrian, Prince de Hohenlohe, as second in command. Archduke Charles of Austria is preparing a public entry as Governor General of the Low Countries. From Paris comes news of "Anarchy, Violence, Execution, Civil War, Famine, and Blasphemies."

The Duke of York with the Brigade of Guards and the 10th Regiment of Hanoverian Infantry has made an excellent showing in several actions by May 14. Russian aid and Allied operations receive comment. May 14 also dates a letter on diplomatic moves by Austria,

Eden, William

6

on donations in Belgium to her war chest, and on Royalist movements in Brittany, Poitou, and Anjou.

These copies are from originals in the Public Records Office in London.

1 item added, 5-1-63.

On June 8, 1787, William Pitt writes to Eden, British envoy in Paris, and discusses arrangements for his transfer to Madrid. Eden goes to Spain as ambassador extraordinary in August. Pitt also comments on pension arrange-

Eden, William

7

ments and possible alternatives to the appointment at Madrid. He hopes that Eden will return as soon as the condition of the Indian business permits. (In August Britain and France conclude an agreement on the disputes of the French and English East India Companies). The dispatch now being sent to Eden and the Duke of Dorset will inform them on the Dutch business. Pitt considers the situation critical and expects Eden to ascertain French intentions. France and England sign a treaty concerning Holland in November, 1787. Pitt also comments and inquires about the French financial situation.

Eden, William

8

1 item added, 8-20-64. On Oct. 3, 1772, Lord Suffolk, Secretary of State for the Northern Department, wrote to Eden, Under Sec. of State. He noted diplomatic news from the continent, commented upon ambassador Gunning's recent dispatches from Russia and their peculiar manner of arrival, noted Lord North's election as Chancellor of Oxford, and expressed his regard for the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough.

1 item added, 11-12-65. On Jan. 2, 1789, William Fraser, parliamentary under secretary of

Eden, William

9

state for foreign affairs, noted the King's condition and discussed the status of the Regency Bill in Parliament and the effect upon it of the death of the Speaker of the House of Commons.

7 items added, 8-30-67. Sometime during 1780-1782, John Robinson, Secretary of the Treasury, promised to answer questions on the City of London subscription and to convey Lord North's sentiments. Nothing important was expected in Parliament during the day.

Lord Loughborough responded (Sept. 11, 1780)

Eden, William

10

to Lord Carlisle's report about Eden's communications with Lord North during September 1-8, but only the last two pages of the letter remain. They include a reference to the election of 1780 in Yorkshire.

On May 5, 1782, Lord Carlisle reported the reaction in London to Eden's political stance and explained why he had accepted Lord Rockingham's offer of the office of Lord Steward of the Household.

On Oct. 3, 1786, Lord Carmarthen, Secretary

Eden, William

11

of State for Foreign Affairs, discussed the commercial treaty that Eden was negotiating with France.

On Nov. 14, 1788, Anthony Storer reported about George III's illness, the Regency Question, and the Prince of Wales. Several years later (Dec. 1, 1793) he commented on: his friendship with the late John St. John, author; work at his estate of Purley for which he had consulted Humphry Repton, landscape gardener; the French Revolution;

Eden, William

12

and his future movements.

Pitt's new ministry of May, 1804, excluded Auckland who had been Postmaster-General. This episode was discussed by Charles Long on May 17.

2 items added, 11-10-67. On Aug. 19, 1785, the Duke of Portland congratulated Eden for his role in stopping "Pitt's First System."

A letter from Lord Chichester apparently was written in 1806, probably February. The paper has a watermark of 1805. He referred to the kissing of hands by new ministers, one of

Eden, William, First Baron Auckland 13

whom was apparently Lord Grenville who became prime minister in February, 1806. Chichester noted Lord Sheffield's desire to become a privy councillor, and he intended to introduce to Grenville a lawyer who had connections with the U.S. minister.

3 items added, 6-19-68: William Pitt's letter of Oct. 2, 1787, is printed, but incorrectly dated in The Journal and Correspondence of William, Lord Auckland (London, 1861-1862), I, 213. Another letter from Pitt probably dates sometime during 1787, and it may also have been

Wm. Eden, First Baron Auckland.

14

addressed to Eden. Both letters concern the East India Convention, a treaty of August, 1787, between France and Britain.

On Sept. 23, 1776, John Robinson, Secretary of the Treasury, reported on Lord North's accident.

3 items added, 2-12-75: In a letter of January 7, 1787, Frederick Howard, Fifth Earl of Carlisle, expresses to Eden his regret at having missed seeing him and offers a commentary on the present London society scene. In a footnote he

Eden, William, First Baron Auckland

15

comments on the commercial treaty with France and requests that Eden secure him some good French wine. In a letter to an unknown correspondent on October 2, 1789, Eden comments on news of the revolutionary events in France and on personal matters. In another letter to an unknown correspondent, November 20, 1789, he comments in greater length on the French political situation and other personal matters.

MICROFILM

MANUSCRIPTS

Eden, William, First Baron Auckland

Papers, 1806-1807

London, England

1 Reel

Vol. XLVI, ff. 25-378 (with gaps). Negative
Museum Add. MS. 34,457. British

Wm. B. Hamilton MSS. (Grenville Research
Microfilm, Reel 2)

6-30-73

Edens, Lacy Thomas

M-6373 c

A Brief History of Centenary M. E. Church,
South, N. C. Conference, 1935

Durham, Durham Co., N. C.

36pp. Boards 21 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 28 cm.

2-25-61

MSS.

2nd 69:G-H

Edgcomb, Alfred E., 1867-1933.

Papers, [189-]-[196-]

14,000 items.

Businessman active in the lumber industry.

Collection contains correspondence, legal and financial papers, printed materials, photographs, and other materials from lumber businesses beginning before 1910 and active especially in East Tennessee and in the Philippine Islands with headquarters in Philadelphia, Pa. The Insular Lumber Co., Negros Is., P.I., produced mahogany. Also included are personal and family papers including numerous photographs.

Unprocessed collection.

NcD 21 APR 98 38991367 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

2nd 68:G-H

Edgcomb, Alfred E., 1867-1933.

Papers, ...

(Card 2)

Cataloged from accession record.

*lcs

1. Edgcomb, Alfred E., 1867-1933. 2.
Edgcomb family. 3. Insular Lumber
Company. 4. Lumber trade--United
States. 5. Lumbering--Tennessee. 6.
Lumbering--Philippines. 7. Lumber
trade--Records. 8. Lumber trade--
History--19th century. 9. Lumber
trade--History--20th century. 10.
Lumber trade--Management. 11. United
States--Commerce--Philippines. 12.
Philippines--Commerce--United States.
13. Tennessee --Industries. 14.
Genre: Photog raphs.

NcD

21 APR 98

38991367

NDHYme

Edgcomb, Alfred E., 1867-1933.

Papers, ca. 1890s - ca. 1960s. -- ca. 14,000 items.
(19.2 linear ft.)

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

Shelf location: 56-G

Businessman. -- Correspondence, legal and financial papers, printed material, photographs, and other materials from lumber businesses beginning before 1910 and active especially in East Tennessee and in the Philippine Islands with headquarters in Philadelphia, Pa. The Insular Lumber Co., Negros Is., P.I., produced mahogany.

Edgcomb, Alfred E., 1867-1933
Papers, ca. 1890s - ca. 1960s.

(card 2)

Includes personal and family papers. Numerous photographs of persons and some of places.

Purchase, 1980 & 1986.

Accessioned 3-20-87

Chapel

1088

Edgemont Community Center (Durham, N.C.)

2

Report of the Fact Finding Committee
and Durham Council of Social Agencies,
1943, Mar. 24. (mimeographed.)

Durham, N.C.

29 pp.

Paper.

23 x 21 cm.

Gift of H. E. Jensen
Duke University
Durham, N.C.

GUIDE

JUN 21 '46

Edgemount Community Center

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THIS COLLECTION OR
ADDITIONS TO THIS COLLECTION, PLEASE ASK
A STAFF MEMBER TO CONSULT THE ACCESSION
RECORDS.

Edmond, Kate

C

P apers, 1835(1881-1883)1886

Selma, Dallas Co., Ala.

Section A

23 items

4-6-54

9-16-54

2 items added

GUIDE

Edmond, Kate. Papers, 1835-1886. Selma, Dallas
Co., Ala. 25 items Sketch

This collection consists mainly of letters from Carrie McCord to Kate Edmond. Carrie was an emotional young lady who wrote frankly about her feelings and observations. Miss Edmond had been a teacher of hers at Dallas Academy in Selma.

In the summer of 1881 Carrie, her mother, and her younger sister Mary, who was then about eleven, set sail to join their father and husband in Rio de Janeiro. He had been a physician in Brazil for fifteen years, and

Edmond, Kate.

2

had been ill during the past year. Just before his family left Selma to join him his other daughter Stemma married. By Feb. 26, 1882 the McCords had moved from Rio to Campos, Brazil.

The first letter which Carrie wrote after arriving in Brazil tells of their seven weeks' voyage and her homesickness; describes Bahia, Brazil, one of the stopping places during their voyage; and mentions the gay life of the Brazilians, especially on Sunday, and some aristocratic friends of her father. These friends, a viscount and viscountess, had

Edmond, Kate.

3

invited the McCord family to their daughter's wedding, and Carrie's letter contains a report on this event.

Carrie was tutoring her sister Mary. She speaks of the courses she is teaching her as well as what she herself is studying. Clashes often occurred between her and Mary over the latter's rebellion against the authority of her older sister.

Often Carrie writes of her homesickness and people she had known back in Ala. Her letters also mention the following: A

Edmond, Kate.

4

Methodist missionary in Rio; floods and landslides near and in Campos; the kindness and hospitality of the people, despite their formal manners; the physical appearance of Campos and the number of Catholic churches there; the Catholic observance of Holy Week--she was very critical of the beliefs and the practices of that church; social life and customs of the Brazilians; the Presbyterian church in Campos; smallpox in that city in 1882 and 1883; a handsome fee paid by a rich baroness at Quissaman to Dr. McCord for his

Edmond, Kate.

5

services; yellow fever in Rio in Mar. 1883; the arrival in Campos of the Emperor and Empress and their entourage to celebrate the bringing of electricity to that city; the unprincipled actions of the Lacerdo family there who had threatened the life of Dr. McCord and driven his friend Pimentels out of business; marriage of a friend in Selma to John Erwin of Greensboro, Ala.; and the desire of her father to return to the U. S.

In Aug. 1886 Carrie was again living in Selma; therefore her father perhaps returned to that place between 1883 and 1886.

Edmond, Kate

6

2 items added, 9-16-54. The contents of these two letters are covered by the original sketch.

In the Wm. J. Keyser Papers in this department there are certificates signed by Kate Edmond which were issued by the Dallas Academy in 1883 and 1884 to Miss Janie Bender.

MSS.

2nd 67:L:2-3, Ovsz. Box 20

Edmonds, Helen G. (Helen Grey), 1911-

Papers, 1951-1976.

4062 items.

**African-American educator and
historian; professor of history at N.C.
Central University, Durham, N.C.**

**Collection contains primarily
correspondence and printed materials,
including speeches, clippings, and
photocopies. Two large sections of
materials concern her interests and
activities as a member of the
Republican Party and her work as an
alternate delegate to the U.N. General
Assembly, 1970. Some materials
relate to her work with the
National Peace Corps Advisory**

NcD 21 APR 98 38991355 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

2nd 67:L:2-3, Ovsz. Box 20

Edmonds, Helen G. (Helen Grey), 1911-

Papers, ...

(Card 2)

**Council, to educational exchange,
consultations in Europe and Israel, and
other work experiences in an
international context. Papers
representing her duties as a college
professor are limited.**

**Unprocessed collection. Cataloged
from accession records.**

***lcs**

NSS.

2nd 67:L:2-3, Ovsz. Box 20

Edmonds, Helen G. (Helen Grey), 1911-

Papers, ... (Card 3)

**1. Edmonds, Helen G. (Helen Grey),
1911- 2. Afro-Americans--
Correspondence. 3. Afro-Americans--
Politics and government. 4. Peace
Corps (U.S.)--Management. 5.
Republican Party (U.S. : 1854-)--
History--20th century. 6. United
Nations. General Assembly. 7.
Educational exchanges. 8. Afro-
American college teachers--North
Carolina--Durham. 9. Afro-American
historians. 10. Historians--United
States.**

NcD

21 APR 98

38991355

NDHYme

Edmonds, Helen G. (Helen Grey), 1911-.

Papers, ca. 1951- ca. 1976. -- ca. 4,000 items,
11 Hollinger Boxes Added, (4.4 linear ft.)
Durham, Durham County, N.C.

Shelf location: see shelf List

Black educator and historian. Professor of history,
N.C. Central University, 1941-. -- Primarily corres-
pondence and printed material, also including clippings,
speeches, & photocopies. Two largest groups of papers
concern her interests and activities as a member of

.....
Edmonds, Helen G. (Helen Grey), 1911-
Papers, ca. 1951-1976.

(card 2)

the Republican Party, 1950s-1970s, and her work as an alternate delegate to the U.N. General Assembly, 1970. Some material relating to educational exchange and consultations in Europe and Israel. Papers representing her duties as a college professor and about her numerous other activities are limited in quantity and depth.

Gift, 1981.

Accessioned 12-8-86

Edmonds, Helen Grey

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THIS COLLECTION OR
ADDITIONS TO THIS COLLECTION, PLEASE ASK
A STAFF MEMBER TO CONSULT THE ACCESSION
RECORDS.

Edmonds, Sterling F.

NUCMC

Papers, 1838-1850

Selma, Dallas County, Alabama

Cab. 43

70 items

7-10-63

Edmonds, Sterling F. Papers, 1838-1850.
Selma, Dallas County, Alabama

The seventy items in the Sterling F. Edmonds papers are all of a legal nature--receipts, accounts for the yearly hiring of Negroes, and papers relating to legal suits.

Edmonds was a resident of Dallas County, Alabama, who in 1836, finding himself hard pressed by debts, conveyed in trust to John R. Robertson of Marengo County, Ala., twenty-nine Negro slaves that the profits from their hire might be applied to the support of Edmonds'

Edmonds, Sterling F.

2

Wife, Ann, and their three children, Emmet, Richard, and Eugene. The remainder of Edmonds' property and the five-thousand-dollar legacy left him by his father-in-law, Richard Cocke of Marengo County, was to be used to satisfy the creditors of Edmonds. According to the deed of trust, the trustee could resign or the assignee could discharge the trustee and appoint a new one.

Subsequently, on Dec. 10, 1878, Robertson was removed as trustee and William S. Jeffries

Edmonds, Sterling F.

3

of Selma, Dallas County, Ala., was instated. From 1838 until his death in 1846 Jeffries acted as trustee for Edmonds, caring for the expenses of the family, seeing to the annual hiring of Negroes, and, on occasion, disbursing sums from his own pocket to satisfy Edmonds' creditors. At the death of Jeffries in 1846, Sterling F. Edmonds appointed his father, Benjamin Edmonds, as trustee. The two Edmondses then attempted to secure Sterlings's properties which were being held by Algernon Jeffries, the

Edmonds, Sterling F.

4

administrator of the estate of William S. Jeffries. The petition of Algernon Jeffries to the Chancery Court, 1847, pleading that the Edmonds be restrained from taking the property until William Jeffries' estate had been satisfied, is among the papers.

Also included in this collection are several petitions and depositions (1844-1850) dealing with two other suits: (1) Mary Eliza Brown et al. vs. Hugh M. Grant regarding the settlement of the David McCord estate; and (2) a petition concerning the administration of the estate of William F. Durham, who had

Edmonds, Sterling F.

5

been the attorney in the Brown vs. Grant case. The connection between the Brown vs. Grant case and the Edmonds papers is not readily discernible.

Edmondson, Henry

C

Letters. 1822-1849.

Fotheringay, Montgomery County, Virginia

Section A

1 item^{11 pieces} added 4-5-51

Dec. 10, 1935

EDMONDSON, Henry. Letters. 1822-1849. Fothering-
gay, Montgomery Co., Virginia. 12 pieces. Sketch

Major Henry Edmondson was evidently a justice of the peace in Montgomery Co., Va. as early as 1812. His home was on the north fork of the Roanoke River. He had at least two children, Henry, Jr. and Jamps P. Apparently he was a man of importance in western Va., since he was a justice of the peace and kept in close touch with Francis Preston.

These letters are of little importance, being in general letters from relatives concerning small business affairs.

Edmondson, Thomas and Isaac

C

Papers, 1783(1800-1820)1874

Baltimore, Baltimore Co., Md.

Section A

68 items

3-8-57

GUIDE

Edmondson, Thomas and Isaac. Papers, 1783-
1874. Baltimore, Md. 68 items. Sketch

The papers of Thomas and Isaac Edmondson concern the mercantile business in materials, woolen and cotton, some of which were imported from England and some of which were sold in Winchester, Va. The letter of Henry Warbuck of Liverpool, Eng., on May 12, 1812, notes the Embargo Act as restored in 1812. Dr. Thomas Edmondson's business transactions in the 1840's and a few family letters, complete the papers.

Edmondson, William

Papers, 1742-1860

Idle, Yorkshire, England

XVIII-E

26 items

1-9-69 SEE SHELF LIST

Edmondson, William. Papers. Idle, Yorkshire,
England

William Edmondson may have owned Idlegreen Mill with which he was identified in a list of petitioners that dates from about 1835. During the 1830's he was active in the movement to repeal or revise the Factory Acts, and he was a member of the West Riding Mill Owners Deputation that went to London in 1838 (letter of May 1). Woolen textile manufacturing was an important industry at Idle, and numerous manufacturers

Edmondson, William

2

are listed in Edward Baines, History, Directory & Gazetteer of the County of York . . . (Leeds, 1822-1823), I, 536. Notes on page four of a letter of May 4, 1836, state that William Edmondson died on May 20, 1838, aged 48, and that Christopher Edmondson deceased on Feb. 20, 1839, aged 62. A letter of 1851 is addressed to William Edmondson who would be a relative of the one who died in 1838 (provided this date is correct).

Edmondson was addressed as a churchwarden

Edmondson, William

3

in 1830, a function that probably accounts for a group of documents, 1742-1842, on poor relief at Idle and other nearby places. These documents include: a statement by the churchwardens and overseers of the poor of Pateley Bridge that relief for George King is chargeable to them, Oct. 9, 1742; agreement whereby nine persons loaned funds for the completion of a workhouse at Idle, Dec. 23, 1765; regulations for the operation of the workhouse, April 6, 1789; a lease of the workhouse, Feb. 1, 1796;

Edmondson, William

4

an undated agreement for its operation; and a financial statement on poor relief in Idle Parish for the quarter ending Sept. 25, 1842.

Papers of 1833-1838 concern the agitation of the woolen manufacturers for the repeal or revision of the Factory Acts: printed draft of a bill (watermark, 1833); list of persons who signed a mill owners' petition (watermark, 1835); letters of Edmondson from London in 1836 in which he discussed parliamentary strategy; and correspondence of 1838 with Lord Morpeth,

Edmondson, William

5

the Earl of Harewood, Earl Fitzwilliam, Baron Wharncliffe, Edward Baines, and William Rookes Crompton Stansfield about the campaign in Parliament. Stansfield also commented on education clauses. Calling cards of the West Riding Woollen Mill Owners Deputation are enclosed in the letter of May 1, 1838. On May 4, 1836, Edmondson listed many members of Parliament and noted whether or not they were favorable to the claims of the manufacturers.

On Oct. 29, 1830, Thomas Mears discussed the

Edmondson, William

6

cost of five bells for the church at Idle. He wrote on the back of a broadside (watermark, 1829) entitled: A List of the Peals of Church Bells Cast By Thomas Mears, Bell-Founder, Whitechapel, London, Since December, 1810.

A manuscript (32 pp.) entitled "Lecture on Idle As It Was" is unsigned and dated (p. 12), June 12, 1860. It is a history of Idle from ancient times into the 1600's with emphasis on Idle Manor and the Plumpton family.

Other items are: letter of R. W. Sowden

Edmondson, William

7

about the lake country and the Edmondsons (1833); two manuscripts of 1837 about the diversion of a stream at Dunkhill; letter of John Yeates (1843), a tenant; and a letter of 1851 about the sale of Edmondson's farm (included is a 2½ page valuation of tenant right).

Edmonston, Ninian

C

Letters. 1835-1864

Waynesville, Haywood Co., North Carolina

. Section A

12 pieces

MAR 28 1938

Edmonston, Ninian.

Letters, 1835-1864.

Waynesville, Haywood Co., N.C. Sketch. 12 pieces

In the early nineteenth century the Edmonstons were apparently settled in western North Carolina. From there Basil Edmonston, father of Ninian, migrated to Indiana where, in 1835, he was located at Jasper in Dubois County. In a letter of that year he details the death of his wife and a daughter. One of his sons, B.B. Edmonston, was living in Vandalia, Illinois, and was a member of the state legislature. The (Civil War) letters are those of Benjamin and Basil B. Edmonston, sons of Ninian, who had

Edmonston, Ninian. Sketch (2)

remained in North Carolina. Both men were in the Confederate service and in 1864 participated in the defense of Petersburg, Virginia. On July 30, 1864, Benjamin Edmonston was severely wounded, probably in the Battle of the Crater, and died on August 28, 1864. The material is too fragmentary to present much of a picture of the Edmonston family, but it does offer revealing glimpses.

Edwardes, Sir Herbert Benjamin

Papers, 1852

London, England

XVIII-E

1 item

4-16-68

Edwardes, Sir Herbert Benjamin. Papers, 1852.
London, England

Sir Herbert Benjamin Edwardes (1819-1868), Indian official, held a number of important military and administrative offices. In 1852 he was deputy commissioner of the district of Jullunder from where he wrote a letter of Oct. 23 that may have been addressed to Richard Bentley, publisher of his 1851 edition of A Year on the Punjab Frontier. The letter concerns this book and includes comment on the war in Burma.

Edwards, Augustus F.

C

Letters. 1846-1860

Darlington, South Carolina

Section A

4 pieces

APR 14 1938

Edwards, Augustus F. Letters, 1846-1860.
Darlington, South Carolina. Sketch. 4 pieces

This fragmentary correspondence concerns family and personal matters almost wholly. It shows Augustus F. Edwards as a lawyer of Darlington, S.C., while other members of the family lived in Charleston. In 1854 a sister, Angie, was a student at the Misses Bates' school in that city.

The material is too fragmentary to be of much value for a history of the Edwards family.

C
Edwards, Charity

Letters. 1816-1879.

Greene County, North Carolina

Section A

11. pieces

NOV 5 1933

NOV 20 1934

Edwards, Charity MSS. 1816-1879

Green Co., N.C.

The letters are personal. Charity was a student at Salem, N.C. Later she married and moved to Columbus, Miss.

Edwards, Frederick Commins

NUCMC

Papers, 1883-1945

DeLand, Volusia Co., Fla.

SEE SHELF LIST 213 items & 79 vols.

7-27-72

(Entered in National Union Catalog of Manuscript
Collections as Frederick Edwards Papers)

Edwards, Frederick Commins. Papers. DeLand,
Volusia Co., Fla.

Frederick Commins Edwards, Episcopal minister, published poet, and former president of the American Society for Psychical Research, was born in Cornwall, England, in 1863. He came to the United States and graduated from Dickinson College in Pennsylvania in 1886. Six years later he entered the Episcopal Theological Seminary in Cambridge, Massachusetts, and was ordained as a minister in 1894. Until

Edwards, Frederick Commins

2

1905 he was successively pastor of Trinity Church, Bridgewater, Mass., and of St. Paul's Church, Malden, Mass. From 1905 until 1912 he was rector of St. James' Church in Milwaukee, Wis., after which he served as Select Preacher of Grace Church in New York. His last official position, from which he retired in 1920, was Dean of St. Paul's Cathedral in Detroit. After his voluntary retirement from the ministry, he devoted much of his time to the study of psychological phenomena, especially survival after death,

Edwards, Frederick Commins

3

and became president of the American Society for Psychical Research for 1925-1926. He later moved to DeLand, Florida, but continued to travel, especially to his summer home, "Arcady," in New Brunswick, Canada. He died in 1948.

Edwards was married to Emma (Ridgway) Satterthwait who had a daughter, Elizabeth Ridgway Satterthwait, by a previous marriage. They had two children: a daughter who died in infancy and a son, Frederick Trevenen, who was

Edwards, Frederick Commins

4

killed in World War I.

The collection consists largely of the volumes which comprise the journal that Edwards kept, and of originals and copies of letters that Edwards' son Trevenen wrote during the First World War. The journal of Frederick C. Edwards consists of fifty-two bound volumes, covering some of the years between 1884 and 1945. He did not arrange the journal strictly chronologically. Entries were made instead according to the month and day of the year--the

month providing the organizational framework rather than the year. Hence a volume for January 1-6 contains entries for those dates of the month for all calendar years represented. The volumes have been paginated to simplify their use.

The journal contains letters, sermons, nature essays, book orders, and some clippings and financial records. The content of the letters and essays is often routine and sometimes incomplete. There are many letters of fatherly advice written by Edwards to his son while the

Edwards, Frederick Commins

6

latter was either a student or in the army. Also numerous are letters to friends, which indicate Edwards' active concern for their welfare, and book orders, which reveal the wide range of his intellectual interests.

Journal entries for the years 1933 and 1935 are among the most valuable in the collection. These entries are largely Edwards' comments about both Franklin D. Roosevelt and the New Deal, and the effects of the Depression upon the lives of people he saw and knew.

The journals also contain a considerable amount of material relative to Edwards' interest in Spiritualism and psychical research, although there is not much material describing his tenure as president of the American Society for Psychical Research. His interest in this field became more acute after the death of his son. Edwards accepted life after death as scientifically proven, and attempted to mesh his spiritualist beliefs with his firm faith in Christianity and extensive knowledge of Christ-

ian doctrine. He had contact with others interested in psychic phenomena, such as James Hervey Hyslop, founder of the A. S. P. R., and J. B. Rhine, director of the Parapsychology Laboratory, situated until 1965 at Duke University. In the journal, Edwards writes of his sittings with various mediums and of his (alleged[?]) contact with his son after the latter's death. The actual transcriptions of these sittings are not a part of this collection, except in a few instances (e. g., Vol. 2, pp.

151-177), but Edwards did compile a number of volumes containing records of such sittings. Some accounts of these occurrences may be found in the book Trevenen: A Text & Study of Survival and Communication.

The unbound letters written during World War I by Edwards' son describe in a very literate manner the experiences of a seminary student turned soldier, from his enlistment in 1917 through his participation in the battles of the Marne and St. Mihiel, and in the Argonne.

There is also a typed draft of these letters emended by Rev. Edwards. The letters were published by Elizabeth Satterthwait in 1954 in a book entitled Fort Sheridan to Montfaucon: The War Letters of Frederick Trevenen Edwards.

The remainder of the collection consists of assorted volumes and notebooks. There are volumes of Trevenen's poetry, plays, and short stories, as well as Edwards' own notebooks of nature poems which were later published as The Natural Year. There are printed copies of both editions of this book in the Perkins

Edwards, Frederick Commins

11

Library. There are several scrapbooks containing newspaper clippings pertaining to months of the year, a volume of notes for sermons and addresses, and a scrapbook Edwards compiled while he was a student at Dickinson College. The collection also contains a bound volume entitled "50 Letters Concerning Frederick Edwards."

Edwards, George T.

Papers, 1852

Russellville, Logan County, Kentucky

Section A

1 item

3-1-73

Edwards, George T. Papers. Russellville,
Logan County, Kentucky

George T. Edwards (1818-), a lawyer and judge, was a native of Russellville, Kentucky. Presley and Hester (Pope) Edwards were his parents. His career spanned the years 1838, when he was admitted to the bar, to 1870, the date of his retirement. In addition to his law practice, Edwards served one term each as Judge of Logan County and in the State Senate. He was married twice, first to Margaret W.

Edwards, George T.

2

Connelly and then later to Maria L. Allison after his first wife's death. For further biographical information, see The Biographical Encyclopedia of Kentucky (1878, p. 315).

The letter, dated June 18, 1852, was written to Edwards by a Kentuckian, whose signature is illegible. The writer, in Washington, D.C., discussed his debts and poverty, his expectation of obtaining a government position, and the illness of Henry Clay.

Edwards, Harry P.

NUCMC

Papers, 1870-1977

New Bern, Craven County, N.C.

2-E &

10-21-77 SEE SHELF LIST

293 items

2 items
added

9/17/98

**Edwards, Harry P. Papers. New Bern, Craven
County, N.C.**

Harry P. Edwards (1885-1971), railroad executive, managed short line railways in North Carolina, Florida, and Alabama. He was also a designer and manufacturer of gasoline powered railway passenger cars. He was the son of William Joseph Edwards (d. 1916) of Sanford, N.C., a businessman who organized banks in Sanford, Fayetteville, and Maxton and was the builder of the Atlantic & Western Railway, a short line operating east out of Sanford. Harry P. Edwards

Edwards, Harry P.

2

was educated in the Sanford schools and at Belmont College. Thereafter he trained for a railroad career by working in various capacities for the Atlantic & Western of which he eventually became general manager, a position he occupied until 1927 when the company was sold and reorganized. He also worked during 1919-1921 for the Federal Railway Administration. While serving as general manager of the A & W, Edwards designed and patented a gasoline powered railway passenger car and organized the firm that manufactured it, the Edwards Railway Motor

Edwards, Harry P.

3

Car Company. During 1927-1931 he managed the Atlanta & St. Andrews Bay Railway that operated between Dothan, Alabama, and Panama City, Florida. From 1932 to 1938 he did special work as consulting engineer for several railroads and also held a position with the U.S. Rehabilitation and Resettlement Division. In 1939 Edwards became the principal owner and manager of the Atlantic & East Carolina Railway that he continued to operate until it was sold to the Southern Railway in 1957. He was married to May Cross of Sanford. See the folder of biographical information for further details.

Edwards, Harry P.

4

The collection consists of numerous photographs, clippings, and printed items and a small number of letters relating primarily to Edwards' career with the Atlantic & Western, the Atlanta & At. Andrews Bay, and the Atlantic & East Carolina railroads and with the Edwards Railway Motor Car Company. There is some material about his family and his work with the Chamber of Commerce at New Bern. The items were originally in a scrapbook that has been dismantled in order to facilitate preservation of the material.

A folder of biographical information contains considerable data about Edwards and his career.

Edwards, Harry P.

5

The folder of Edwards Family Pictures includes a number of photographs of Edwards and members of his family, including one of his father William Joseph Edwards. Harry Edwards also appears in the folders of photographs and clippings for the businesses that he managed.

The folders on the Atlantic & Western Railway contain about a dozen clippings and pictures relating to its history as late as 1961. Both clippings and photographs include pictures of old and new locomotives and gasoline powered railway passenger cars. There is also a biographical sketch of William Joseph Edwards and

Edwards, Harry P.

6

a list of employees and their wages in 1919. The Oversize Folder contains a map of the railroad in a proposed, but unbuilt, extension to the coast at Swansboro.

Folders on the Edwards Railway Motor Car Co. contain 43 items. Harry P. Edwards originated the gasoline powered self-propelled passenger car as an economical replacement for passenger trains on the Atlantic & Western, and the cars were first used on that line. When the cars proved successful, Edwards organized the Edwards Railway Motor Car Co. at Sanford in 1921 for their manufacture. During the 1920's and 1930's

Edwards, Harry P.

7

the company built 99 cars that were sold for use throughout North America and Central and South America. There is a history of the company and a list of its employees. The pictures include the plant at Sanford and numerous exterior views and some interior views of various models of the motor cars as used on a number of railroads. The printed material includes a catalog, circulars, and an article and statistics. Another folder contains a list of the railroads that purchased motor cars, clippings about the company and the cars, and a few copies of letters. Other material about the company and the

Edwards, Harry P.

8

motor cars is in the Atlantic and Western Railway Co. Papers and the William Alexander Smith Papers. Two financial reports in 1920s added in 1998.

In 1927 Edwards left the Atlantic & Western and became the executive vice president who managed the Atlanta & St. Andrews Bay Railroad that operated between Panama City, Florida, and Dothan, Alabama. Edwards quickly turned this short line into a profitable enterprise and rebuilt and extended its facilities. He managed the Bay Line until its sale to the International Paper Co. in 1931. Edwards also organized the St. Andrews Bay Transportation Co., a subsidiary

Edwards, Harry P.

9

that operated trucks and buses. The 32 items about the Bay Line include: historical information; a map; operating statistics; a list of employees; pictures from 1909 to the 1950's of President Minor C. Keith, rolling stock, employees, facilities, buses and trucks, and Dr. William J. Mayo. There are also several letters and clippings.

The 181 items about the Atlantic & East Carolina Railway include numerous pictures and clippings and a small number of letters and printed items. This line was built by the state of

Edwards, Harry P.

10

North Carolina, and over the years it suffered many difficulties. It operated between Goldsboro and Morehead City via Kinston and New Bern. In the late 1930's the company, then the Atlantic & North Carolina, was losing money and its track and equipment were in poor condition. The state offered to lease the line, and Edwards acquired the lease in 1939. He continued to own and operate it until its purchase by the Southern Railway in 1957. Edwards managed the company so that it earned a profit every year, and he repaired and upgraded its rolling stock and

physical facilities and track. As with the Bay Line, he turned failure into success.

The pictures include: employees; members of the Edwards family; rolling stock; interior and exterior views of the private car "Carolina;" facilities and track; a heater car for passenger trains and a ballast plow designed by Edwards and built by the A & EC; various scenes at Goldsboro, Kinston, New Bern, and Morehead City, including businesses served by the railroad; and Governors Scott, Broughton, and Hoey.

The numerous clippings are usually from news-

Edwards, Harry P.

12

papers in North Carolina, but some national publications are also represented. They contain considerable information and also pictures about Edwards and the history and operations of the A & EC and its predecessor, the Atlantic & North Carolina.

The printed material includes a financial statement for 1943, a copy of the railroad's news publication in Feb., 1943, and a few articles.

There are only a few letters, two of them from Governor Hoey.

Edwards, Harry P.

13

A map of the A. & EC is in the Oversize
Folder.

Edwards, Harry P.

Papers, 1921-1927. Addition, 2 items (0.1 lin.
ft.)

Shelf location: 90-132

Audit and annual report of the Edwards Railway
Motor Car Company, Sanford, N.C.

Gift: 11/18/90

Accessioned: 12/5/90

Acc. No.: 90-132

*Interfiled with the rest of the Collection,
9/17/98.*

Edwards, John, Sr.

Papers, 1811-1877

Lincoln Co., N.C.

Section A

8 items

7-20-62

Edwards, John, Sr. Papers, 1811-1877. Lincoln Co., N.C.

This collection consists principally of deeds and indentures for land in N.C. In a letter dated July 27, 1850, John Edwards, Jr. writes to his family about the superior advantages of Missouri.

Film

Manuscripts

Edwards, Jonathan

Manuscripts in the Andover Newton
Collection. (Index in film box and on
cards following this one.)

Dealer: Andover Newton Theological Library
Dr. John H. Scammon, Librarian
New Centre 59, Mass.

Date of order: 5-28-52

Price: \$100.00. (11 reels)

Edwards, Jonathan. Manuscripts in the Andover
Newton Collection. Sketch.

A SHORT INDEX OF MATERIALS IN THE FILMS OF THE
ANDOVER COLLECTION OF JONATHAN EDWARDS MANU-
SCRIPTS. By Thomas A. Schafer. 1958.

Roll 1. Jonathan Edwards' "Miscellanies," Book
6, consisting of Nos. 1067 ("Prophecies of the
Messiah") and 1068 ("The Fulfillment of the
Prophecies of the Messiah"): the autograph
and a set of copies. (The other nine books of
the "Miscellanies" are in the Yale Collection.)

Rolls 2-3. Copies of Jonathan Edwards' "Miscell-
anies" made for Sereno E. Dwight; Dwight has
edited these and placed them in topical order
(pp. 541-702 are missing). The whole is pre-
ceded by an index compiled, probably, by Mrs.
Egbert C. Smyth.

Rolls 4-5. Sermons, sermon outlines, and sermon
notebooks of Jonathan Edwards. The outlines
and notebooks are autographs; most of the
fully written-out sermons are copies. (The

sermon on Job 14:10 in Roll 5 is probably not by Edwards.)

Roll 6. Early writings of Jonathan Edwards on natural philosophy (e.g. on being, on atoms, on spiders, on the soul); several short papers on various theological subjects by Edwards; a notebook used in the communion controversy (all these are autographs). Several MS copies, notably of the Treatise on Grace and the "Miscellanies" item (No. 1062) which E. C. Smyth published as The Scripture OEconomy of the

Trinity and Covenant of Redemption. Two items included as autographs of Edwards, viz. 10 leaves of Hebrew exegesis and a 15-page sermon or essay on natural ability, are doubtful.

Roll 7. Letters of Jonathan Edwards to various people: some very early letters, a few from the 1730's and 40's, and a large number from the Stockbridge period. The autographs are usually accompanied by copies, usually in Sereno E. Dwight's hand.

Roll 8. Letters to and about Jonathan Edwards; letters from and to his father Timothy; letters by members of Edwards' immediate family (e.g. Sarah Edwards, Mary Dwight, Lucy Woodbridge, Sarah Parsons); letters concerning various ecclesiastical matters in Massachusetts in Edwards' day; letters of President Aaron Burr (copies); letters of Thomas Foxcroft, Peter Clark, and others to Timothy Dwight (Edwards' son-in-law). Letters to and from Jonathan Edwards, Jr. A collection of letters (1824-81)

concerning the Edwards MSS--including, among others, letters by S. E. Dwight, Tryon Edwards, Edwards A. Park, and Egbert C. Smyth. (A sermon notebook of Jonathan Edwards' father Timothy has slipped in with the letters of Timothy's daughter Abigail.)

Roll 9. Various pieces, mainly (1) lectures, notes, and memoranda of Jonathan Edwards, Jr.; (2) copies of Jonathan Edwards' "Miscellanies" relating to justification; (3) papers of Sereno E. Dwight, partly connected with his edi-

tion of Edwards' Works (New York, 1829, 10 vols.).

Roll 10. Autograph sermons and notes of James Pierpont (Edwards' father-in-law), with a few pieces from his sons James Pierpont, Jr. and Samuel Pierpont. Sermons and lectures by Abel Stiles (autographs) fill the latter half of the roll.

Roll 11. Sermons and other writings of Solomon

Stoddard and Timothy Edwards (Edwards' father); Jonathan Edwards' notes on the "bad book" affair and other disciplinary matters at Northampton (autographs); various papers of the Dwight family; a few items concerning the Edwards MSS; sermons and other writings by Jacob Green, Edward D. Griffin, Samuel Buell, et al.; several other miscellaneous pieces.

C

Edwards, Levi

Papers, 1830-1889

Onslow County, North Carolina

Section A

48 items

5-13-58

5 items added

10-8-38

Edwards, Levi. Papers, 1830-1889. Onslow
County, N. C. Sketch. 53 items.

The collection contains an unrelated assortment of letters. There is little or no information of value or interest in them, even the Civil War letters.

5 items added 5-13-58: Miscellany, including a release permit from Johnston's army, May 1, 1865, and oaths of allegiance to the U. S., 1865.

MANUSCRIPT

Edwards, Morgan, fl. 1772-1795

Film

Materials towards a history of the
Baptists in the provinces of Maryland,
Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina
and Georgia.

Negative film. - Duke University Lib.

The original is the property of Mr.
Alester G. Furman, Greenville, S. C.

June 6, 1952

Chapel

L-1682

Edwards, R. P.

Account Book (Saw Mill), 1852-1875

Catawba, North Carolina

106 pp.

Boards

31 x 19 cm.

OCT 3 1940

C
Edwards, Weldon Nathaniel

Letters. 1800-1870

Ridgeway, Warren County, North Carolina

Section A

12 pieces

MAR 29 1934

2 pieces added 2-14-51.

1 item added 8-22-52

4 items added 3-11-58

2 items added 12-6-57

GUIDE

NOV 20 1934

EDWARDS, Weldon Nathaniel. Letters. 1800-1870.
Ridgway, North Carolina. 21 pieces. Sketch.

Edwards was born in Northampton Co., N.C., Jan. 25, 1788. He was educated at Warrenton Academy, later read law and practiced law at Warrenton. His farm, Poplar Mount, was devoted to scientific agriculture.

As protege of Nathaniel Macon, he succeeded Macon in the lower house of Congress. He took a firm stand against the tariff of 1826, the Missouri Compromise, and federal aid for internal improvements. In 1835 he took an active part in

EDWARDS, Weldon Nathaniel. Sketch. (2)

the movement to remove political disabilities from the Catholics, although he was against a democratic constitution. He believed in the right of secession, but shrank from it. Finally he became a leader of the movement and presided over the first state meeting held at Goldsboro. He retired in 1862 and died in 1873.

The collection covers Edwards' early life, his entrance into politics, the Reconstruction period, the formation of the Democratic party.

There are some comments on Thomas Ruffin.

EDWARDS, Weldon Nathaniel. Sketch.

(3)

(Two letters added 2-14-51) One letter dated 1857 is to President James Buchanan and requests that a friend be continued in a Navy Department position. The other, dated 1864, requests bar iron and comments on the defeatist attitude of North Carolina, and is addressed to D. Schenk, of Lincolnton, N. C. 4 items added 3-11-58:2

Document of 1820, transferring his shares of stock in the New Bern bank to Robert Park; and three legal documents with Robert Park, concerning the settlement of the estate of George W. Long in 1827.

Edwards, Weldon Nathaniel

4

2 items added 12-8-57. It is a printed letter of 1819 to his fellow citizens by U. S. Representative Felix Walker (1753-1828) of western N. C. , discussing politics in N. C. and the U. S.; Andrew Jackson; the Seminole War (1818-1819); the 2nd Bank of the U. S.; the acquisition of the Floridas from Spain; the cession of Cherokee lands in N. C. to the U. S.; proposed sale of the public lands; the proposed prohibition of slavery in the territories of Mo., Ark., and Miss.; and the possibility of his own reelection. The same sheet of paper

Edwards, Weldon Nathaniel

5

contains a personal letter from Walker to Edwards, expressing hope that the latter would be reelected.

Egerton, William Grey

Papers, 1888 (1888-1917) 1966

Macon, Warren County, North Carolina

20-E & 6972-6992

12 items and 22 vols.

6-30-66

Egerton, William Grey. Papers, 1888 (1888-1917) 1966. Macon, Warren County, N. C.

The Egerton General Store was an institution at Macon for generations. The reminiscences in 1966 of Mary Egerton (Thornton) Lawrence state that Gilbert Grey Egerton, her grandfather, founded the store long before the Civil War. It continued operations under the direction of a son, Benjamin Iredell Egerton (d. 1894). His sons, Walter Egerton and William Grey Egerton, ran the store for a

Egerton, William Grey

2

time as Egerton Brothers, but they dissolved the partnership and William became sole owner. The store closed after the death of William Egerton in 1935. Mrs. Lawrence's reminiscences are filed in a box stored with the volumes.

The earliest volume in the collection is a daybook of 1888-1889 from the general store of Egerton Brothers at Macon. (Vol. 6972)

In 1910 W. G. Egerton operated a general store and a cotton gin at Macon. Two years later he also owned a general store at

Egerton, William Grey

3

Vaughan, a village a few miles east of Macon. This information comes from The North Carolina Year Book and Business Directory. His store at Macon is represented by an incomplete series of daybooks and ledgers, 1904-1914:

Daybook I,	1904,	Jan.-June;	(Vol. 6973)	F
Daybook K,	1904,	Oct.-Apr.,	1905;	(6974) F
Daybook L,	1905,	Apr.-Aug.;	(Vol. 6975)	F
Daybook M,	1905,	Aug.-Feb.,	1906;	(6976) F
Daybook N,	1906,	March-June;	(Vol. 6977)	F
Daybook O,	1906,	June-Dec.;	(Vol. 6978)	F

Egerton, William Grey

4

Daybook P, 1906, Dec.-May, 1907; (6979) F
Daybook Q, 1907, June-Nov.; (Vol. 6980) F
Daybook T, 1908, Oct.-May, 1909; (6981) F
Daybook U, 1909, May-Nov.; (Vol. 6982) F
Daybook V, 1909, Dec.-July, 1910; (6983) F
Daybook, 1912, May-Nov.; (Vol. 6984) F

Ledger E, 1902-1905; (Vol. 6985) F
Ledger F, Index; (Vol. 6986) F
Ledger H, 1909-1911; (Vol. 6987) F
Ledger I, Index; (Vol. 6988) F

Egerton, William Grey

5

Ledger I, 1911-1914; (Vol. 6989)^F

Ledger L, Index. (Vol. 6990)^F

Two volumes in the form of ledgers for non-consecutive periods of 1910-1911 and 1912-1917 *also belonged to W. G. Egerton. Occasional entries marked "By Ledger" can be traced into the ledgers listed above. Further, several items of correspondence addressed to him were found within the volumes, and they include transactions recorded in them. These two volumes were referred to as "Ticket Books," an unusual term, according to the notations

*(Vol. 6991)^F

Egerton, William Grey

6

of the opening and closing balances in the accounts. See also the entries for F. R. Munn on Aug. 17, 1912, in: the Daybook, 1912, May-Nov. (p. 333); the Ticket Book, 1911-1912 (p. 93); and in Ledger I, p. 597. The Ticket Books contain mercantile transactions for the same period as the daybooks and ledgers but are separate from them. The Ticket Books are set up in the ledger form, but the absence of posting notations suggests that they were also books of original entry (for which daybooks were used at the Macon

Egerton, William Grey

7

store). The exact relationship of the Ticket Books to the other volumes remains unclear. Perhaps they belonged to the Egerton Cash Store at Vaughan; it was owned by W. G. Egerton according to a notation in Ledger I, p. 707.

An Account Book, 1906-1913,*belonged to a cotton gin. The owner was apparently Egerton, for there are many notations within the accounts for the sale of seed to him. The volume contains a variety of records: a ledger; toll accounts; store cotton account; and a

*(Vol. 6992)

Egerton, William Grey

8

bags ginned and bag and tie account.

Egypt

(1) In Egyptian hieroglyphics Papyrus 1
1 p. duodecim Rare Book Room
Ptolmaic period 323 - 30 B.C.

(2) Money account for hired laborers
1 p. 26 lines Greek on papyrus

Egypt 2nd Century A.D.

Ehrlich, Paul

Papers, 1896-1897

Frankfurt, Germany

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the
History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

4 items

4-8-60

Ehrlich, Paul. Papers, 1895-1897. Frankfurt, Germany. 4 items. Sketch.

Paul Ehrlich (1854-1915), outstanding German scientist and profound research worker, founded the Institute of Experimental Theraphy at Frankfurt in 1899. He was renowned for his immunological work. A series of four letters comes from Nobel Prize winner Emil von Behring (1854-1917), who worked on vegetable poisons immunity, and finally a successful diphtheria antidote. The correspondence deals with poisons, immunization, toxoids, viruses, and and antidotes. Von Behring mentions diphtheria. A card by Carl Weigert to

Ehrlich, Paul

2

Ehrlich was sent in 1897; both men worked on the microchemistry of the cell.

Ehrmann, Johann Christian

Papers, 1792-1805

Frankfurt, Germany

Joaiah C. Trent Collection in the
History of Medicine--MSS. Div.

7 items

4-8-60

Ehrmann, Johann Christian. Papers, 1792-1805.
Frankfurt, Germany. 7 items. Sketch.

Johann Christian Ehrmann (1749-1827), military surgeon at Frankfurt on Main, was also a satirist and contemporary of Goethe. His papers deal with his medical work at Frankfurt and his compensation by the Royal Prussian War College and by the quartermaster of the Hohenlohe Corps. Ehrmann sent a case of instruments to Paris in 1798, Michel Augustin Thouret (1748-1810), French hygienist and Director of the Ecole de Sante, acknowledging them. Evidently the faculty of the school were to give an opinion

Ehrmann, Johann Christian

2

on these instruments for the reduction of the lower extremities. A curious document in 1805 by Ehrmann in regard to a death certificate for a French grenadier states that French casualties were not treated differently than dead horses. His superior, J. W. Marglar, also comments on this case. Ehrmann was physician in charge of the military hospital at Frankfurt. Marglar, his superior, refuses his seal on Ehrmann's document.

MSS.

x

Eichelberger, George Maley.

**Letters, 1855-1906 (bulk 1860-1865).
102 items.**

Chiefly consists of letters written to Eichelberger from 1855 to 1906 in Urbana, Ohio. Most of these letters pertain to life on the home-front during the Civil War, but also include a few letters from friends in the Union forces. Includes letters from Eichelberger's parents and sons, including one from son George, describing his India travels during 1899, and one from son Fred in 1901, describing the reaction in Washington, DC, to President William McKinley's assassination, as well as providing an eyewitness account of McKinley's funeral cortege. A related

NcD 14 JUL 93 28445251 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

x

Eichelberger, George Maley.

Letters, ...

(Card 2)

**collection is the papers of Robert L.
Eichelberger, George Eichelberger's
son.**

**1. Ohio--History--Civil War, 1861-
1865. 2. United States--History--Civil
War, 1861-1865. 3. Fathers and sons--
Ohio. 4. India--Description and
travel. 5. McKinley, William, 1843-
1901--Assassination.**

NcD

14 JUL 93

28445251

NDHYme

NSS.

x

Eichelberger, Robert L.
Papers, 1728-1984 (bulk 1942-1949).
28,890 items (51 linear ft.).

Access restricted.

United States Army Officer.

Diaries, correspondence, military papers, writings and speeches, pictures, scrapbooks, printed material, clippings, memorabilia, and audiovisual material chiefly relating to Eichelberger's military career. Prominently highlighted is his participation as a member of the American Expeditionary Forces in Siberia (1918-1920); the military campaigns he led in New Guinea and the Philippines during World War II (1942-1945); and the post-war period when he commanded all ground

NcD 21 JUL 93 19406113 NDHyme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

x

Eichelberger, Robert L.

Papers, ...

(Card 2)

occupation troops in Japan (1945-1948). The extensive Pictures Series documents the events of Eichelberger's career mentioned above. Additionally, there are several photographs of Winston Churchill, who came to Fort Jackson, S.C. in 1942 to view the 77th Army Division commanded by Eichelberger.

There are also several photographs of Eleanor Roosevelt, when she came to Australia in 1943 to visit the troops, and several of Douglas MacArthur. The bulk of the personal correspondence (1942-1945) was written by Eichelberger to his wife, Emma Gudger Eichelberger, in which he described fighting in the Pacific as well as

NcD

21 JUL 93

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NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

x Eichelberger, Robert L.

Papers, ... (Card 3)
the difficulties of jungle life. In
his dictations after the war,
Eichelberger reflected upon his career
and various people, including Generals
Douglas MacArthur, George C. Marshall,
Dwight D. Eisenhower, and Robert C.
Richardson.

Dissertation by Paul Chwialkowski, "A
'Near Great' General: the Life and
Career of Robert L. Eichelberger," for
Ph.D., Duke University, 1991.

Publications: Eichelberger, Robert
L., "Our Bloody Jungle Road to Tokyo,"
serialized in SATURDAY EVENING POST,
1949.

Publication s: Eichelberger,
Robert L. DE AR MISS EM, edited by

NcD 21 JUL 93 19406113 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

x

Eichelberger; Robert L.

Papers, ...

(Card 4)

Jay Luvaas, 1972.

Publications: Shortal, John F.

FORGED BY FIRE: GENERAL ROBERT L.

EICHELBERGER AND THE PACIFIC WAR, 1987.

Inventory in repository.

NcD

21 JUL 93

19406113

NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

x

Eichelberger, Robert L.

Papers, ...

(Card 5)

1. Japan--History--Allied occupation, 1945-1952.
2. Fort Jackson (S.C.).
3. United States. Army. Division, 77th.
4. United States. Army. Officers.
5. World War, 1939-1945--Campaigns--New Guinea.
6. World War, 1939-1945--Campaigns--New Guinea--Photographs.
7. World War, 1939-1945--Campaigns--Philippines.
8. World War, 1939-1945--Campaigns--Philippines--Photographs.
9. Siberia (Russia)--History.
10. Siberia (Russia)--Pictorial works.
11. Japan--History--Allied occupation, 1945-1952--Pictorial works.
12. World War, 1939-1945--Personal narratives, American.
13. World War, 1939-1945--Campaigns--Pacific

NcD

21 JUL 93

19406113

NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

x

Eichelberger, Robert L.

Papers, ...

(Card 6)

Ocean. 14. World War, 1939-1945--
Campaigns--Pacific Ocean--Photographs.
15. MacArthur, Douglas, 1880-1964. 16.
MacArthur, Douglas, 1880-1965--
Pictorial works. 17. Marshall, George
C. (George Catlett), 1880-1959. 18.
Eisenhower, Dwight D. (Dwight David),
1890-1969. 19. Richardson, Robert C.
20. Churchill, Winston, Sir, 1874-1965
--Pictorial works. 21. Roosevelt,
Eleanor, 1884-1962--Pictorial works.
22. Eichelberger, Robert L.--Pictorial
works. 23. Eichelberger, Emma Gudger.

NcD

21 JUL 93

19406113

NDHYme

Microfilm

22-F

Eichelberger, Robert Lawrence (1896-1961)

✓ Diary: Jan. 1- Oct. 23, 1945

Asheville, N.C.

1 reel

Filmed by Duke University Library, 1960, while MSS are on loan to Jay Luvaas, Dept. of History, Allegheny College.

The manuscripts were returned by Prof. Luvaas on 4-22-78.

Microfilm

Manuscripts

Eichelberger, Robert Lawrence (1896-1961)

Letters from Siberia to Mrs. Eichelberger,
Aug., 1919- Feb., 1920

Asheville, N.C.

2 reels

Negative

Filmed by Duke University Library, Oct. 23, 1961,
while MSS are on loan to Jay Luvaas, Dept. of
History, Allegheny College.

The manuscripts
Luvaas on 4-22-78.

were returned by Prof.

MICROFILM

MANUSCRIPTS

Eichelberger, Robert Lawrence

Papers, 1940-1961

Asheville, Buncombe County, N.C.

7 Reels

Negative

Copy of Diaries, 1940-1961, and Notebook, ca.
1940-1945, in the Manuscript Department.

8-6-79

(over)

MSS.

Small Coll.

Eichhorn, Lothar von.

Papers, 1900.

1 v.

German student.

Collection consists of a volume of student notes written by Eichhorn, for a class during the summer semester of 1900. The class "Socialismus and Kommunismus" was taught by Professor von Neumann.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accession records.

***lcs**

NcD

23 APR 97

3679 1135

NDHYme

MICROFILM

MANUSCRIPTS

Eichmann, Adolf, 1906-1962

Adolph Eichmann: papers related to Adolph Eichmann. Compiled by Weiner [sic] Library. London, Micro Methods, c1961.

1 reel. 35mm.

Microfilm.

7-31-75

MSS.

2nd 46:C Eidson, John Olin, 1908-1983.

Papers, 1849-1985.

923 items.

South Carolina resident.

Collection contains papers pertaining to research on Alfred Lord Tennyson in America. There are copies of reviews of Tennyson's dramatic works and of performances by Mrs. D.P. Bowers, actress. Also included are notes, writings, and clippings about American authors (Thomas Wolfe, Charles Stearns Wheeler, John Hall Wheelock, and many others).

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accession records.

***lcs**

NcD

23 APR 97

36791121

NDHYme

6894

Ein Ausflug nach Norddeutschland und in
die Nordsee im Jahre 1842 (A Trip to North
Germany and in the North Sea, 1842)

Germany

251 pp.

Boards

20 $\frac{1}{2}$ x 17 cm.

2-8-63

EINSTEIN, Albert

Papers, c. 1948

Princeton, N. J.

Section A

1 item

2-22-51

GUIDE

C

Einstein, Albert. Papers, c.1948. Princeton,
N. J. 1 item. ~~1 item.~~

T.L.S. of Einstein written as chairman
of the Emergency Committee of Atomic Scientists.

Eiselsberg, Anton, Freiherr von (1860-1939)

Papers, 1924

Vienna, Austria

Josiah C. Trent Collection in the 1 item
History of Medicine--MS. Div.

4-8-60

Eishelman, D. & Co.

Ledger, 1841-1853

Recataloged as D. Eshelman & Co.,
Ledger & Journal, 1841-1853, as part of
John and John Q. Nycum Papers.

Ekin, James Adams

C

Papers, 1862-1883

Pittsburgh, Allegheny Co., Pa.

Section A 4-28-52 48 items and 4 vols.

GUIDE

Ekin, James Adams. Papers, 1862-1883.

Pittsburg, Pa. 48 items and 4 vols. Sketch

James Adams Ekin (1819-1891) was born in Pittsburg, Pa. on Aug. 31, 1819. He became a ship-builder, and on the outbreak of the Civil War joined the 12th Pa. Vols. as a lt. He rose to the rank of brig. gen., serving most of the war and until 1870 in the Quartermaster Corps. He was a member of the commission that tried the prisoners indicted for the murder of Pres. Lincoln. After his retirement he lived in Louisville, and died there Mar. 27, 1891.

Ekin, James Adams.

2

The papers in this collection consist largely of letters regarding James A. Ekin as a quartermaster officer in the Federal Army, appointments, and a bill before the U.S. Senate in 1882 for the retiring of Army officers at the age of sixty-two. One letter reports that Gens. Sherman and Sheridan were in favor of that bill. There are also telegrams concerning the shooting of Pres. Garfield, an invitation from the Cincinnati Society of Ex-Army and Navy Officers, and four pamphlets. The latter in-

Ekin., James Adams

3

clude a catalog of the officers and students at Harvard in 1870-71.

Among the correspondents are: H.T. Crosby, Henry G. Davis, Benj. Harrison, Leonidas C. Houk, Rufus Ingalls, Robt. Todd Lincoln, S.J.R. McMillan, Geo. D. Prentice, Wm. B. Rochester, Caleb B. Tillinghast, and Chas. Thomas.

Elbert, Samuel

Papers, 1769-1788

Savannah, Chatham Co., Ga.

23-G

14 items and 1 vol.

SEE SHELF LIST

27 items added, 3-14-67

1 item transf. from George

4-19-52

Walton MSS., 1-16-75

Recataloged, 8-30-66

Part of collection available on microfilm.

Elbert, Samuel. Papers. Savannah, Chatham Co., Ga.

Samuel Elbert (1743-1788) was born in Prince William Parish, S. C. At an early age, he moved to Savannah where he became a merchant. He entered the Continental Army as a lieutenant colonel in 1776. He served in East Florida and Georgia and was with Washington at Yorktown. He was promoted a brigadier general in 1783. After serving as governor of Georgia from 1785 to 1788, he died in Savannah on Nov. 2, 1788. Elbert County, Ga. was named in his honor.

Elbert, Samuel

2

Among his papers are land deeds, certificates for land bounties, and a letter (Jan. 27, 1779) from Leonard Marbury to Elbert. Marbury discussed the defeat of the British at Bryan Creek Bridge, Ga.

The volume is an account book kept by Elbert from 1776 to 1788. It includes accounts for the Second Battalion of the State of Georgia (1776-1777), records of a plantation and its overseer, and Elbert's personal accounts. Two flowers which appear to be violets had been pressed in

Elbert, Samuel

3

the volume and have been retained in it. They may have been inserted by Charles Colcock Jones, Jr. who acquired the volume for his manuscript collection or by a member of his family.

27 items added, 3-14-67: An order to pay from Elbert to John Somerville (March 2, 1772); an inventory of the estate of Peter Stedler (Jan. 17, 1772); and land bounties signed by Elbert (Feb. 22 - Aug. 26, 1785).

1 item transferred from the George Walton MSS., 1-16-75: A letter from Elbert to George Walton of Wilkes County, Georgia. This

Elbert, Samuel

4

letter was first cataloged as being written to George Walton, the senator and governor of Georgia, but later it was discovered that it was in fact addressed to another George Walton, a contemporary of the more prominent man of the same name. Dated October 8, 1785, it concerns an order for merchandise from the firm of Telfair and Elbert.

MICROFILM

MANUSCRIPTS

Elbert, Samuel

Papers, 1769-1788

Savannah, Chatham County, Georgia

1 Reel

Negative

Copy of Account Book, 1776-1788, and miscellaneous items in this collection in the Manuscript Department.

8-6-79

Elcho, Francis Charteris-Wemyss, Baron

See Wemyss, Francis Charteris-, Baron Elcho

Elder, John Adams

NUCMC

Papers, 1837-1910

Fredericksburg, Spotsylvania Co., Va.

Cab. 45

127 items

9-22-39

Recataloged, 1-15-72

Elder, John Adams. Papers. Fredericksburg,
Spotsylvania Co., Va.

John Elder (1833-1895), artist, was born in Fredericksburg, Virginia. He left there in 1850 for New York City, where he studied drawing under Huntington. Soon thereafter Elder travelled to Düsseldorf, Germany, to continue his training. In 1856 he returned to the United States, living in New York City for five years and then returning to Fredericksburg. During the Civil War Elder served with the Confederate Army; after

Elder, John Adams

2

the war he resumed his painting career in Richmond, Virginia. Some of his paintings grew out of his military experience, such as "The Battle of the Crater," "Scout's Prize," and "After Appomattox." Elder also specialized in portraits, notably those of "Stonewall" Jackson and Robert E. Lee.

The earliest letters in this collection (1850's) were written by John Minor, a Fredericksburg patron, to Elder in Düsseldorf. Minor's letters give detailed comments on the sketches

Elder, John Adams

3

and portraits which Elder shipped home for sale. The few letters for the Civil War period are addressed to his sister, Maggie, by various Confederate soldiers of her acquaintance.

In 1875, Elder was commissioned by William Wilson Corcoran to paint the portraits of Lee and Jackson which now hang in the Corcoran Gallery in Washington. There is correspondence in the collection in 1875 and 1876 concerning this matter. Elder painted portraits of other deceased Confederate officers, as is evidenced by

Elder, John Adams

4

the letters from Mrs. George Pickett and Mrs. J. E. B. Stuart.

Included in the papers for 1876 and 1877 are four copies of official reports on the Sioux Wars, primarily concerning the Battle of the Little Bighorn River. Elder evidently used these reports as source material for his famous battle-scene "Custer's Last Charge." Several letters in 1884 and 1885 concern putting this painting on display at various exhibitions, such as the Southern Exposition in Louisville, Ky.,

Elder, John Adams

5

and the New Orleans Exposition.

The collection includes letters from publishing and printing houses in connection with the reproduction of Elder's works. Several of these communications are from Jos. van Holt Nash, the southern agent of D. Appleton and Company.

Prominent in the years from 1876 on are letters from Caspar Buberl, the New York Sculptor, who was associated with Elder in the creation of the bronze monument "Appomattox," which was erected at Alexandria, Va.

Elder, John Adams

6

For further information on Elder, see the
William and Mary College Quarterly Magazine,
XXIV (1915), 213-214.

1089-1091

C

Elder, John D.

Account Books, 1848-1860

Fredericksburg, Spotsylvania Co., Va.

5-27-43

3 vols.

(See also bound
vol. cards)

Chapel

L-1089

Elder, John D.

Account Book, 1848-1849.

Fredericksburg, Va.

110 pp. Board 31x20cm.

Records of a boot maker.

GUIDE

MAY 27 1943

Chapel

F- 1090
✓

Elder, John D.

Account Book, 1855-1858.

Fredericksburg, Va.

361 pp. Leather 34x21cm.

Records of a boot maker.

GUIDE

MAY 27 1943

Chapel

F-1091

c

Elder, John D.

Account Book, 1858-1860

Fredericksburg, Va.

450 pp. Leather 34x21cm.

Records of a boot maker.

GUIDE

MAY 27 1943

Eldorado Cotton Mills Papers

See William Alexander Smith Papers

Elholm, Augustus C

George

C

Letters. 1793-1794

Washington, Georgia

. Section A

11 pieces

JAN 30 1935

ELHOLM, Augustus C George. Letters. 1793-
1794. Historical Sketch. Washington, Ga.

Elholm was a Revolutionary soldier, and at this time was adjutant general, apparently in charge of militia. He seems to be concerned with defense of the Georgia frontier, and these letters deal with reports, rations, arms, and general administration of the frontier defense forces.

ELHOLM, Augustus C **George**
Letters. 1793-1794. **Washington, Ga.**

GEORGIA AFTER REVOLUTION

46. GEORGIA. Military and Civil Administration. Augustus C. Geo. Elholm, Adjutant General, A series of 11 letters, Folio, 19 closely written pages, all address leaves to Governor Telfair and George Mathews present. 1793 to 1794. Written from the various forts and trading posts, advising the governor of conditions among settlers, Indians and the Military Forces. Advising the Governor in many cases what to do. These letters afford a good picture of the times in Washington, Wilkes Co., Saint Mary, Augusta, etc, etc. In fine condition. 27.50.

JAN 30 1935

Eliot, Charles William

Papers, 1884-1910

Cambridge, Middlesex Co., Mass.

Section A

3 items

12-7-73

Eliot, Charles William. Papers. Cambridge,
Middlesex Co., Mass.

This correspondence by Charles W. Eliot, President of Harvard (1869-1909), begins with a letter to Dr. Sereno Watson, accepting his resignation as instructor in phytography if he will not reconsider and remain in that position at Harvard. The second letter concerns a speaking engagement by Eliot in 1893 at the University Club. In the third letter he declines to Edward A. Filene an invitation to be a judge for

Eliot, Charles William

2

awarding medals for extraordinary service to Boston since he is not a citizen of that city or a representative of any of its institutions.

Elks, Benevolent and Protective Order of.
Durham, N. C. Lodge No. 568

Papers, 1900-1912

Durham, Durham County, North Carolina

XVIII-A

3 volumes

3-24-69

Elks, Benevolent and Protective Order of.
Durham, N. C. Lodge No. 568. Papers. Durham,
Durham County, North Carolina

The records of Durham Lodge, No. 568, consist of: Question Book, 1900-1905; Question Book, 1905-1912; and the Time Dimit Book, 1903-1911. The Question Books include the names, ages, and occupations of local residents.

Ellenborough, Edward Law, First Baron

See Law, Edward, First Baron Ellenborough

Ellenborough, Edward Law, First Earl of

See Law, Edward, First Earl of Ellenborough

Ellet, Alfred Washington

NUCMC

Papers, 1759-1870

Bunker Hill, Macoupin Co., Illinois

8-A

135 items & 1 vol.

5-14-70

Ellet, Alfred Washington. Papers. Bunker Hill,
Macoupin Co., Illinois

Alfred Washington Ellet was the brother of Charles Ellet, Jr., a civil engineer, early exponent and designer of suspension bridges, and the earliest advocate of rams for military use in the Civil War. Alfred Washington Ellet became commander of the Union ram fleet designed by his brother after Charles Ellet's death in 1862.

The bulk of the correspondence in this

Ellet, Alfred Washington

2

collection is from the 1850's. There are numerous letters of Mary Israel Ellet to her sons Alfred and Edward Carpenter Ellet in Illinois. Mary Ellet writes from Philadelphia about friends and family there, occasionally mentioning politics or her son Charles' engineering career, as in her letter of August 2, 1855, when she discusses his designing the bridge at Niagara Falls.

Charles Ellet writes to his brother Alfred concerning his purchase of land warrants in

Ellet, Alfred Washington

3

Illinois. Alfred acts as his brother's agent in his land speculation ventures. Charles also outlines plans for loaning money to small farmers whose lands are contiguous with his own.

There is little correspondence in the Civil War period. In 1865 correspondence between Sherard Clemens and Alfred Ellet carries some vague hints of misconduct on Clemens' part (June 12, 1865).

In 1866, Edward Carpenter Ellet, the son of Alfred Ellet, goes to Mississippi to work a

Ellet, Alfred Washington

4

plantation near Yazoo City. His letters and those of his partner contain comments on agricultural conditions, the political sentiment in their neighborhood, Negro labor, and their feelings toward their Southern neighbors.

The writings in this collection make up for the scarcity of Civil War correspondence. There are sketches of the lives and military careers of Charles Ellet, Jr. and Alfred W. Ellet. A manuscript, "Charles Ellet, Jr. and his Steam Rams," describes his advocacy and

Ellet, Alfred Washington

5

invention of the ram for military use and describes the action of the ram fleet in several important battles. There is a description of the battle at Memphis where Charles Ellet was mortally wounded.

The legal papers contain some early items that include an indenture dated 1759 and a record of the marriage ceremony of Hannah Erwin and Israel Israel, the parents of Mary Israel Ellet.

The one volume is a family record containing

Ellet, Alfred Washington

6

genealogy of the Lloyd and Carpenter families from whom Alfred Ellet was descended.

Further information on the Ellet family is found in Mary (Israel) Ellet, The Memoirs of Mary Israel Ellet, (1780-1870).

Ellett, William

Arithmetic, 1761

King William County (?), Virginia

Dalton
Cab. ~~87~~ 13

11-5-33

Ellett, William Arithmetic, 1761: King
William County (?), Virginia

A letter attached to the inside back cover of the volume is a modern letter from B. F. Carpenter, who speculated about Ellett's life. Carpenter also mentioned the existence of a manuscript work on surveying by Ellett.

Carpenter thought that Ellett was originally from Virginia but later lived in North Carolina. Ellett may have lived in King William County, Virginia. A William Ellett with 300 acres appears on a list of land taxed in that county

Ellett, William

2

in 1782; see the William and Mary Quarterly, Series II, Vol. VI, No. 4 (Oct., 1926), p. 327. His name also appeared among petitioners in that county in 1794; see the Calendar of Virginia State Papers, Vol. VII, p. 176.

This volume is especially interesting because of its comprehensiveness and its dating from the mid-18th century. It includes tables of antique weights and measures as well as problems utilizing them. There is a section of problems that illustrates how artisans in the building trades computed work; it includes:

Ellett, William

3

carpenter's work, partitioning, roofing, brick work, walling, chimneys, plasterer's work, joyner's work, painter's work, and glazier's work.

ELLINGTON, L. S.

C

Papers, 1866-1868

Griffin, Georgia.

Section A

2 items

2-14-51

GUIDE

Ellington, L. S. Papers. Griffin, Georgia.
2 items Cab. 3.

Letters of a "Radical" Republican during
Reconstruction in Georgia. Describes activities
of the Ku Klux Klan.

Ellingwood, N. Dane

Papers, 1838-1843

New York, N.Y.

Section A

14 items

12-6-57

ELLINGWOOD, N. Dane. Papers, 1838-1843. 14
items. New York, N.Y. Sketch.

This collection consists chiefly of routine
business items pertaining to N. Dane Ellingwood.

Elliot, Gilbert, First Earl of Minto

Papers, 1793-1807

Minto House, Roxburghshire, Scotland

18-E .

1 item

2 items added, 9-23-70

3-14-68

Elliot, Gilbert, First Earl of Minto. Papers,
1793. Minto House, Roxburghshire, Scotland

Gilbert Elliot, First Earl of Minto (1751-1814), was Governor General of India, 1807-1813. He was civil commissioner at Toulon during the British occupation of 1793 and Viceroy of Corsica, 1794-1796. His twelve-page letter of Dec. 21, 1793, was an explanation of the British withdrawal from Toulon in which the Spanish and Neapolitan troops were severely criticized. The Toulon refugees were also discussed.

The addressee was probably Henry Dundas,

Elliot, Gilbert, 1st Earl of Minto.

2

later First Viscount Melville, who was treasurer of the navy and president of the Board of Control. The recipient's notations on page sixteen resemble those on manuscripts of January 1794, in the Dundas Papers that were obtained from the same dealer.

2 items added, 9-23-70: Lady Minto's letter of June 7, 1807, about a large sum of money held in trust for her and her children by Sir George Cornewall and Lord Auckland. Also a note, Jan. 16, 1800, from Lord Minto to the Comte d'Antraigues.

Elliot, Sir Henry Miers

NUCMC

Papers, 1827-1858

Calcutta, India

18-F

73 items

10-15-70

Microfilm copy also available

**Elliot, Sir Henry Miers. Papers. Calcutta,
India**

Sir Henry Miers Elliot (1808-1853), British civil servant in India and historian, served as: assistant successively to the collector of Bareilli, the political agent at Delhi, and the collector of the southern division of Muradabad; secretary to the Sudder Board of Revenue for the North-West Provinces; and (1847) secretary to the governor general in council for the foreign department. Illness prevented

Elliot, Sir Henry Miers.

2

further advancement in the government and caused his death at Capetown in 1853. He had been in India since 1827.

There are thirty-nine letters, 1840-1853, from Elliot to his son Henry Lettsom Elliot while the latter was attending several preparatory schools in England, those of Miss Berry and Edward Wickham in the early 1840's and afterward the Winchester School. There is considerable comment about the Winchester School, 1844-1851. Elliot wrote about his son's education and also reflected upon his own

Elliot, Sir Henry Miers

3

student days there. His letter of April 20, 1850, has a reference to a student riot in 1817 which was prompted by recent events of a similar nature. There are letters from the headmaster, David Williams, in 1827 and 1844. The letters include occasional information about Elliot's career and events in India.

Manuscripts and topics about Indian affairs include: documents about Elliot's education for Indian service, 1827-1828, and about his appointments and assignments, 1829 and 1834-1836; revenue department operations and settle-

Elliot, Sir Henry Miers.

4

ment proceedings in Meerut(1834-1835); Thomas Campbell Robertson's letter in 1838 about the need for Mr. Cowell, apparently Elliot's father-in-law, to retire and the service's lack of provision for such people; Henry Smith Boulderson's letter of 1842 about revenue matters and about living expenses in England; James Thomason's letter of 1843 about the staffing and work of the revenue administration, Boulderson, Lord Ellenborough, and Sir Robert Hamilton; Frederic Walter Simms's visit to study the

Elliot, Sir Henry Miers

5

possibility of building railroads (Feb. 19, 1846); letter of Aug. 21, 1850, about the Gwalior Regency written by George Alexander Bushby, the political agent there; Lord Dalhousie's letters about the Indore Regency (Aug. 23, 1850), the Gwalior Regency (Aug. 31, 1850), relations with the Punjab (Sept. 10, 1850), and salary increases for personnel in the Punjab (Feb. 27, 1852); and the war in the Punjab (Feb. 21, and April 20, 1849).

The Oxford Movement was discussed by the Rev. David Williams on July 20, 1844.

Elliot, Sir Henry Miers

6

Five letters, 1829-1847, of Elliot's brother, John Lettsom Elliot, concerned the settlement of their father's estate.

These papers are available on microfilm. Their arrangement on the film is not strictly chronological, because the two lots were photographed as they came from Sotheby's and before they were cataloged. A positive copy of this film is available at the British Museum.

MICROFILM

MANUSCRIPTS

Elliot, Sir Henry Miers

Papers, 1827-1858

Calcutta, India

1 reel

Negative

**The Sir Henry Miers Elliot Papers, Manuscript
Department, Duke University Library**

10-15-70

Elliot, Sir Henry Miers. Papers. Calcutta,
India

For information about the contents of this microfilm, see the description of the manuscripts.

The arrangement on the film is not strictly chronological, because the photographing was made of the two lots as they came from Sotheby's and before they were cataloged. A positive copy of this film is available at the British Museum.

M-5322^c

Elliott, Benjamin, Sr.

Addresses, 1813-1861

Charleston, Charleston County, S. C.

150 pp.

Leather

25 x 19 cm.

These addresses were placed in this volume, which has Wm. S. Elliott's name on the spine, long after they were delivered. They include an address for July 4, 1817, one before the
(over)

D.S.

Elliott, Benjamin P.

Letters. 1885-1886

New Salem, Randolph Co. , North Carolina

Cab. 97 one box 177 pieces.
2-14-51 2 items added
179 "

OCT 8 1940

Elliott, Benjamin P. Letters. 1839-1886
New Salem, Randolph County, North Carolina.
177 pieces. Sketch.

These letters, stretching through a complete family generation, deal with five interesting phases of Southern history.

1. Earliest foundations of Duke University
2. Gold mining in North Carolina
3. The Civil War
4. Reconstruction
5. The Economic Growth of North Carolina

Of minor interest are letters on politics and homespun philosophy.

Elliott, Benjamin P.

Sketch.

2.

* 1. In close friendship with Brantley York and Braxton Craven; were John S. Brown and R.H. Brown; Both Browns were related to the Elliott family; John had been a former school-mate of Benjamin Elliott. When Braxton Craven's publication "The Southern Index" became the literary paper "Evergreen", R.H. Brown became its publisher. There are about ten of these letters dated between 1839 and 1852.

* 2. The letters dealing with North Carolina gold mining are written by and to Benjamin Elliott when he was a storekeeper in proximity to the gold region. They are, however, few in number.

Elliott, Benjamin P.

Sketch.

3.

*3. The Civil War receives fuller treatment. Letters to Benjamin Elliott, the former storekeeper now practicing medicine in Floyd County, Virginia, are filled with comment on the war. First mention of the impending struggle is in a letter of Dec. 15, 1850 which speaks of the "fanatical north" and abolition, written by James Elliott in New Salem. From William Elliott of Wilmington come letters which are full of Southern fervor and pride. The long seige of Charleston by the Union forces is described in detail; a mention of Jefferson Davis surveying border fortifications in Charleston Harbor during the seige is interesting.

Elliott, Benjamin P.

Sketch.

4.

The three Elliott brothers, Benjamin, William, and Joseph all saw service in the Confederate army.

* 4. The period of Southern reconstruction is fully described in letters from William. At Wilmington before the war, William was a part owner of a steamship line on the Cape Fear River; in the immediate months after the Confederate surrender he was reduced to peddling. A twelve page letter of April 6, 1866 is perhaps the most interesting in the collection. It is concerned with Sherman's march of destruction

Elliott, Benjamin P.

Sketch.

5.

which passed through Fayetteville where William's home and family were located, and of the after effects that followed.

Trying to escape the war's aftermath, William and his family journeyed by wagon to Florida. In a few letters from Gainesville ~~past-~~ Bellum Florida receives some treatment. James Elliott at New Salem contributed letters from that section of North Carolina during the Reconstruction period.

Several of Benjamin's northern friends, who were former school mates, renew correspondence as early as 1866 and present the Northern

Elliott, Benjamin P.

Sketch

6.

views on Reconstruction.

5. The economic growth of North Carolina before the war is apparent in many of the letters. The growth of plank roads is recorded, railroads are mentioned, the thriving prosperity of the seaport, Wilmington, is described, and river navigation is touched upon.

A long series of letters between Benjamin Elliott, when a storekeeper, and his backer, J. Worth in Asheboro, North Carolina, are concerned mainly with commodities and their prices before the war. ~~Worth~~ Agricultural matters, ^{are} gone into by James Elliott.

Elliott, Benjamin P. Sketch 7.

Minor matters in the collection include: Northern Cotton Mills in letters from William Branson; presidential campaigns in 1840 and 1864 and other political matters.

The Elliott family;- James Elliott was a farmer-philosopher of New Salem, North Carolina. His first wife bore three children, Benjamin, William, and Joseph. She was twenty-one years his elder. When she died, James married again. He lived to be eighty years old. His last years were lived in poverty.

Of the children: Benjamin received a college education and a year of medical training

Elliott, Benjamin P. Sketch 8.

at the University of Pennsylvania. He was a schoolteacher, storekeeper, and doctor, in that order, in Floyd County, Virginia. He also held a political office in Floyd Court House, Virginia. Married twice, Benjamin was the father of five children.

William, four years younger, was perhaps the most successful of the family. After farming and storekeeping he became part owner of a steamship line which plied between Fayetteville and Wilmington on the Cape Fear River. Ruined by the war he went to Florida in 1867 and again achieved success in trade. William's children were two girls and a boy.

Elliott, Benjamin P. Sketch 9.

Joseph, the youngest brother, stayed at New Salem on his father's farm until the war. He enlisted and died at Richmond in 1863.

---End---

MSS.

x

Elliott, George Augustus.

Papers, 1849-1856 and n.d.

6 items.

British Army officer.

Diary of Elliott, a captain in the Eighteenth Royal Irish Regiment, and loose items. Brief diary entries give an account of Elliott's voyage in 1849 from England to India and his service there. Entries beginning in 1852 describe the Second Burmese War: the taking of Martaban and Prome and the pursuit of the Burmese. Entries beginning in 1854 chiefly detail conditions in the Crimea at the end of the Crimean War.

In 1856 Elliott recounted his travels in the Crimea with a party of British officers before

NcD 02 JAN 90 20836333 NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

x

Elliott, George Augustus.

(Card 2)

Papers, ...
embarking for England on June 20.
Included are the names and regiment of
those with whom he came into contact
and those who were killed or wounded,
but there are gaps in entries. Loose
items, and a few diary pages, pertain
to ciphers and codes. Included is a
1852 pencil drawing of the Shouey Dagon
Pagoda.

1. Burmese War, 1852. 2. Ciphers.
3. Crimean War, 1853-1856. 4. Great
Britain. Army--Officers--Diaries. 5.
Great Britain. Army. Royal Irish
Regiment, 18th. 6. India--History--
British occupation, 1765-1947. 7.
Pagodas--Burma.

NcD

02 JAN 90

20836333

NDHYme

Elliott, John (1773-1827)

Papers, 1821

Washington, D. C.

Section A

1 item

7-30-59

Elliott, John (1773-1827). Papers, 1821.
Washington, D. C. 1 item. Sketch.

A business letter of Feb. 7, 1821, by John
Elliott (1773-1827), U. S. Senator from Ga.
(1819-1825), discussing a bill on Indian affairs.

ELLIOTT, Stephen

Letters, 1808-1863

Hertford, Perquimans Co, N.C.

1 box Cab. 95

Nov. 5, 1933

GUIDE

2-13-51 99pieces
16 "

115 "

Elliott, Stephen 1808-1863
Hertford, N.C. Letters

115 Sketch
99 pieces

Elliott was a merchant in Hertford, N.C. He also had connections in Norfolk, Va. The correspondence deals with both business and family matters, and is valuable as an indication of price levels at that period.

16 items added 2-13-51.

Content similar to above. Contains ALS of Kenneth Rayner, U.S. Rep. from North Carolina. 1839-45.

Elliott, Stephen

2

Accounts for various members of the Elliott family appear in the Anonymous Ledger, 1794-1800, from Perquimans County, North Carolina.

C
Elliott, Thomas J.

Letters. 1862-18645

Chesterfield County, Virginia

Section A

38 pieces

APR 9 1935

Elloitt, Thomas J. MSS. 1862-1864
Virginia

The collection contains Civil War letters. The letters are addressed to his wife, and mention his concern for their welfare, his experiences, comment on food supply, camp life, troop movements, etc. Elliott was a man of limited education.

Elliott, Thomas P.

Letters. 1834-1872.

Northampton County, North Carolina

Section A

12 pieces

NOV 5 1933

3 items added, 1-20-65

MAR 29 1934

Elliott, Thomas P. Papers, 1834-1872.
Northampton County, North Carolina

The letters contain descriptions of a ride on a train in 1834, of school life at Westtown Seminary, and of a trip to the Middle West.

3 items added, 1-20-65, are business letters addressed to Thomas P. and Wm. H. Elliott, and an inquiry from Wm. H. Elliott about an obituary of Thomas H. Bythe of San Francisco.

D.S.

Elliott, Thomas Rhett Smith

Papers, 1785-1891

Beaufort, Beaufort Co., and Charleston,
Charleston Co., South Carolina

Cab. 45

98 items

10 items added, 2-13-51

3-10-39

ELLIOTT, Thomas Rhett Smith. Letters and Papers
1785-1891. Beaufort & Charleston, South Caro-
lina. 98 pieces. Sketch.

The earliest papers in this collection are deeds, dated 1785 and 1802, recording the transfer of land in S. C. to William Skirving, Esq.

The remainder of the collection is largely composed of the correspondence of the family of T.R.S. Elliott, a rice planter who owned various estates, among them Oak Lawn, Bethel, and Millville, in the vicinity of Charleston and Beaufort. Thomas (b. 1819) married Mary Cuthbert ca 1838; they had thirteen children. By 1867 the

ELLIOTT, Thomas Rhett Smith. Sketch. (2)

parents were entirely estranged, apparently as the result of long and bitter disagreement, brought into focus by the financial difficulties of the Reconstruction period.

The oldest son, William, seems to have fought in the Civil War his brother, Thomas R.S., Jr., engaged in blockade running, was captured on the first trip. He was released, but died of yellow fever at Nassau. Phoebe and Ann, the oldest daughters, attended the Ursuline Convent, Valle Crucis, at Columbia, S.C. before or during the War. When the Yankees threatened the Charleston

ELLIOTT, Thomas Rhett Smith. Sketch. (3)

locality, the girls were sent to stay with their grandparents who lived in a safer sector. After the war Ann went off to various convents as pupil, teacher, or guest; one of these was the Sacred Hearts convent in Wheeling. Phoebe stayed at home for the most part.

Of the younger brothers, James, Alfred, Ralph, and Arthur were attending Georgetown College in 1867. It is not clear whether they finished college, or just what vocations they selected. Arthur may have become a clergyman. Mrs. Elliott moved north, ca.1870, and took up residence in

ELLIOTT? Thomas Rhett Smith. Sketch. (4)

Washington. Her younger daughters, Mary Montrose and Isabel, attended a Georgetown convent school. William remained in South Carolina with his father. They continued to plant their estates throughout the Reconstruction period, struggling along against difficulties, producing rice and smaller crops. There is no record of the father's death. William seems to have been rather successful, and to have engaged in politics; the speech at the commencement of the Port Royal Dry Dock, was delivered by the Honorable William Elliott, 1891.

ELLIOTT, Thomas Rhett Smith. Sketch. (5)

The collection contains letters from a William Heyward and his son, Guerard Heyward, who spent more than two years in the Federal prison on Johnson's Island (See Feb. 16, 1865).

This collection is interesting because of the chance lights it throws on the attitudes and problems of Southerners during and after the War

ELLIOTT, Thomas Rhett Smith GUIDE (6)

16 items added 2-14-51. Describe a British blockade runner in Charleston during Civil War; problems of land tenure near Beaufort as efforts were made to dispossess the Negro occupants. In general these contain same type information as the older collection.

Ellis, Charles

See Munford-Ellis Family

ELLIS, H.

Papers, 1861

C

Palmyra, Missouri

Section A

1 item

2-22-51

GUIDE

Ellis, H. Papers, 1861. Palmyra, Missouri.

1 item.

Cab. 3.

Letter showing divided sentiment and reaction
to the outbreak of the Civil War in Palmyra,
Missouri.

Ellis, Henry

Papers, 1757-1760

Savannah, Chatham Co., Ga.

Section A 6-9-52

5 items

3 items added, 1-2-68

Ellis, Henry. Papers, 1757-1760
Savannah, Ga. 5 items. Sketch

Henry Ellis (1721-1806) was the son of Francis and Joan (Maxwell) Ellis of England. He studied law in the Temple, but later devoted himself to scientific and geographical research. He was appointed governor of Ga. and assumed his duties there on Feb. 16, 1757. On account of ill health he resigned that position in 1760 and returned to England.

This collection consists largely of documents signed by Henry Ellis as governor of Ga.

Ellis, Henry

2

3 items added, 1-2-68: Warrants whereby Governor Ellis ordered certain tracts to be surveyed (1759-1760).

Ellis, James E.

Papers, 1935

Santa Maria, Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil

Section A

3 items

5-20-60

Ellis, James E. Papers. Santa Maria, Rio
Grande do Sul, Brazil

James E. Ellis was executive secretary of a committee on Christian education in the Methodist Church of Brazil. In response to an inquiry from someone at the Duke University Divinity School, possibly a student, he wrote a letter in which he enclosed several pamphlets on his church, a translation of its constitution, and notes on its structure and publications. The pamphlets and others which he stated he

Ellis, James E.

2

would send at some future date are not included in this collection. The letter, dated October 25, 1935, also includes favorable comments on the Methodist bishop of Brazil, Cesar Dacorso Filho.

Ellis, James Nimmo

See Munford-Ellis Family

Ellis, Jeremian B.

Papers, 1844-1888

Fulton, Davie Co., N. C.

Section A

103 items

7-29-54

(See also bound vol. cards)

GUIDE

Ellis, Jeremiah B. Papers, 1844-1888. Fulton,
Davie Co., N. C. Sketch 1

This collection is made up almost entirely of assorted business papers of J. B. Ellis and other members of the Ellis family. There is a ledger of a general store covering the period from 1852-1888.

A school record of Shady Grove, N. C., in 1844 gives pupils, attendance, and some grades. There is a contract in 1849 for the distilling of corn. Another distilling item is a printed "Notice to Distillers of Spirits" from the Collector's Office, 8th District, N. C., in 1868.

Ellis, Jeremiah B.

F- 6390
✓

Ledger, 1852-1888

Fulton, Davie County, N.C.

350pp. Calf 33 x 19½ cm.

3-4-61

Ellis, John R.

Papers, 1862-1863

Racine, Racine County, Wisconsin

Section A

3 items

7-10-84

Ellis, John R. Papers. Racine, Racine County,
Wisconsin

John R. Ellis was an infantryman in Co. F, 22nd Wisconsin Volunteers during the Civil War. He was of Welsh descent, and the 22nd Regiment was largely composed of Welshmen residents in Wisconsin.

The collection includes one letter dated Dec. 10, 1862, from John R. Ellis to Miss Ellen Pritchard. In the letter he indicates

Ellis, John R.

2

he has sent a "likeness" of himself to her. Also included is a small unidentified diary in Welsh with entries from Aug. 13, 1862, to March 12, 1863. There are 71 written pages in the diary, but six pages are missing. The six pages missing cover the time period Jan. 28 through Feb. 6, 1863. The handwriting is the same for the letter and the diary. A type-written translation of the diary accompanies the collection. It is thirteen pages in length.

Ellis, John R.

3

The diary is a detailed portrait of regimental life. The entries begin with Ellis enlisting for service on Aug. 13, 1862, in Racine, Wisconsin and ends on March 12, 1863, at Brentwood, Tenn. During the course of the diary, Ellis does not participate in any battles or skirmishes, but he does describe the countryside near Covington, Ky., where fighting has taken place. In two instances, he mentions traveling by campsites where Confederate

Ellis, John R.

4

soldiers have been. At one of these sites, Camp Dick Robinson in Garrard Co., Ky, he describes how on Dec. 12, 1862, his company secures supplies left by the troops for themselves. Among the items mentioned are cannons and barrels of pork. He mentions the names of several men who died and of one desertion. In one of the last entries, March 6, 1863, he says he heard his regiment has been taken as prisoners with the exception of 150, together with nearly all of the Brigade. The

Ellis, John R.

5

entries end before we know if this is true. From Racine, Wisc. in Aug., 1862, Ellis's company travels by rail to Cincinnati (nicknamed the Queen City). He gives a good description of traveling on the railroad and how well the civilian people at the railway stations receive them. After his company disembarks from the train in Cincinnati, it is on foot, usually traveling from one campsite or town to another.

Ellis, John R.

6

From Cincinnati they begin their march to: Covington, Ky., Sept. 22, 1862; Camp Bloodgood, Ky., Sept. 24, 1862; Camp Smith, Ky., Oct. 9, 1862; Camp Wells, Williamstown, Ky., Oct. 11, 1862; Georgetown, Ky., Oct. 21, 1862; Lexington, Ky., Oct. 24, 1862; Camp Grainger, Ky., Oct. 30, 1862; Camp Coburn, Nicholasville, Ky., Nov. 23, 1862; Danville, Ky., Dec. 13, 1862; Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 7, 1863 and finally Brentwood, Tenn., March 2, 1863.

Ellis, John R.

7

There are recurring topics in the entries. Writing and receiving letters seems to be a favorite past time. There are many references to and descriptions of the weather. He talks of worshipping on the Sabbath and sometimes attending prayer meeting services on Sunday evenings. Ellis writes of repetitious chores such as company, regiment and batallion drills and guard and picket duty. He describes the conditions of the roads the company has to

Ellis, John R.

8

travel on and the establishment of new campsites. He mentions seeing prisoners along the marches and other troops. He also talks often of his company either joining or being joined by other troops in their marches. For the most part, he discusses the senior commanders in only the briefest way. He does mention Col. Swane, acting Brigadier General of the 100th Ohio Regiment. Ellis's company had joined this regiment for a time. Ellis

Ellis, John R.

9

describes Swane as conceited and having a bombastic style. He speaks of two instances in which property was confiscated.

The importance of the railroad in the Civil War is illustrated throughout the entries. Transporting the wounded and the prisoners of war, as well as the troops ready for combat are noted. One is also reminded of the importance of defending railroad depots and bridges.

Ellis, John R.

10

Three unexpected items are reported in the entries. One occurs on Oct. 8, 1862, while the company is marching through Kentucky. Ellis reports reaching the Canton (sic Kenton) County Fair Ground. He describes what he calls a "most beautiful building" presumably one that has been used to hold exhibitions. On Nov. 4, 1862, he says he voted, and voted for the Democratic ticket. On Jan. 1, 1863, he describes attending a Mule Race in Danville, Ky.

MSS.

SHELF
LOCATION:

4-F

Ellis, John S., fl. 1812.

Ledger, 1811-1813.

1 item.

Merchant, Richmond, Virginia.

Accounts of a general store.

Customers include several free blacks.

1. General stores--Virginia.
2. Richmond (Va.)--Commerce.
3. Freedmen--Virginia.

NcD

07 JUL 87

16141953

NDHYme

ELLIS, John Willis

C

Papers, 1852-60

Raleigh, N. C.

Section A

3 items

4-12-51

GUIDE

Ellis, John Willis. Papers, 1860. Raleigh, N. C.
5 items. Cab. 3.

Letters of Ellis, Governor of North Carolina, (1859-1861), concerning a proposal to Governor John Letcher of Virginia to resurvey the Virginia-North Carolina boundary; and a plan to divert all Southern trade to the port of Baltimore. Document signed by Governor David S. Reid giving Ellis power of attorney for the state of North Carolina in a law case about land in Tennessee.

ELLIS, Lemuel

C

Papers, 1852-1889

Chatham County, N. C.

Section A

55 items & 2 b.v.

2-16-51

GUIDE

(See also bound
vol. cards)

Ellis, Lemuel..Papers, 1852-1889. Chatham County
North Carolina. 55 items & 2 b.v. Cab.3.

Letters and business papers of a general merchant and justice of the peace containing correspondence with brothers in Fayetteville, North Carolina, and Darlington, S. C. in the 1850's; ledgers of a general store, 1857-1863; and court records, warrants, orders, case accounts, etc. in the 1870's and 1880.

Ellis, Lemuel

L- 6388 ✓

Ledger (general store), 1858

New Hope Township, Chatham County, N.C.

109pp. Boards 19 x 31 cm.

2-16-51

Ellis, Lemuel

L-6388 ✓

Ledger, 1859-1863

New Hope Township, Chatham County, N.C.

189pp. Boards 19 x 31 cm.

2-16-51

Ellis, Thomas Harding

See Munford-Ellis Family

MSS.

2nd 14:C Ellis-Allan family papers, 1810-1835.

88 items.

Richmond, Va. residents.

Collection consists of photocopies of items from the Ellis-Allan Papers in the Manuscript Division of the Library of Congress. There are primarily business letters of the mercantile firm of Ellis and Allan, which employed a number of relations as representatives.

Edgar Allen Poe is mentioned in a few later items, and there is a copy of one Poe letter in 1835.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accession records.

*lcs

I. Ellis family. II. Allan family. III. Poe, Edgar Allan, 1809-1849. I V. Title

NcD

23 APR 97

36791059

NDHYme

MSS.

6th 22:C Ellis-Call family papers, 1783-1928.

509 items.

**Wilkesboro (Wilkes Co.), N.C.
residents.**

Collection consists mostly of family letters and receipts. About 150 items are Civil War letters from the two families, who are believed to be related to John Ellis, Governor of N.C. in 1861. A 1783 land grant is included as well as an 1864 letter to William H. Ellis from his cousin, T.C. Call, containing a piece of a flag taken from the house of Frank Blair, Washington City.

Unprocessed collection. Cataloged from accession records.

***lcs**

NcD

23 APR 97

36791065

NDHYme SEE NEXT CRD

MSS.

6th 22:C Ellis-Call family papers, 1783-1928.
... (Card 2)

I. Ellis family. II. Call family.
III. Call, T.C. IV. Title

NcD

23 APR 97

36791065

NDHYme

Ellison, John

FOR INFORMATION ABOUT THIS COLLECTION OR
ADDITIONS TO THIS COLLECTION, PLEASE ASK
A STAFF MEMBER TO CONSULT THE ACCESSION
RECORDS.

Elliston, Robert William

Papers, 1815

London, England

XVIII-E

1 item

4-4-67

Elliston, Robert William. Papers, 1815.
London, England

Robert William Elliston (1774-1831), British actor, married Elizabeth Rundall in 1796; see the Gentleman's Magazine, Vol. 66, Pt. 1, p. 523. A letter from Mrs. H. Rundall at Madras on Jan. 3, 1815, to her "sister" is probably addressed to Mrs. Elliston, for it closes with compliments to Mr. Elliston. A brother of Mrs. Elliston is noted but unidentified in George Raymond, The Life and Enterprises of Robert William Elliston, Comedian (London, 1857), p.26.

Elliston, Robert William

2

There are apparent references to the Rundalls in early issues of the Asiatic Journal. The letter concerns personal and family matters.

Ellsworth, Henry Leavitt

C

Papers, 1843

Washington, D. C.

Section A

1 item

10-21-59

Ellsworth, Henry Leavitt. Papers, 1843. Washington, D. C. 1 item. Sketch.

Henry Leavitt Ellsworth (1791-1858) was a businessman, agriculturalist, and government official. He served as U. S. Commissioner of Patents from 1835 to 1845. The item in this collection is a true copy of the patent office record of a patent on cooking stoves, together with copies of allied papers in the same document.

Originally this collection was a part of the William Worth Belknap collection, in this dept.

Ellwood, Charles Abram

See Duke University Archives

Elm Factory

See Green, Duff

MSS.

Elmer, Edith.
Diary, 1882-1886.

SHELF
LOCATION:

Cab. 66

1 item.
Diary (82 pp.) of an adolescent girl living at the U.S. Naval Academy in Annapolis, where her father, Horace Elmer, was an instructor. Records her daily activities and observations, some of which pertain to the Academy itself.

1. Adolescent girls--Maryland--Annapolis--Social life and customs.
2. United States Naval Academy. 3.
Genre: Diaries--Adolescent girls. 1.
Place: Maryland--Anne Arundel County--Annapolis.

NcD

07 OCT 87

16821974

NDHYme

Treasure Room

F. 1104

Elmore Insurance Company.

✓

Cash Book. 1860-1867.

Charleston, South Carolina

402p.

Calif.

28 x 41 cm.

DEC 13 1939

Chapel

L- 1105

Elsey, George W. et als.

Criminal Docket of a Trial Justice,
1909 - 1922.

Ravenel, S.C.

52 pp.

Boards 32x25 cm.

Records of a justice of the peace.

JUL 3 1941